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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 191 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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Chandernagore To Join India On August 15

DE FACTO TRANSFER

French Interests To Be Safeguarded

LEVI DISCUSSES PROCEDURE WITH DELHI OFFICIALS

PARIS, August 11 (PTI-Reuter).

CHANDERNAGORE will join the Indian Union next Monday, the Indian Independence Day, a Foreign Office spokesman said today. He confirmed that August 15 was the date fixed for the "de facto" transfer, two months after a referendum to decide Chandernagore's future status.

The French Ambassador, M. Daniel Levi, was discussing with the Government of India representatives in New Delhi the transfer procedure and the terms of a French Indian treaty giving constitutional effect to the hand over. Similar talks were under way between the French and West Bengal Government officials in Chandernagore.

TREATY RATIFICATION

The treaty, which requires Parliamentary ratification under the French constitution, will safeguard French interests in the territory.

It is also expected to lay down procedure for dealing with all judicial cases affecting inhabitants of Chandernagore at the time of the transfer. Administration will be speedily taken over by Indian officials, according to semi-official sources. Bengal Police will join the French Police in the territory next Monday, these sources added.

Officials of the French Foreign Office and Overseas Ministry said to-day that the Government hoped by a smooth and rapid transfer to consolidate friendly relations with India.

NO DIRECTIVE RECEIVED

CHANDERNAGORE:—Mons Tailleur, Administrator of Chandernagore, told the PTI today that he had received no official communication fixing any date for the transference of the city to India.

He was referring to a press report from Paris quoting a Foreign Office spokesman that the transfer would take place before August 15.

Mons Tailleur, however, said that he believed in a speedy solution of the merger question. "This can safely be expected now that the Overseas Ministry has taken up the matter in right earnest", he added.

Like Mr. Deban Dash, the President of the Administrative Council, the Administrator felt satisfaction at "the proper action taken by his Government in handing over the charge of the Police Department to the Council of Administration, with powers to invoke collaboration from the West Bengal Government in maintaining law and order."

Clarifying the point, Mons Tailleur said that the Department of Police in Chandernagore was controlled under three distinct categories, namely, judicial, administrative, and municipal. Judiciary, known as the tribunal, was independent of the local administration under the Constitution, he said.

ARMS EMBARGO LIFTED

LAKE SUCCESS, August 11 (U.P.A.): The United Nations Security Council today voted to lift the embargo on arms shipments to the Near East.

JAMSHEDPUR SHYLOCKS

JAMSHEDPUR, Aug. 11 (PTI).—Sweepers in the steel town of Jamshedpur every year pay money-lenders about Rupees three lakhs by way of interest alone.

This was revealed by Mr. K. P. N. Nair, Secretary of the Singhbhum Harijan Sevak Sangh, in a statement on the "pernicious habit of drinking", which was one of the causes of heavy indebtedness of the sweepers and other sections of the Harijan community.

Mr. Nair said the money lending business was a "challenge to the Government and labour leaders."

New Port Not Selected

NEW DELHI, August 11.

Reports have appeared in a section of the Press to the effect that the Government of India have taken a decision as regards the siting of a new major port on the West Coast of India. These reports are without foundation. The recommendations of the West Coast Major Port Development Committee on the question were received only recently and are under examination.

Tarasingh To Be Taken To The Plains

NEW DELHI, August 11 (PTI).—Master Tarasingh, the Akali leader, who is at present detained in the Almora jail, is likely to be transferred soon to a jail in the plains, it was officially announced to-night.

Contradicting the reports published in a section of the press that there has been a serious deterioration in the health of Master Tarasingh, a communique issued by the Home Ministry said: "It has been alleged that he has lost weight and appetite, and is suffering from dyspepsia and vertigo. All these reports are completely without foundation.

Ambassador Eric Colban and Mr. Hernando Samper (centre), member and Chairman of the Truce Committee of UNCIP respectively, arrived in Karachi on Saturday morning. Mr. Lal Shah Bokhari, Chief of Protocol, is on extreme right.

Uncip Members In Karachi

Summer Offensive Against Greek Rebels

KASTORIA, Greece, August 11, (U.P.A.):— Greek Government troops have launched a two-pronged summer offensive against 12,000 guerillas along the Yugoslav and Albanian borders, it was announced today.

The Government forces are supported by 50 newly supplied American Navy dive bombers, a number of new American Army recoilles 75 millimeter artillery pieces and American made tanks.

The southern arm of the offensive sent three Greek Army divisions against an estimated 5,000 guerillas entrenched in the Grammos Mountains along the Albanian border southwest of Kastoria. The northern arm, launched with a crack mountain division, was driving north from Kastori along the Albanian border in the Vitsi area. Its aim was to cut the highway to Albania, supplying another 7,000 guerillas and trap them against the closed Yugoslav border.

FORGING LEFTIST UNITY IN INDIA

Ruikar On Plans To Assume Power At Short Notice

NAGPUR, August 11 (PTI).

MR. R. S. RUIKAR, one of the leading members of the Left-Wing sponsored by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, today told a press conference here that the United Leftist Congress at Nagpur next month would give "the final shape" to a "strong and consolidated" Leftist movement in the country.

The new Leftist organistion to be evolved in the near future would not merely be a party of opposition but play a constructive role, ready to assume power at any moment he said.

Mr. Ruikar expressed the hope that the Socialists would join the fold of the new organisation as "a stepping stone to the formation of a single Socialist Party in the future." The Nagpur Congress during the later half of September, he said, would be able to "square up" any differences in the respective outlook of the Socialists and other Left-wingers.

The Socialists, Mr. Ruikar wanted that the Congress should be defeated in the forthcoming elections in West Bengal. Once they forged Leftwing unity in fighting the Congress in West Bengal, it was bound to reflect itself in other provinces, he added.

The present economic situation, according to Mr. Ruikar, provided the "motive force" for all the liftist elements to unite and fight the Congress "whose prestige is declining day by day".

Mr. Ruikar, as General Secretary of the Forward Bloc, said that the Bloc had decided to stand by the efforts of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and others to organise a concerted left movement against the Congress. The Working Committee of the Forward Bloc was meeting in Calcutta on August 17 and 18 to approve of the stand in regard to the leftist consolidation.

Mr. Ruikar said they had left out the Communists at present as they did not want to include in their fold any party which was taking its due from any foreign country. But they might co-operate with them if there was a change in the Communist attitude, Mr. Ruikar added.

INSURGENT LOSSES IN BURMA

RANGOON, August 11 (PTI-Reuter).—Burma Army radio tonight claimed the recapture from insurgents of Kume and Myittha, important rail towns 45 and 50 miles respectively south of Mandalay. Mopping up operations were in progress in the area, the Radio added.

In the Irrawaddy Delta district of Maubin, 70 Communist insurgents were captured, the Radio said.

Pilot Killed In Delhi Aircrash

NEW DELHI, August 11 (PTI): The pilot of a Delhi flying club single seater plane was killed this evening when it crashed on the ridge near Karol Bagh, old Delhi's residential quarter. The plane was reduced to smithereens.

QUIRINO IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter): President Elpidio Quirino of the Philippine Republic arrived here by plane from Washington today for a two-day visit.

RIVAL TO DALAI LAMA INSTALLED AT SINING

Tibet May Resist Entry

CANTON, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THOUSANDS of Buddhist Lamas in bright red robes watched young Lamas perform a devil dance at the inauguration of the tenth Panchan Lama, who claims spiritual leadership of Tibet, at Sining in the north-western Chinese Province of Tsinghai.

The installation yesterday of the 12-year-old boy who is believed to be the reincarnation of the ninth Panchan Lama was sponsored by the Chinese Nationalists Government. It was opposed by the Tibetan authorities in Lhasa, where the Dalai Lama, who exercises temporal and claims spiritual authority in Tibet, has his seat.

CEREMONY

The Chinese Government was represented at the colourful ceremony by Dr. Kwan Chi-yui, Chairman of the Government's Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission who recently travelled to Sining.

Thousands of believers knelt before the Panchan Lama asking forgiveness for their sins.

Dr. Kwan and a senior Lama read documents purporting to prove the new Lama was the successor of the ninth Panchan Lama who was murdered 12 years ago in Tsinghai.

The Chinese Government presented the new Lama with a gold slate on which were inscribed poems in his praise.

Tibet has never been reconciled to Chinese claims of suzerainty over her and there have been frequent armed clashes in the past.

A few weeks ago the Tibetan Government expelled the Chinese Nationalist Government Mission established in Lhasa in 1939.

The Tibetan authorities were expected to resist any attempt of the Panchan Lama to enter Tibet.

Army Launches Food Drive

BOMBAY, Thursday.

To synchronise with the country's all-out food effort, the Army has launched an "Operation Grow More Food".

Lt. General Maharaj Shri Rajendrasinhji G.O.C.-in-C., Southern Command has called upon every formation, Area, ers to give their full and unreserved co-operation in food drive. Efforts should be made to cultiviate every available piece of land with the Army. The Army commander has directed all officers and men under his Command to make the scheme a full-fledged success by their personal initiative and drive.

The food production drive in the Southern Command closely follows the country-wide appeal made by the Prime Minister and the Governor-General, which has now been commended to the Army by the C.-in-C. General K. M. Cariappa. In a directive sent to the 3 Army Commanders in India General Cariappa says that everyone in the Army can and must show to the people hat as true citizens of the country they can also make a contribution towards easing the food situation.

PEASANTS REVOLT BEHIND RED LINES

Resentment Against Requisitioning

SIGNS OF COLLAPSE IN MAO TSE TUNG'S POLITICAL MACHINE

CANTON, August 11 (PTI-Reuter).

A Nationalist spokesman claimed today that nearly 240,000 armed Chinese peasants were in revolt against the Communist regime in Central China, behind the Communist thousand-mile frontline from north-west to south-east.

General Teng Wen-Yi, Chinese Nationalist Military spokesman, reporting the revolt, claimed there were signs of collapse in the Communist political system.

Peasants in the provinces of Hupeh, Hunan and Anhwei, he said, were resisting the Communist policy of requisitioning supplies and "press ganging" men for the peoples "Liberation" (Communist) Army.

RED DRIVE ON LANCHOW

In the northwest the Communist were said to have thrown 13 armies into their drive on the Kansu Provincial Capital of Lanchow, on the great wall about 100 miles from the Mongolian border.

The spokesman said spearhead units of the Communist first and 63rd armies had reached points 95 and 110 miles east of Lanchow respectively. He claimed that the Communists suffered 22,000 casualities in this drive but this figure was believed in Canton to be an overestimate.

In the south, General Teng Wen-Yi declared, two-thirds of Government troops who revolted in Hunan province had voluntarily returned to the Government area after leaflets had been dropped to them from the air.

PLAN TO SURROUND FOOCHOW

In south-east China, Communst General Chen-Yi was using five armies in an attempt to encircle Foochow, capital of Fukien, on the coast opposite Taiwan (Formosa), he said.

Government troops had scored successes in mopping-up operations in south and west Fukien, he added.

The Chinese newspaper "Ta Kwang Pao" reported today that General Pai Chunghsi, Central Commander, had transferred his main headquarters from Hengyang in Hunan province to Kivang 50 miles to the south-west.

Non-essential members of his staff had been sent south to Chuanhsien, in Kwangsi on the railway from Hunan

Reply To White Paper

CANTON, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Dr. K. C. George Yeh, Acting Head of the Chinese Nationalist Foreign Office is drafting a reply to the United States White Paper on China, which admitted failure of American policy towards China, and gave reasons for refusal to extend future aid against the Communists.

The reply will be issued shortly

Tearing The Secret Label On Atomic Energy

U.S. INDUSTRY MAY GET MILLIONS OF DOLLARS WORTH INFORMATION

WASHINGTON, August 11 (U.P.A.).

THE Atomic Energy Commission on Thursday announced a "trial programme" aimed at the ultimate release of technical information potentially worth billions of dollars to American industry.

Commissioner Sumner T. Pike estimated that even if atomic energy itself never pays off, projects and technological by-products will more than repay the 3,500,000,000 dollars invested in it.

That pay off can come only when the secret label is removed from they myriad of processes, techniques, machines and gadgets developed under war-time pressure and war-time budgets to make the bomb.

The programme announced Thursday is designed to determine what information can be taken out of the secret category and turned over to industrialists who have long wanted to get their hands on it. This information relates to pumps of a kind never dreamed of until the atomic projects was born, to practically indestructible, fool-proof valves, to blowers and cooling devices of unprecedented efficiency, to novel techniques of handling metals, to ore processing methods which achieve hitherto undreamed of purities and to a host of other data dealing with metallurgical wizardry strange to private industry.

The Commission said, "The trial programme will determine whether such selected information can be gathered, screened and declassified for release in a way which will not reveal the specific relevance of the information to the atomic energy programme."

Re. 1 Lakh Involved In Dacoity

CALCUTTA, August 11 (UPI): A sensational armed dacoity involving cash of over a lakh of rupees was committed this afternoon in Serampore, a town in Hooghly district about 15 miles from Calcutta.

It is stated that the money belonging to two jute mills, one at Serampore and the other at Shamnagore, under the same management, was being taken in a lorry from Calcutta to the mills for payment of wages to workers, and when the lorry reached the mill gate at Serampore, about half a dozen persons armed with revolvers shot at three person in the lorry and taking control of the vehicle decamped with the booty.

The injured persons were removed to hospital in a precarious condition. The District authorities rushed to the spot for enquiry.

Building A New Europe

SPAAK'S PLEA FOR TANGIBLE WORK

STRASBOURG, August 11 (PTI-Reuter).—Belgian statesman Paul Henri Spaak took over the Presidency of Europe's new 12-Nation Consultative Assembly here today with a call for "some tangible result" in building a new Europe. Acclaimed by a 100-representatives of many political opinions, he said it was "indispensable that something real and practical should emerge from our work." He urged them to be realists, warning them that "we must not try to do everything at once" and "it is not possible in one month to change Europe into our hearts desire."

Mr. Winston Churchill took up the cudgels for the Assembly against the 12-Man Ministerial Committee "Upper House" of the Council of Europe. He objected to the Committee's imposition of a three-day time limit for the submission of further items for the Assembly's agenda.

"Why should this arbitrary limit of three days be thrust down our throats?" he demanded, terming it a "crippling limitation" never accepted by "any Assembly worthy of the name of free." The Assembly's future life depended on its "standing up for its fundamental rights," he declared.

The Assembly adjourned until tomorrow on the understanding that the matter should be examined by a special committee.

SLOVAK CATHOLICS TO DEFY BAN

PRAGUE, August 11 (PTI-Reuter): Thousands of Slovak Roman Catholics are expected to converge on Tranava, near Bratislava, on Sunday, defying a Government ban on unauthorised meetings, to watch the consecration of two new Bishops "in a land of faithless" to give the English translation of their lain title.

The Bishops were appointed some weeks ago by the Vatican without seeking the usual approval of the Communist Czechoslovak Government, an authroitative church source said here today.

The church's decision to consecrate them was regarded as a denunciation of the 20-year-old agreement between the Vatican and Prague, which provided that Government approval should be sought.

RECLAIMING THE FALLEN SISTER

KARACHI, August 11 (UPI).—The public women of Karachi are to be given an allowance of Rs. 100 per month pending their absorption in rescue homes, which the Government are planning to build shortly, a high administrative official disclosed today.

Prominent local citizens and police officials who met here yesterday under the presidentship of the Administrator, Karachi, Mr. Hashim Raza, deliberated for long over the various proposals for the salvation of the 'fallen sisters' and it was unanimously decided to rehabilitate them as early as possible in rescue homes where they could be taught the various handicrafts and trained in cottage industries.

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SITUATIONS VACANT

M. T. B. College, Surat:—Applications with testimonials stating age, experience, qualifications and minimum salary are invited for the post of a Lecturer or Professor of Mathematics, depending on qualifications, so as to reach the Principal by 20th August, 1949. 5348

A Leading General Insurance Society, Transacting Fire & Motor Insurance, invites applications from influential persons to represent them, as Chief Agents on attractive terms. Contact Box No. 5413. "Bombay Chronicle."

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EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for Special making-up classes for late entrants, for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. 1035

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Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5315

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Licenced Exporters in Cloth and Yarn interested in the export of Cloth and Yarn of medium counts. Please correspond with The Modi Spinning & Weaving Mills Co., Ltd., Modinagar, (U.P.). 5426

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Available from ready stock British Make Extra Super Canvas Flax Fire Hose Pipe 2.1/2" X 24 Ply. Pyrene, Simplex, Monarch, British Make 2 Gallon Capacity "Soda Acid" type and "Foam" type and 1/4 Gallon Capacity "C.T.C." type Fire Extinguishers all approved by Fire Offices Committee. Write to: Kooverji Devshi & Co., Ltd., Fire Protection Engineers, 164, Lohar Street, Bombay. 2. (1028)

Dunlopillo—The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army & Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay, M/S Good Housekeeping Co. Ltd., 38, Queen's Road Bombay and M/S Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 & 286, Hornby Road, Bombay. 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

NO. 60. SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, WEST BENGAL

INVITES applications from male candidates on prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5/- under the head "XXXVI-Miscellaneous—Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 1st September, 1949 to fill a temporary vacancy in the post of Professor of Urdu in the West Bengal Educational Service (Men's Branch). Pay Rs. 150-700. A higher initial pay may be given to a candidate with exceptionally high qualifications. If a candidate having no substantive appointment in the Education Department, Government of West Bengal, is selected, he will be given initial position in the scale on the basis of age upto 31 years. Qualifications.—A first class Master's degree of an Indian University or second class Master's degree with first class Honours in the Bachelor's degree of an Indian University or equivalent foreign qualifications together with at least two years' teaching experience in a college, in Urdu. Preference will be given to a candidate who has also shown capacity for carrying on research work. Age ordinarily not more than 35 years on the 1st September, 1949, relaxable in the case of a candidate possessing exceptionally high qualifications. The age limit will not be binding upon permanent Government servants. Particulars obtainable from the office of the Commission, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed form priced at annas two available at Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission on sending the price in postage stamps. (5447)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons domiciled in the Bombay Province and also from Non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan for the following temporary posts for the production centres to be organised for displaced persons at the relief camps at Pimpri, Valivade and Madh Island. The posts are sanctioned for a period of 3 years.

(a) Administrative Officer (Provincial Class II Service) Pay scale Rs., 220-15-400-E. B.-20-500-E.B.-25-650.
(b) Accounts Officer Pay Scale Rs. 275-15-395.
(c) Production Managers. Pay Scale Rs. 200-10-300.
(d) Carpentry Supervisors. Pay Scale Rs. 200-10-300.
(e) Manager-Cum-Leather Expert Pay Scale Rs. 150-10-200.
(f) (i) Master Cutter Pay Scale Rs. 120-8-200. (ii) Supervisor for Hosiery Pay Scale Rs. 120-8-200.
(g) Skilled worker in shoe and leather goods manufacturing industry Pay Scale Rs. 100-8-140.
(h) (i) Assistant Weaving Supervisors Pay Scale Rs. 80-5-120 8-200. (ii) Assistant Dyeing and Printing Supervisor Pay Scale Rs. 80-5-120-8-200. (iii) Assistant Carpentry Master Pay Scale Rs. 80-5-120-8-200.
(i) Store keepers Pay Scale Rs. 72-4-120.
(j) (i) Senior clerks Pay Scale Rs. 100-8-140-10-150. (ii) Senior clerks Pay Scale Rs. 100-8-140.
(k) (i) Cashier Pay Scale Rs. 46-3-85-4-125-5-130 at Rs. 55/- plus Rs. 20/- special pay (ii) Time keeper Pay Scale Rs. 46-3-85. (iii) Accounts clerks Pay Scale Rs. 46-3-85-4-125-5-130.
(l) Typists Pay Scale Rs. 46-3-85.

Dearness and other allowances will also be admissible as per existing Government orders for all these posts.

QUALIFICATIONS:

for (a) (i) a degree or diploma in Machanical and/or Electrical Engineering or in Textiles manufacture of a recognised university or a recognised Technical Institute; (ii) at least 5 years practical experience of a post in some reputable industrial concern or workshop involving responsibilities of administration, control over labour and management of production, etc.; (iii) candidates possessing good general university education in addition to the above technical qualifications, will be given preference. A higher starting pay upto Rs. 325/- p.m. in the scale shown against the post will be given to a candidate having exceptional merits.

for (b) B.A., or B. Com. with seven years experience, or G.D.A., G.D.C.A. G.D.C.&A. or B.A., or B.Sc. (Maths) with 10 years' experience of a responsible post involving accounts either in Government offices or big Commercial concerns.

for (c): a degree or diploma in Textiles manufacture of a recognised technical Institute, (ii) practical experience of not less than 5 years in textile manufacture and handling labour. Candidates having sufficient experience in handloom weaving and textile designing and administrative experience in addition to the above qualifications preferred.

for (d) to (h): candidates should possess sufficient theoretical training and practical experience and also should be conversant with all the aspects of respective trades and industries.

for (i): Matriculates with three years' experience in store keeping and store accounts in the industrial workshops.

for (j) Matriculates with four years' previous clerical experience or graduates with two years' experience.

for (k): Matriculates preferably with previous clerical and accounts experience.

for (l) Matriculates with minimum typing speed of 35 words per minute.

AGE LIMIT:

for (a), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h), ordinarily 30 years and for (b), (i), (j), (k) and (l) ordinarily 25 years for advanced classes, 28 years for Intermediate and Backward Classes. Relaxation of age limit except for (j) to (l), will be considered upto 40 years in the cases of candidates having exceptional merits.

Preference will be given to candidates from amongst the displaced persons possessing requisite qualifications and experience etc. The age limit has been relaxed upto 40 years in favour of displaced persons. Persons already in Government service may apply, if permitted by the Heads of their departments. The age limit prescribed above will not apply in their cases. Applications in prescribed forms obtainable from this office should reach the undersigned on or before 31st August 1949.

JOINT REGISTRAR for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, B.P., 20, Bombay Poona Road, POONA 3.

5403

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

NOTICE

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of wrecks of country craft lying sunk in the various bunders, some of them fast in the mud. For all particulars application should be made to the undersigned.

H. W. L. T. DAVIES.
Ag. Deputy Conservator
Bombay Port Trust.

9th August, 1949. 5439

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
SOUTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS are invited in B 2 forms (item rate) for the following works in connection with the Steam Power station at Utran near Surat and will be received in this office of the undersigned upto 3 p.m. (S.T.) on 29/8/1949.

They will be opened publicly at 11-00 A. M. on 30/8/1949 in presence of those tenderers, who desire to be present.

S. No.	Name of work	Estimated cost.	Earnest money.
1.	Barbed wire fencing.	Rs. 21,866/-	219/-
2.	Work shop building (Civil Engineering portion)	Rs. 64,513/-	645/-

Amount of earnest money for the works tendered for, as shown against each work, should be paid into the Government Treasury and the chalan along with bank reference or solvency certificate should be attached to the tender papers. Tenders not accompanied by these will not be considered.

Detailed plans, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen in the office of the undersigned on any working day from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. on week days and 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. on Saturdays.

Tenders should be on prescribed form which along with the copies of the plans, specifications etc. can be obtained from this office upto 25/8/1949 on payment of Rs. 2/- per set for each work.

Government reserves the right to reject any or all the tenders without assigning any reason and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

K. P. BATTIWALA
Executive Engineer (Civil)
South Gujarat,
for Electrical Commissioner
with the Government of Bombay.

Electric Grid Offices,
Foreshore Road,
Bombay 1.

(5409)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Inspectors in the Excise Department in the grade of Rs. 120-10-250 per month plus Dearness Allowance. Preference will be given to those who have worked as Inspectors either in Prohibition or Excise or allied Departments. Age limit 45.

Apply stating age, experience qualifications to the Secretary Revenue Department, United State of Saurashtra, Rajkot before 25th August, 1949.

(Sd.) D. M. BUCH.
Secretary to Government,
United State of Saurashtra.

5394

NOTICE.

QUOTATIONS are invited from experienced and bonafide firms of Engineers and Contractors for the work of Foundation Works in R.C. Piles and other types of R. C. Works costing approximately Rs. 6,00,000/- for Blocks 1 and 4 in connection with the proposed extension of the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpore, District, Howrah, West Bengal. The value of the entire project is about Rs. 1,33,00,000/-. Full particulars of the work, conditions of contract and drawings together with specifications may be seen in the office of the undersigned between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on ordinary working days and between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays. Contract documents may be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of a sum of Rs. 10/- (Ten) per set upto the 15th September, 1949 and tenders will be received upto 1 (one) p.m. of Friday the 16th September, 1949 and will be opened at 2 p.m. of the same day.

(Sd.) T. P. MARIK
Superintending Engineer,
Presidency Circle,
Writers' Buildings, Calcutta.

(5446)

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors, who are borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. Contractors and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the Housing Scheme for the Workers of H.M.I. Dockyard at Pawai (Bombay). The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 40 lakhs.

Other contractors, though NOT on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and before the tender documents are issued to them they will be required to show proof of their capability to undertake the work and to enlist themselves with M.E.S. as Approved Contractors.

The buildings required under this contract consist of 492 quarters of two roomed flats for Married Dockyard workers built in 4 storeyed blocks (24 blocks in all).

Application for tender forms must be submitted on or before 7th September, 1949, to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona.

Copies of the conditions of Contract and Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command Poona, during Office hours after 9th September, 1949.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 8th September, 1949 and upto 9th September, 1949.

Tenders will be reveived by 15-00 hours on 29th September, 1949.

5445

THE SASSOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Shareholders that the 69th Dividend at the rate of Rs. 1/6/- per share has been declared and will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 22nd August 1949, at the Company's Registered Office, Maneckji Wadia Building, 2nd Floor, 127, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, between the hours of 11 A. M. to 1 P.M. and 2-30 to 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) on week days excepting Saturdays.

Dividend Warrants will be posted in due course to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 29th July 1949.

By Order of the Board.

DAVID SASSOON & CO. LTD
A. PETHER.
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 11th August, 1949.

(5449)

BOMBAY ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons of Bombay Domicile and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the following posts shortly to be filled in the Electric Grid Sub-Division at Surat.

(1) ONE MEDICAL ASSISTANT in the scale of Rs. 185-8-225 plus special pay and allowances admissible under the rules. The candidate is required to get himself registered under the Bombay Medical Practitioner's Act of 1912.

QUALIFICATION:— Any one of the following:—
M. B. B. S. (Bombay).
M. C. P. S. (Bombay).
L. C. P. S. (Bombay).
L. M. P. (Bombay).

(2) ONE COMPOUNDER:—in the scale of pay Rs. 55-3-85-E.B.-4-125-5-130. The candidate must have passed the compounder's examination held at any recognised Hospital.

(3) ONE MIDWIFE:— in the scale of pay Rs. 55-3-85-E.B. 4-125-5-130. The candidate must have passed midwifery examination and registered with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors Council.

2. The posts are temporary but likely to last for a long time.

3. Those who are already in Government services should apply through their respective heads of offices.

4. Applications giving full particulars regarding age, domicile, educational qualifications and practical experience etc. should reach the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Electric Grid Offices, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, before 25th August, 1949.

5438

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla invites tenders upto 15 hours on 7-9-'49, for supplying and stacking Stone Ballast at Depots at (1) Igatpuri, (2) Karjat (3) Khandala and (4) Chinchwad. The tender conditions and schedule of quantities can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- for all the Depots. This sum will not be refunded. (5440)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 29-8-1949 for supplying and stacking 4,00,000 Cft. of ballast on each of the Railway Depots at Kalyan 'A' Cabin, Kalyan Transhipment Shed, and Sion. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract separately for each depot can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. This sum will not be refunded. (5440)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED MAHOMED BHIMDIWALA, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances whatsoever.

Any person having any claim of any kind whatsoever to or against the said property is hereby requested to notify the same to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the claim (if any) will be deemed as waived and the sale will be completed.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

All that vacant piece of land, situate in the City of Bombay being Plot No. 253 of Sewri Wadala Estate (North) of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, admeasuring 843 sq. yds. and bounded on the North by 80 feet road, on the South by Plot No. 257, on the East by Plot No. 252 and on the West by Plot No. 254 of the said Estate and bearing C.S. No. 891 of Dadar Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward Nos. 3738-3740 Street Nos. 979-981 Street Wadala Village.

Dated this 10th day of August, 1949.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL
Attorneys for the Purchaser.

(5442)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED MAHOMED BHIMDIWALA, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our clients free from all encumbrances whatsoever.

Any person having any claim of any kind whatsoever to or against the said properties is hereby requested to notify the same to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the claim (if any) will be deemed as waived and the sale will be completed.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY:—All that vacant piece of land, situate in the City of Bombay being Plot No. 191 of the Sewri Wadala Estate (North) of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, admeasuring 792 sq. yds. bearing C.S. No. 829 of Dadar Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward No. 3816 @ 23, Street Nos. 1057 to 1064, Antop Hill Road and bounded on the North by Plot No. 190, on the South by a 80 feet Road, on the East by plot No. 192 and on the West by 60 feet Road, of the said Estate.

SECONDLY:—All that vacant piece of land, situate in the City of Bombay being Plot No. 192 of Sewri Wadala Estate (North) of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, admeasuring 966 sq. yds. bearing C.S. No. 830 of the Dadar Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward Nos. 3814-15, Street Nos. 1055-56 Antop Hill Road and bounded on the North by a Public garden, on the South by an 80 feet public Road, on the East by Plot No. 193 and on the West by Plot No. 191 of the said Estate.

Dated this 10th day of August, 1949.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.

(5444)

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.

I. C. No. 36 of 1949

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913 and

In the matter of AMBICA AIR LINES LTD.

(In Liquidation)

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are hereby required on or before 3rd September, 1949 to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts and claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys, if any, to the undersigned, or if so required, by Notice in writing from the Official Liquidator or any person or by their attorneys to come and prove the said debts and claims and at such time as shall be specified in such Notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts and claims are proved. Dated this 3rd day of August, 1949.

R. MATHALONE,
Official Liquidator.

High Court Annexe,
Bombay.

N.B.—Claims should be made on an affidavit affirmed before an Officer of the Court duly empowered to administer Oaths and affirmed with proper Court fee stamps.

5371

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED MAHOMED BHIMDIWALLA, MAHOMED HAJI SULEMAN MITHA, Bai FATMABAI, wife of the said Haji Ahmed Mahomed Bhimdiwala, RAHIMTOOLA HAJI ISMAIL PATEL, MUSA SULEMAN BHIMDIWALLA, ABOOBAKER TYEB ADEN WALLA and HAJI ABDUL LATIF MAHOMED BHIMDIWALLA, all of Bombay Muslim Inhabitants, the Trustees of the Indenture of Wakf, dated the 2nd day of February, 1944, have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our client free from all encumbrances whatsoever:

Any person having any claim of any kind whatsoever to or against the said properties is hereby requested to notify the same to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the claim (if any) will be deemed as waived and the sale will be completed.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY— All that vacant piece of land, situate in the City of Bombay being Plot No. 193 of the Sewri Wadala Estate (North) of the Bombay Municipal Corporation admeasuring 966 sq. yds. bearing C. S. No 831 Dadar Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward No. 3803-04 and Street Nos. 1044-45 and bounded on the North by Public Garden, on the South by 80 feet Public Road, on the East by Plot No. 194 and on the West by Plot No. 192 of the said Estate.

SECONDLY:— All that piece of vacant land, situate in the City of Bombay being Plot No. 194 of Sewri Wadala Estate (North) of Bombay Municipal Corporation, admeasuring 966 sq. yds. bearing C. S. No. 832 of the Dadar. Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward No. 3802 and Street No. 1043 and bounded, on the North by Public Garden, on the South by 80 feet Public Road, on the East by 20 feet passage and on the West by Plot No. 193 of the said Estate.

Dated this 10th day of August, 1949.

BHAISHANKER KANGA AND GIRDHARLAL
Attorneys for the Purchaser.

(5443)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 30-8-1949 for "Construction of a Booking Office and surfacing of platform at Thakurli". The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Copies of drawings will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

(5441)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT LAND AT MANMALLA TANK ROAD MATUNGA OPP. UNITED HOUSING SOCIETY LTD. AND (2) VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT C. P. TANK AND (3) KANDEWADI.

Under instructions from M/s. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, attorneys for the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Bai Shevantibai, wife of Govindrao Ramnath Mahimkar, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction the above mentioned properties at the respective premises in 3 lots on the days and at the times mentioned below.

On MONDAY, 12-9-'49 at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Lot No. I of property at Manmala Tank: Pension and Tax vacant land with cocoanut trees and a well situate on the Eastern side of Public passage near Manmala Tank admeasuring 5922 Sq. Yds. (being a moiety of a larger piece of land) bearing C. S. No. 444 (part) of Mahim Division.

On WEDNESDAY, 14-9-'49 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Lot No II of property at C. P. Tank: Pension and Tax land with buildings situate on the Eastern side of Girgaum Back Road (now known as Vithalbhai Patel Road) admeasuring about 397 Sq. Yds. and bearing C. S. No. 2863 of Bhuleshwar Division and Street Nos. 54 to 60.

On FRIDAY, 16-9-49 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Lot No. III of Kandewadi property: Pension and Tax land with buildings or chawls situate on the Southern side of Kandewadi Road admeasuring about 444 Sq. Yds. and bearing C. S. No. 228 of Girgaum Division and Street Nos. 119-121,123A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

IN ACCORDANCE with Sections 88 and 184 of the Sea Custom Act 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on Tuesday the 16th, August 1949 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Road. Confiscated, Unclaimed and Uncleared goods such as Baggage, Personal effect: Air Freight Parcels: Cotton and Art Silk Piece Goods: Miscellaneous goods etc.

BONAFIDE AUCTION SALE of teak household furniture, sofa suites, cupboards, beds, tables, chairs, steel cupboards, safe, crockery, glassware, linen, table fans, lamps, AC refrigerator, ACDC Radiogram, typewriter, Sundries & MOTOR CARS on Sunday, 14th August, '49, at 10-30 a.m., at 23, Queens Rd., (C/o. Apollo Furnishing Co.), opp: Charni Rd Stn. Property of J. W. HAMMOND Esqr. ON VIEW Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel: 22801.

STOP THAT
COLD WITH
VAPEX
INHALANT
Breathe the pleasant, fragrant vapour from your handkerchief or use the handy Vapex Inhaler.
THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD. ENGLAND.

HERNIA

Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefitted without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions—H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia. DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—9

FREE

To regain lost vigour and vitality just write to get quite free the very interesting "Guide Book" (110 pages).

KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.,
Famous Specialist & Gold Medalist,
Hauz Qazi-Delhi (India).

CONVICTION UNDER ABKARI ACT HELD

Leave For Federal Appeal Granted

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Kishori Shethi .. Appellant (Accused)
vs.
Imperator .... Respondent

Their Lordships dismissed this appeal from the conviction and sentence of 3 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 500 passed upon the appellant by a presidency magistrate for possessing liquor in excess of the maximum quantity allowed under the Abkari Act.

On May 17, 1948 a vigilance raid was carried out at Kishori Court, Worli where the appellant resided and 15 bottles of foreign liquor (including 12 bottles of whisky) were recovered from a closed case. The maximum limit for private possession under the Abkari Act then being 4 bottles of spirits and 2 bottles of wine, the appellant was prosecuted and convicted by the trial magistrate as stated above.

The proviso to section 14B(1) of the Abkari Act stated that nothing in that sub-section was to extend "to any foreign liquor" purchased by any person for his bona fide private consumption and not for sale. This proviso had been repealed by Bombay Act 6 of 1940.

Council for the appellant contended that the repeal of this proviso was ultra vires the Provincial Legislature because its effect was to transgress the subject of import and export which was a Central subject, being Item 19 in List 1 in the 7th Schedule to the Government of Indian Act.

Rejecting this contention their Lordships held that the pith and substance of the legislation, they were considering, was regulation of possession of foreign liquor. That legislation might indirectly affect import but Their Lordships failed to see how the import of foreign liquor could be directly affected by it—particularly as Bombay was not the only port through which it could be imported. Their Lordships, therefore, held that the Provincial Legislature had acted within its powers, and that the appellant had possessed foreign liquor beyond the limits allowed by the notification under the Abkari Act.

Their Lordships, therefore, dismissed the appeal and confirmed the conviction and sentence, but granted leave to appeal to the Federal Court, as a question of constitutional law was involved.

Mr. K. L. Ganba with Mr. V. L. Kamat appeared for the appellant.

CHOLERA DEATHS IN BOMBAY

Seventy-three deaths due to cholera and eighteen due to smallpox were reported in Bombay Province during the week ended July 30, 1949.

Twelve villages in West Khandesh district reported cholera infection which took a toll of 55 lives in the district. Sanitary Squads are busy disinfecting houses and wells and the Mobile Hospital Unit posted in the District is treating cases.

During the period under review six deaths due to Plague were also reported in the Province.

Following is the health condition reported for the week:—

PLAGUE: Plague figures were 11 cases and 6 deaths as against 2-2 reported in the previous week. Figures by districts were. Poona 6-4 as against 2-2 and Ahmednagar 3-2 as against nil. Bombay City had two plague cases, which were imported.

Three villages in Junnar and Khed talukas in Poona district and Pathardi town in Ahmednagar district reported plague infection. The houses in these villages are being disinfected with DDT. Mass inoculation is also in progress.

The total number of anti-plague inoculations performed in the province was 2,343 which brings the progressive total, from January 1, to 221,102.

CHOLERA: Cholera figures were 159 cases and 73 deaths as against 181-74 reported in the previous week and 260-120 revised. Figures by districts were West Khandesh 101-55 as against 98-45 and 111-12 revised East Khandesh 18-5 as against 25-10 and 27-13 revised. Nasik 18-5 as against 35-12 and 91-49 revised; Ahmednagar 11-3 as against 1-1 and 10-2 revised; Thana 5-0 as against 8-3 and 7-4 revised; Poona 3-3 as against nil. Kolhapur 2-2 as against 3-4 revised. One case was reported from Bombay City.

In West Khandesh district 12 villages were reporting cholera infection during the week. The District Health Staff consisting of one Epidemic Medical Officer, five Sanitary Inspectors, assisted by Sanitary Squads and two Inoculators, are adopting measures against cholera. One hundred and eleven houses and one hundred and sixteen wells were disinfected. The staff performed 2,477 anti-cholera inoculations. The Mobile Hospital United posted at Dondaicha treated eleven cases of cholera, of which ten were discharged cured.

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed in the Province was 30,828, which brings the progressive total, from January 1 to 454,396.

SMALLPOX:— Smallpox figures were 86 cases and 18 deaths as against 106-33 reported in the previous week and 157-33 revised.

FOOD ADULTERATION ACT:— During the week, 164 cases were filed under the Food Adulteration Act. The 74 cases in which convictions were obtained, 57 were of milk, six of ghee, three of butter, six of oil and one of tea, one for exposing foodstuffs to dust and flies. A fine of Rs. 4,550/- was recovered.

One death due to cirebro spinal fever was reported from Bombay City.

Indian Overseas Air Lines

BOMBAY, Thursday

Demanding payment of wages due to them, 110 employees of the Indian Overseas Air-Lines Limited, Santa Cruz, struck work today.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

FROM TODAY
28th WEEK
GEMINI'S
CHANDRALEKHA
at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS:
2-30, 6-00 & 9-30 p.m.
Also at:
CITY LIGHT
(MATUNGA)
DAILY THREE SHOWS:
2-30, 6-0 and 9-30 P.M.
Saturday, Sunday & Bank Holidays
Matinee at 11-45 A.M.

STRAND
Where There's Always A Good Show
Daily: 3-15, 6-15, & 9-15 P.M.
Only in New York, City of Dreams
Could a Dream Like Theirs Come True!
DANE CLARK GERALDINE BROOKS "EMBRACEABLE YOU"
Also
"A BOY AND HIS DOG"
A Technicolor Special
Winner of the Academy Award!
Sunday Morning 10-30
DO-DIL'
Suraiya & Motilal
Monday Morning 10-30
KISMET
Ashok Kumar — Mumtaz Shanti
At Evening Rates.

R-E-G-A-L
It's Cosy! It's Comfy!! Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
A Second Bl(n)g Week!
Paramount presents
BING CROSBY
RHONDA FLEMING
WILLIAM BENDIX
SIR CEDRIC HARDWICKE
in Mark Twain's
A CONNECTICUT YANKEE
Color by TECHNICOLOR
In King Arthur's Court
with
VYE - FIELD - WILCOXON
Sunday Morning at 10
Paramount's
"THE BIG CLOCK"
Ray Miland, Charles Laughton

12TH BIG WEEK!
FREE INDIA'S
FIRST CULTURAL
FILM!
New Theatres' finest
CHHOTA-BHAI
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P.M.
MINERVA
Sun. Mon. and Holi. 12-30
Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12

TANSA MAY OVERFLOW

Rainfall 2 Inches Above Normal

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Tomorrow, it is confidently predicted, the Tansa Lake will overflow. The lake is almost full. It requires just seven inches before it begins to flow over. It received an inch of rain yesterday. Tulsi received three-quarter inch, Vihar half-inch and Powai, a quarter.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8-30 this morning, Santa Cruz recorded 13 cents, Colaba 10 cents and Juhu 9 cents. Weather forecast for Bombay and the Suburbs for the next 36 hours, is "fair to cloudy weather with passing showers".

The total rainfall has now reached 50.8 inches which is 2.2 inches above normal.

It was stated that the monsoon has been fairly active in the Konkan, but will decrease in North Konkan, Gujerat and Saurashtra and increase in South Konkan during the next two days.

The chief amounts of rainfall during the last 24 hours have been, Mahabaleshwar 3 inches, Mamagoa 1 inch, Honaver, Harnai and Khandala three-fourth inch each and Deogarh half-inch.

NEW EMPIRE
Luxurious Air Conditioned Comfort
Daily: 3-0, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
2nd Record-breaking Week!
OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND
whose magnificent portrayal deserves a dozen Academy Awards
IN
THE SNAKE PIT
The most magnificent motion picture you've ever seen
with
MARK STEVENS & LEO GENN
It's the talk of the town!
Book your seats in advance.
Sunday morning at 10
"SWORD OF THE AVENGER"
RAMON DEL GADO, SIGRID GURIE
Monday morning at 10
A VARIETY PROGRAMME
of Short Subjects including comedies featuring the 3 Stooges.
At Reduced Rates.

NEVER BEFORE SUCH
A DYNAMIC MOTION PICTURE
SHANTA APTE'S immortal role in I. N. A. Pictures'
Swayam Siddha
(IN HINDI)
5TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
CENTRAL
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30.
Sun. Mon. Wed. 11-45 A.M.

3RD WEEK
Mat. on Sun. Mon. Wed. at 12-15
Popular FAMILY Picture
KANEEZ
SHYAM, MUNAWAR
SULTANA, KULDEEP
URMILLA, CUCKOO
Director: KRISHNA KUMARI
SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15. Sun. Holi. 12-15
Booking 9-30 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6.
A GRAND Pictures Release

NO CRIMINAL TRIBES AFTER AUGUST 13

Bombay Act To Be Repealed

"THE members of the erstwhile criminal tribes can now walk with their heads erect and make their own contribution to the building of a secular democracy freed from the legal stigma which was attached even to the most honest of them so far", said Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Backward Classes, Fisheries and Rehabilitation to the Government of Bombay, at a press conference, held at the Eombay Secretariat, on Thursday afternoon.

The Conference was a prelude to the emancipation of seven lakhs' of people who were victims of the various handicaps of the British legacy of the Criminal Tribes Act.

Mr. G. D. Tapase

DAY OF LIBERATION

On the 13th of August, the barbed wire fencing in the various settlements, where members of these unfortunate tribes were interned, will be cut, and not even a shred of this typical stigma attached to these veritable concentration camps will remain to tell the grim tale of the long years of humiliation suffered by these people, who, the Government has now realised, were more sinned against than sinning.

Mr. Tapase, will himself cut off the wire enclosing one of the biggest of these camps at Sholapur on the 13th, which will be observed as the day of the liberation of the so-called Criminal Tribes in the Province.

7,00,000 PEOPLE TO BE FREED

Addressing the press, Mr. Tapase observed: Over seven lakhs of people belonging to ten different castes and tribes will be completely freed from the legal stigma of criminalty as a result of the repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act in its application to the Province of Bombay on August 13, 1949.

At one time, as many as 28 different tribes, with a population of nearly 12 lakhs, according to the 1931 census, were classed as criminal and brought within the purview of the Criminal Tribes Act.

The Munshi Committee, which was appointed by the Government in 1937, after an elaborate enquiry into the working of the Criminal Tribes Act in this Province, recorded an emphatic opinion that the so-called criminal tribes are not inherently criminal in the sense either that their criminality is necessarily hereditary or that no amount of attempts at improving them can alter their habits.

The Committee observed that the tribes which had been considered as criminal "have no hereditary traits in them which make them so; there is no biological evidence, and we do not think there can be any, to show that these unfortunate classes must exhibit unsocial tendencies always." Only about one in a thousand from these tribes was actually placed under some restriction or other under the Criminal Tribes Act.

HISTORY OF LEGISLATION

A brief history of the Criminal Tribes Legislation and its Administration would not be out of place. The first Criminal Tribes Act was passed by the Government of India in 1871. But this Act was not applied to the Bombay Province. There was a subsequent amendment to the Act in 1897 and another amendment in 1911, which marked the real beginning of the Criminal Tribes Administration in this Province, though two Settlements, viz., at Bijapur and Bagalkot, were established in 1910.

The main objective of the Criminal Tribes Act was to safeguard the rights of society against anti-social influence and its secondary aim was the reformation of the so-called criminal tribes.

The first objective was sought to be achieved by various restrictions imposed on certain tribes in general or on particular members of particular tribes. The restrictions generally included restrictions on the place of residence, restrictions on their movements, reports to the Police Patel or other authorities at fixed intervals (popularly known as Hazari) etc. These restrictions were generally enforced by the Police Department.

The reformative side was attended to by the Criminal Tribes Settlement Department (later redesignated as the Backward Class Department). Persons considered to be in need of reformation were interned by executive order in the settlements started under the Act and these settlements were intended to concentrate on the positive aspect of the actual reformation of the tribes. In these settlements persons were interned with their whole families and sometimes whole groups were interned simultaneously.

HIGH LEVEL COMMITTEE

Continuing Mr. Tapase said:

"Early in 1947, the present Government appointed a Committee at the highest level, consisting of the Hon'ble Premier as Chairman, the Honourable Minister for Home and Revenue and the Hon'ble Minister for Labour as members and the Backward Class Officer as Secretary to enquire into the problem of the criminal tribes. On the recommendations made by this Committee, the Government decided that the time had come when whole communities should not be dubbed as criminal and treated as such. In pursuance of this conclusion, they decided to repeal the Criminal Tribes Act which operated community wise as soon as the Habitual Offenders Restriction Act was placed on the Statute Book.

Pending the repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act, the Government ordered progressive relaxations in the Criminal Tribes Administration and the progressive winding up of the settlements.

Only three settlements, viz., those at Sholapur, Hubli and Ahmedabad, with free colonies attached to them are functioning as official asylums for internees under the Criminal Tribes Act and the free colonies attached to them as official asylums for some persons released on probation. Of these settlements, those at Sholapur and Hubli are comparatively large ones, with a total population of about 4500 and 3000 respectively, including in the settlements and free colonies and registered and unregistered persons.

With the repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act, the people in these two settlements and free colonies, many of whom have settled therein for long and some for a generation or two, will continue to live there as ordinary citizens. The question of starting labour welfare centres in these two areas, where a large proportion of the population is engaged in industrial labour, is under the consideration of the Government.

In Ahmedabad, the residents in the free colony will continue to live as ordinary citizens. The actual settlement will, however, be transferred to the Juvenile and Beggars Department for use as an asylum for settlers under the Habitual Offenders' Restriction Act, 1947.

HABITUAL OFFENDERS

Concluding Mr. Tapase said: Simultaneously with the decision to do away with the legislation which dubbed whole communities as criminal, the Government decided that the main objective of the Criminal Tribes Act, viz., to safeguard the rights of society against anti-social influence, could best be secured by functional legislation which dealt with habitual offenders as such rather than by a communal piece of legislation such as the Criminal Tribes Act. The Habitual Offenders' Restriction Act, 1947, was accordingly placed on the Statute Book in 1947 and is now in force.

There need, therefore, be no fear that the repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act would give licence to the hardened criminals drawn from the tribes previously notified under the Criminal Tribes Act, as these hardened criminals would be dealt with under the new Act in the same manner as hardened criminals belonging to any other communities.

PARSI MATRIMONIAL COURT VACANCY

Mr. F. H. Sidhwa's Name Recommended

A vacancy having occurred in the Parsi Matrimonial Court due to the retirement of one of its members, Ervad Jal A. Bajan, after his decennial term, the Trustees of the Board of Parsi Punchayat called, as per instructions of the Secretary to the Government of Bombay to, recommend a name for appointment to fill up the vacancy. A meeting of the Parsi Justices of the Peace was held on Thursday evening, at the J. J. Parsi Benevolent Institute, Hornby Road, when there was a good number of justices.

After the notice of the meeting having been read and the Chairman of the Board of Parsi Punchayat, Sir Shapurji B. Billimoria, presiding on the occasion, acquainted the meeting with the vacancy and the candidature of three candidates, viz., (1) Mr. Framroze H. Sidhwa (of Globe Theatres, Ltd.), (2) Mr. Bhikhaji M. Karanjia and (3) Ervad Jal A. Bajan (the retiring member seeking re-election). Sir Shapurji further informed that out of the three candidates, Nos. 2 and 3 having, later, withdrawn their candidature, there was only one candidate left, viz., Mr. Sidhwa. As advised by Sir Shapurji the name of Mr Sidhwa was proposed by Mr. Pestonji P. Kapadia for recommendation. He spoke of the many qualities of head and heart of Mr. Sidhwa and as being the fittest man for recommendation to Government. The proposal being duly seconded the president announced that he would recommend Mr. Sidhwa's name to fill up the vacancy in the Parsi Matrimonial Court.

Steel Sheds For City Docks

PLAN TO COST RS. 30 LAKHS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With a view to affording greater facility of storage and management of cargo in the blasted and wrecked docks in the Bombay Port, the Port Trust of Bombay it is learnt, are erecting 3 steel sheds with an average capacity of 5,000 tons at a cost of 30 lakhs of rupees.

The sheds, which will be under construction very shortly, are expected to be completed by the middle of next year.

Five other semi-steel sheds at a comparatively lesser cost are also being erected in the same docks.

Prohibition Cases

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 274 cases, arrested 119 persons and seized 135 gallons of illicit liquor, 3,035 gallons of wash, six gallons of spirit and five gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended August 4, 1949.

THE WEATHER

Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday, August 11, 1949:—

The seasonal trough of low pressure still extends from the east United Provinces to the north-west angle of the Bay and conditions may become unsettled in the north west Bay of Bengal.

Rainfall has been widespread in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Bihar, the west United Provinces, the East Punjab, the north Central Provinces and the south Deccan. There has been local rain in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal and Gujarat.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 12TH: Rainfall will be widespread in the Konkan, the east Deccan, the south-east Central Provinces, along the north Madras coast and the contiguous districts of south-east Madras. Local rain will occur in north-east India and in and near the hills of the west United Provinces and the East Punjab. Rainfall will decrease in the west United Provinces and the north Central Provinces.

POONA, August 11 (P.T.I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours with total rainfall from June 1, 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on August 11, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 87 78 0.2 18.1 minus 1.5; Ajmer 87 76 0 13.6 plus 1.9; Bangalore 85 67 0 19.4 plus 11.2; Baroda 88 75 0.1 16.8 —; Bhopal 85 74 0 19.4 minus 12.1; Bhuj 87 — 0 16.4 plus 7.6; BOMBAY 85 77 0.7 51.5 plus 2.9; Calcutta 94 82 0 28.0 minus 0.9; Calicut 89 77 0 73.6 plus 0.1; Cherapunji 71 65 1.6 254.3 plus 19.9; Cochin 85 78 0 59.1 plus 1.3; Colombo 86 78 0 19.7 plus 5.0; Cuttack 90 80 0 17.1 minus 10.8; Dehra Dun 86 72 1.5 39.2 minus 6.3; Delhi 94 81 0.9 20.7 plus 7.4; Hyderabad (Dn.) 88 71 0.3 11.0 minus 1.2; Indore 85 73 0 21.3 plus 1.1; Lahore 95 77 T 5.7 minus 3.2; Lucknow 86 80 0.1 23.5 plus 2.4; Madras 93 78 0 9.8 plus 2.8; Mysore 83 68 0 6.2 plus 0.3; Nagpur 83 74 0 33.7 plus 6.2; Pachmarhi 70 68 0.5 30.3 minus 15.1; Patiala 95 80 0 — —; Patna — 81 0 31.4 plus 8.4; Poona 81 72 0 7.1 minus 5.5; Port Blair 80 71 1.5 64.2 plus 21.3; Rajkot 91 77 0 19.2 plus 2.4; Simla 67 58 0 28.3 minus 1.7; Surat — 78 0.1 25.7 plus 3.1; Vizagapatam 94 80 0 7.2 minus 3.0.

RADIO

FRIDAY, August 12.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee Natwarlal L. Nayak (Gujarati Pad) 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Yeshwant Kerkar (Tabla) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Vimal Narvekar (Deskar) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Natwarlal L. Nayak (Bhajan) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 London Phil. Orch. 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 B. D. Khandekar (Vocal) 5-15 S. P. Mohile (Raag Patdeep) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Vimal Narvekar (Puria Dhanashree) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 A. S. Lalita (Vocal) 7-45 Lavani 8-0 Yeshwant Kerkar (Tabla) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 American Sketch Book Compared by Lee Clarke.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Laxman Prasad Chaube (Vocal) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 S. P. Mohile (Abhang) 12-45 As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 B. L. Khandekar (Vocal) 1-10 Swar Shruti 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Mahila Mandal 4-20 As in Bombay—A 5-30 A. S. Lalita (Vocal) 6-0 Natwarlal L. Nayak (Bhajani) 6-45 Calling Rural Listeners 7-0 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 B. D. Khandekar (Tabla) 8-30 Nava kavya ani rasvichar: (M) 8-45 S. P. Mohile (Hindi Geet) 9-0 Laxman Prasad Chaube (Vocal) 9-30 Records selected and produced by Kunda Gupte 9-45 Indian Classics Retold Kannade Prabandh (E) 10-0 'S. Ion' Roopak (H) by Shivkumar Tripathi 10-30 Vimal Narvekar (Shankrakarna).

NAVKAVYA CHARCHA

On Friday, the 12th August, 1949, at 8-30 p.m., All-India Radio Bombay will broadcast a recorded talk in Marathi, entitled, "Nave kavya Ani Rasvichar", the second talk in the series "Navkavya Charcha". The talk will be given by A. R. Deshpande alias 'Aneel'. This can be heard on 353 and 61.98 Metres.

TAPASE ON "LIBERATION OF CRIMINAL TRIBES"

The Hon Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries, Fisheries and Backward Classes Government of Bombay, will broadcast a talk in English on "Liberation of Criminal Tribes in the Province of Bombay" from All India Radio, Bombay, at 7 p.m. to-day (Friday). This can be heard on 744 and 31.41 metres.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 4, 2005
Muslim: Savval 16, 1368
Parsi: Aspandarmad 14, 1318
Sunrise: 6-19 a.m.
Sunset: 7-8 p.m.
Hightide: 01-44, 14-05
Lowtide: 07-34, 20-24

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE: Meeting at Corporation Hall at 3-40 p.m.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner will meet elected members of Ward No. 7 at Round Temple at 8-30 a.m. to go round the Ward.

MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: Rao Bahadur G. G. Shembekar will address the Chamber at its premises, Industrial Assurance Building, Churchgate, on his experiences abroad, at 4-30 p.m.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY: Condolence meeting to mourn demise of late Manu Thacker, Bombay Art Society Salon, Fort at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY CIVIC ASSOCIATION: Mr. R. V. Parulekar will speak on Primary Education in Marathi at Maharashtra H. School, Lower Parel, at 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class on "Karma", at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain, Fort, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES UNION: Meeting of employees of F. and C. Osler (India) Ltd. at Vithal Sadan, Congress House, at 6-15 p.m.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Lecture on Theosophy and Democratic Way of Life, at Blavatsky Lodge at 6-30 p.m.

AMAR HIND MANDAL: Lecture on One Party Democracy, Kitte Bhandari Hall, Gokhale Road, Dadar at 9-15 p.m.

CHARITY SHOW: Under the Patronage of H. E. the Governor of Bombay, a charity show will be held at Swastik Talkies, Lamington Road, on Saturday at 9-30 a.m., when "Majboor" will be screened.

CLEARANCE OF FOOD CONSIGNMENTS

Rs. 10 Lakhs Plant For City Port

BOMBAY, Thursday, (UPI)

A scheme for the setting up of a grain— discharging plant at a cost of about Rs. 10 lakhs at the Bombay Port for steady clearance of food consignments from the docks, has been approved by the Board of Trustees of the Port Trust of Bombay, awaiting sanction of the Government of India, it is reliably learnt.

The Government of India, it is further learnt, would bear a portion of the cost of implementation of this scheme which is expected to be completed in about eight months' time.

The Port Authorities are of the opinion that even after India's self-sufficiency in food in 1951, this plant which is being installed at so much cost would be useful for other purposes than clearance of food consignments.

276 TONS OF MILO DAMAGED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two hundred and seventy-six tons of Milo consigned to Bombay by s. s. "Atlantic Breeze" from the U.S.A. were damaged by the bursting of a steam pipe of the ship, it is understood.

The ship brought a load of 9,600 tons of Milo-maize, but only a part of the cargo was damaged by the bursting of the pipe.

The damaged grain was sold by the Government to a starch manufacturer, and fifty per cent of its cost was recovered. The Government has lodged a claim with the shipping company for compensation for the loss sustained.

The report that about 3,000 bags of milo-maize had been damaged resulting in the loss of a lakh of rupees to Government is not correct, said a top-ranking official of the R. F. C.'S office adds the United Press of India.

DO YOU WANT GAS

Perhaps you are one of the comparatively few Bombay residents who are lucky enough to have Gas, but are often inconvenienced by the low pressure of your supply.

More probably you are one of the many unfortunate people who do not at present enjoy the benefits of Gas.

The existing Gas supply could be increased and further installations made, provided the Bombay Gas Company is not prevented from implementing its plans for expansion by controlled uneconomic rates for its products.

More Gas and its by-products, such as coke, creosote and valuable fertilisers, can be made available to the public but this will be possible only when the authorities co-operate with the Company by readjusting the rates.

Gas is invaluable in the home and indispensible in industry.

GAS
THE MAGIC FLAME
SERVING BOMBAY SINCE 1863

Issued by The Bombay Gas Co., Ltd.

ADTS BGC 831

BOMBAY TO GET MOTHER TODAY!
THE IDEAL TYPE OF MOTHER
—What it's like? See the Ideal mother's portrayal by
SULOCHANA CHATTERJI IN
माँ का प्यार
with PREM ADIB, MANORAMA, JEEVAN, GOPE, RANJIT KUMARI, KUMAR, KULDIP, CUCKOO.
Direction: RAM DARYANI Story: K. S. DARYANI
FROM TODAY AT
LAMINGTON
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Hol. 12-45 Plans open
BROADWAY
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. Hol. 12-30.
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN SURPLUS STORES
DATE & TIME: 22nd August 1949, at 10 A.M.
PLACE OF AUCTION: Cossipore Signal Stores Depot, Gun Foundry Road, Cossipore, Calcutta.
AUCTIONEERS: M/s. Banarsi Das & Sons, 57, Theatre Road, Calcutta.
STORES: Pigeon Equipment, Watches, Clocks, Drums, Cans, Carboys, Insulated Wires and Cables, Carbon Tetrachloride, Soda Caustic Lye, Canvas and Rubber Bags, Paints, Power Generators (below I.K.W.), Photographic Chemicals, Flashlights, Bulbs, Electric Lanterns, Shovels, Diggers, Poles, Cable Reels, Cable Layers, Ropes, Wooden and Steel Boxes, Tail Gate Steps, Fire Extinguishers, Paper Tapes, Teletype paper, Cameras and Cloth Panels etc.
Permits for inspection of stores will be issued by the Director, U. S. Transfers, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.
Full details and conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction. Catalogue of stores may be obtained from the auctioneers.
All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction, if required.
Office of the
DIRECTOR, UNITED STATES TRANSFERS,
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.
A.C.63

LETTER OF LAW: OR SPIRIT?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11: A case of vigorous enforcement of prohibition rules was available here when the Ahmedabad excise police arrested a man from Haripur recently on a charge of hiding one tea-spoonful of wine in his bed.

The person has since been prosecuted for violating the regulations.

Prizes For Planting Trees

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The three divisional prizes, of Rs. 500/- each, announced last year, by the Government of Bombay for planting the largest number of trees during the period from June 1 to October 31, 1948 and rearing them up have been awarded to Shehra, in Hansot Mahal in Broach district, to Umberkhede, in Chalisgaon taluka of East Khandesh district, and to Ghonsari, in Devgad taluka of Ratnagiri district. These three villages planted, during the period, and reared up 6,445, 3,982 and 7,154 trees respectively. The prizes were awarded on the recommendations of the Commissioners of Divisions.

The Government has also awarded, on the recommendations of the Collector and Chairman of the District Rural Development Board concerned, district prizes in the same connection for the district of Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Surat, Thana, Banas Kantha, Sabar Kantha, Poona, Ratnagiri, Dharwar and Kanara. Three prizes —the first of Rs. 100, the second of Rs. 60 and the third of Rs. 40 have been awarded to three villages in each of these districts.

KILLING WILD ANIMALS FOR CROP PROTECTION

Ahmedabad Citizens' Protest To Govt.

AHMEDABAD, August 10, (PTI): Several prominent citizens of Ahmedabad have formed an association to carry on agitation against the Government's policy to kill wild animals for protection of crops.

The Association has held protest metings and sent telegrams to Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, reminding him that 'wholesale slaughter of animals' was against the aryan cult and the Ashoka Chakra, the emblem of the Indian flag. The telegrams add that the country achieved independence through non-violence.

USELESS DEBATES WASTE TIME AND MONEY

Bombay Mayor Pulls Up Corporators

BOMBAY, Thursday.

MR. S. K. PATIL, Mayor, who presided over a meeting of the Municipal Corporation, told the Corporators: "Most of the debate today is a waste of time and consequently waste of public money. I am bound to use my authority when valuable public time is wasted in this manner. I will not allow debates to drag on and stray away from the subject.

"Today's discussions are on no doubt a subject of life and death importance, but the debate has shown more death than life. I may not have the legal authority to restrain the speakers, but, I am sure I have the moral support of the House".

These remarks were engendered when the debate of a resolution moved by Mr. Homi Talyarkhan at the last meeting dragged on interminably. The resolution suggested that Municipal Corporators should encourage the eating of subsidiary foods in their wards.

The first Mayoral interruption came when one of the Corporators, who habitually speaks in Marathi, started off in English. Mr. Patil said: "I do not want a demonstration of multilingual prowess. Members must stick to one language as far as possible".

REMARKS AGAINST NEHRU

Mr. D. V. Patel, who took up the resolution today strongly objected to certain remarks made at the last meeting by Corporator Dinkar Desai about Pandit Nehru's gift of mangoes to Bernard Shaw and Dr. R. M. Lohia.

Mr. Patel said that "poking fun at India's Prime Minister was not proper for any member". Referring to another member, Mr. Dharia, he said that he had given a "clownish performance".

On a Socialist Party Member asking the Mayor if the word clown was parliamentary, Mr. Patil ruled: "The word clown has not the distinction of being included in parliamentary usage".

Mr. M. Harris, supporting the stand taken by Mr. Dinkar Desai said that there was nothing wrong in referring to the Prime Minister in the Corporation. The Prime Minister being a democratic leader could have no objection to people expressing their views on his actions. He felt that in the present circumstances, when even the middle classes felt it a hardship to buy cereals, to ask them to buy subsidiary foodstuffs was "ridiculous".

Mr. Homi Talyarkhan, in his reply to the debate said that buffaloes thrived on groundnut cakes. But, it was good for human beings also, as it was rich in vitamins.

His original resolution was carried, and the amendment was lost.

SWEEPERS' AWARD

The Chairman of the Standing Committee, Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kadar then moved that the letter from the Municipal Commissioner intimating that he had already submitted a detailed report implementing the terms of the award given by the Industrial Tribunal in the last Sweepers' Strike Adjudication, be recorded.

This evoked an amendment from Mr. M. Harris that a paragraph be added to it viz. that the Commissioner be requested to submit a detailed report and the steps he proposed to take, with regard to the recommendatory aspects of the award.

Mr. Harris said that while the Commissioner had implemented the mandatory parts of the Award, he had done nothing about the recommendatory parts. Gandhiji's description of the Municipal Sweepers' Chawls as "hell on earth and plague spots", still held good in some places.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha said that if the Municipal Commissioner only took the trouble to go round Sweepers' Chawls, he could see for himself that certain parts of the Award had not even been tackled, let alone being fully implemented.

"It is a disgrace", he said that such a rich body as the Bombay Municipality was spending as little as Rs. 25 on some of its dispensaries. In some instances, these dispensaries, had no furniture, no syringes, no taps, no hot water and the medicines were dumped in some corners in gunny bags.

NO COMPULSION

The Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel said that some of the criticisms were based on the fact that the speakers did not know the meaning of the word award. The Tribunal had ordered that certain things should be done. They had been done.

The fact that the Corporation had sanctioned Rs. three lakhs for improving Municipal chawls, showed that even the recommendatory aspects had been tackled in many instances. Similarly, the supervisory staff had been augmented. But, it had to be remembered that the acreage of Bombay remained stationary.

"We are not compelling our workers to live in our chawls. They may live where they want and take the house rent they are entitled to", he added.

The resolution was carried.

Mr. Patil informed the House that in order that precious time should not be wasted, he would henceforth follow the procedure of the Legislature and allot each speaker ten minutes.

THEFT IN CITY GODOWN

Three Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three men who are alleged to have broken open a godown, stolen goods worth Rs. 17,000 and sold them to a Marwari for Rs. 450 were taken into custody by the police, who had been searching for them for the last five days.

Producing Baboolal Pannalal, Baburao Rangrao and Shivnarayan Guruprasad who were arrested last night by the General Branch of the C.I.D., before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate today, the police stated that Pannalal had kept a close watch on a godown at Kalbadevi Road for some time past. A few days ago, he and the other accused had 'raided' the place. They had come in a taxi, broken open the godown by bending the bars of the windows and removed three bales of silk and satin and had carried away the goods in the taxi. Thereafter the three accused are alleged to have sold the goods valued at Rs. 17,000 to a Marwari for Rs. 450.

Strangely enough the three are alleged to have planned a further 'raid' exactly on the same godown once more. Accordingly on August 6 at about 2 a.m., they attempted to break open the godown. This time, however, a servant of the owner who was more alert raised an alarm. The three men managed to make good their escape, the police stated.

MRS. F.S. TALYARKHAN DEAD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan, widow of the late Justice Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan.

Mrs. Talyarkhan who passed away at her residence, Court View, opposite the Oval Maidan this morning was aged 73 and was a well known social worker in the city. As a leading member of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council and various other organisations she did yeoman service in many philanthropic endeavours.

Mrs. Talyarkhan leaves behind four children, Mr. A. F. S. Talyarkhan, the sports commentator, and Rustom Shrin and Frene.

Her funeral will take place at Poona this evening.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Seven hundred workers employed in the workshops of the Bombay Steam Navigation Company Limited at Mazagaon struck work this morning demanding payment of bonus to them.

FOREIGN FILMS FOR THIS WEEK

Dane Clark and Geraldine Brooks in "Embraceable You"

"EMBRACEABLE YOU"

At The Strand

Dane Clark and Geraldine Brooks head a cast of famous stage stars in Warner Bros.' smashing drama, "EMBRACEABLE YOU".

When Dane Clark, small time crook, drives a gateway car for murderer Richard Rober, he runs down unemployed dancer Geraldine Brooks. Though her injuries are neither visible nor painful, the doctor tells Clark her days are numbered. Detective Wallace Ford suspects Clark and bluffs him into helping the girl. Clark complies, first reluctantly; later, happily, as he and Geraldine fall in love. To escape vengeance-bent Rober, Clark and Geraldine hide out in a secluded suburb. Here she suffers a severe attack, presaging her imminent death. She divines the truth and they decide to marry. On their wedding day Clark, tracked down by Rober, is saved by Ford. For the sake of the dying girl Ford nods assent when Clark pleads for permission to proceed with the wedding before making a complete confession.

S. Z. Sakall first won recognition on the European stage before coming to Hollywood. Lina Romay, who goes dramatic in "EMBRACEABLE YOU" was singing star with Xavier Cugat.

Produced by Saul Elkins, directed by Felix Jacoves. Screen play by Edna Annalt; from a story by Dietrich V. Hamnekin and Aleck Block.

"LITTLE WOMEN"

At The Metro

One of the year's finest motion pictures is being offered to Metro Theatre patrons this week with the showing of M-G-M's star-studded filmization of "LITTLE WOMEN". Read by millions, the beloved Louisa May Alcott story of a happy little family has been brought to life in celluloid terms enhanced by Technicolor and illuminated with heart-warming portrayals.

Producer-Director Mervyn LeRoy has taken no liberties with this time-tested story and it is all there on the screen just as it is in the book. We meet the devoted, close-knit March family-Marmee, Papa March, high-spirited Jo, little Beth, Amy, Meg and despotic Aunt March, and we also meet Laurie and his forbidding father, Professor Bhaer, John Brooke, old Dr. Barnes and all the others.

The days of happiness, moments of despair, acts of courage and generosity the far-flung ambitions of the little women, their romantic infatuations, and denouements, Jo's deetermination to become a writer even if it means being an old maid (a fate from which she is ultimately saved by Professor Bhaer), Beth's tragic death, Amy's marriage to Laurie and Meg's to John Brooke-all go to make up a pattern in which both tears and laughter have their share in a drama of youth and love.

Every member of the discerningly-chosen cast fits his and her part like a glove. June Allyson is perfectly suited to the role of the tomboyish Jo, who sacrifices her lovely hair in order to provide Marmee with the money to visit their wounded soldier-father, who defies convention, loses her beloved Laurie but ends up with both a husband and a career. Peter Lawford offers a bracing portrayal of the impetuous Laurie, Margaret O'Brien is a touching little Beth, Elizabeth Taylor sparkles as the radiant Amy, Janet Leigh lends quiet dignity to the part of Meg, eldest of the girls.

Then we have Mary Astor as the sympathetic Marmee; the noted Italian Actor Rossano Brazzio making his American film debut as Professor Bhaer who solves Jo's romantic problems, Lucile Watson, as the overbearing Aunt March, the veteran C. Aubrey Smith as Mr. Laurence, who takes the shy Beth under his wing; Elizabeth Patterson as the blustering maid-of-all-work, Leon Ames as Mr. March Harry Davenport as Dr. Barnes and Richard Stapley as the young tutor with whom Meg finds happiness. All of the performances have the warmth and tenderness with which Miss Alcott peopled her famous story.

MEHLI MEHTA'S VIOLIN RECITAL

Well Balanced Selection

BOMBAY, Thursday: Mehli Mehta gave his second violin recital on Thursday evening at the C. J. Hall, without orchestral accompaniment but with Joseph de Lima at the piano. His selection again was well balanced and particularly welcome in the enterprise shown in selecting compositions that have never been performed in Bombay before.

The C. J. Hall is not noted for good accoustics and some of the more delicate notes were lost for those sitting farther away. Bombay has not yet awakened to the need of even a tolerably good hall for music an absolute cultural necessity, although money seems to flow in for other and sometimes less worthy causes.

It is a pity that artists of the calibre of Mehli Mehta have to make the best of our existing hall, and if he gave an excellent recital it was inspite of the hall and all the more credit is due to his performance.

The Vivaldi Sonata in D Major was the first item, and in spite of simple design and melody, the execution was brilliant as the tone and feeling were clearly and spontaneously brought out. The Bach Sonata in G minor for unaccompanied violin, like all unaccompanied pieces lacks fullness, but Mehli Mehta's sparkling technique was obvious in this item and his rendering was exceptional.

The Vieuxtemps Concerto No. 5 with its complex modern romanticism, balancing the first half of the programme, offered scope for the robust treatment it received, showing the virile brilliance of the soloist. The accompaniment was as perfect as could be desired.

For the second half, Sibelius' Concerto in D minor filled the board. The variety of mood and the variations of style from gentle melodies to rugged passages of Tentonic force and power, require a violinist of very high standard to do justice to the concerto, and render it with vigorous fullness without an orchestra—it is needless to say that Mehli Mehta satisfied the most critical expectations, receiving overwhelming applause. He had to respond with quite a few encores.

We are looking forward to the concert of the Symphony Orchestra Society on the 22nd of this month with an augmented orchestra under the baton of Joseph de Lima with Mehli Mehta as soloist.

SECOND WEEK RUN

"A CONNECTICUT YANKEE IN KING ARTHUR'S COURT" Continues at the Regal.
"THE SNAKE PIT" continues at the New Empire.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

REGAL:
"A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court" starring Bing Crosby, Rhonda Fleming, William Bendix.

NEW EMPIRE:
"The Snake Pit" starring Olivia de Havilland, Mark Stevens, Celeste Holm, Leo Genn and Glenn Langan.

METRO:
"Little Women", starring June Allyson, Peter Lawford, Margaret O'Brien, Elizabeth Taylor, Janet Leigh, Rossano Brazzi, Mary Astor, Lucile Watson, Sir C. Aubrey Smith, Harry Davenport.

STRAND:
"Embraceable You" starring Dane Clark, Geraldine Brooks, S. Z. Zakall, Wallace Ford and Lina Romay.

PALACE:
"Song of Scheherazade" starring Yvonne DeCarlo, Brian Donlevy.

AURORA:
"That Mad Mr. Jones", starring Red Skelton.

LIBERTY:
Sunday, 10-30 a.m. and Monday, August 15, 10-30: "Fievres" starring Tino Rossi.

BANDRA:
"The Search."

CITY FIRM MANAGER CONVICTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Managing Director of an Insurance Company in Bombay, who was alleged to have knocked down a ten-year-old boy near the band stand at Colaba on July 2 and then refused either to take the injured boy to hospital or to give details to the police regarding the accident, was convicted on two counts and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15 each count by Mr. T. S. Vyas Presidency Magistrate at Esplanade Court today.

Convicting Laxmidas Premji Gokuldas, Managing Director of Jaya Bharat Insurance Company, who is alleged to have driven his own car and knocked down the boy, the Magistrate remarked that he took a serious view of cases where rich men showed such callousness to the victims of accidents.

A witness in the case stated in court that the accused simply refused to listen to his pleading that the injured boy needed immediate attention in a hospital and he should be taken there.

The driver of the car, who had also been arrested in connection with the same accident was acquitted by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday.

The Magistrate also reprimanded the police for arresting the wrong man in the case.

TREES ON LEASED LANDS

Tenants' Rights Explained

BOMBAY, Thursday.

It has been brought to the notice of the Government of Bombay that many tenants are not yet aware of some of the valuable rights conferred on them by the Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1948, particularly those under sections 19 and 20 of the Act, which provide that if a tenant has planted or plants any trees on any land leased to him, he shall be entitled to the produce and the wood of such trees during the continuance of his tenancy and he shall, on the termination of his tenancy, be entitled to such compensation for the said trees as may be determined by the Mamlatdar.

So far as other trees are concerned, a tenant shall, during the continuance of his tenancy, be entitled to two-thirds of the total produce of the trees naturally growing on the land, the landlord being entitled to the rest of the produce. These rights should encourage the agriculturists to take more interest in planting and rearing trees as also in undertaking useful cottage industries like palm gur manufacture. The Government has directed Collectors of Districts to bring these rights specifically to the notice of tenants and see that they exercise them and approach the Mamlatdar in case of dispute or difficulty.

FLOOD HAVOC IN GWALIOR

Communication Lines Affected

GWALIOR, Aug. 11 (PTI): Bhind District was stated to have suffered a heavy damage in crops by the recent floods.

Mr. Shyamlal Pandviya, Minister for Communications, who toured the district on Tuesday, said nearly one lakh acres of fields had been denuded of crops.

The Minister said his Department had suffered Rs. 40,000 damage due to breaches in the communication lines by heavy downpour.

Although exact figures are not yet available, it is believed here that total loss would run into several lakhs.

Shop Assistant On Theft Charge

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Vijalynakhan Khiradin Khan stated to be a watchman employed by a Tailoring Establishment at Churchgate Street was arrested by the Bombay City Police yesterday on charge of alleged complicity in the theft of woollen and silk cloth valued at Rs. 7,220.

The suspect was produced before Mr. Oscar Brown, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at Esplanade Court today and it was stated by the police that the tailoring shop was broken on Tuesday night and woollen and silk cloth was stolen. The suspect was said to be the watchman of the shop employed by the complainant to look after the establishment.

The Magistrate enlarged the suspect on bail.

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BOMBAY OFFICE: Princess Street,

Ezzard Charles Gus Lesnevich Batters

"I'LL FIGHT ANYBODY TILL I AM RECOGNISED"

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (UPA).

EZZARD Charles kept his heavyweight title tonight by using washed-up Gus Lesnevich as a punching bag and scoring a technical knockout over him at the end of the seventh round before a crowd estimated at 20,000 in Yankee Stadium.

Charles, who is recognized as world champion by the National Boxing Association, gave Lesnevich such a battering that both eyes were bleeding and nearly closed when trainer Freddie Fierro notified referee Ruby Goldstein that Lesnevich would be unable to continue.

GUS RETIRES

Lesnevich, 34 and the former world light heavyweight king, was sitting on his stool in the corner just after the bell had ended the seventh round when Fierro decided that Gus was finished. Lesnevich announced his retirement from the ring as soon as he reached the dressing room. He had been stopped for the fifth time in a career now in its 15th year. He said he had had enough.

Charles, a slender Negro from Cincinnati, was making his first defence of the NBA crown but he fought with far more aggressiveness and savagery than on the night of June 22 when he outpointed ancient Jersey Joe Walcott at Chicago for the title left vacant by Joe Louis' retirement. Tonight he was out to prove to the public and the New York Commission that he was a fighting champion. The New York Commissior, not a member of the NBA, does not recognize the 28-year-old Negro champion.

There were no knockdowns during the bout which had been scheduled for 15 rounds. However, Lesnevich was shaken in nearly every round but the sixth and he was well staggered in the third and fourth session. He was nearly helpless in the seventh. Gus won only the sixth round when his left hooks and straight rights to the head slowed up the champion temporarily. But Charles came out blazing in the seventh and battered the challenger's body with terrific kidney smashes and then lifted his attack to the head. The challenger from Cliffside Park, New Jersey, was bleeding from cuts on his left cheek and left brow and from a gash under his right eye when Fierro halted the bout. He had been expected to bleed earlier, for, Lesnevich's face is heavily seamed with scar tissue from old cuts.

Lesnevich gave him "just about as tough a fight" as Walcott had, Charles said. However, to the crowd the match appeared very uneven except in the sixth round.

WILL FIGHT ANYBODY

"I'll fight anybody they'll give me", Charles continued, "Untill I'm recognized as the champion—everywhere".

Lesnevich, who had been stopped previously by Bruce Woodcock, Lee Oma, Young Corbett and Freddie Steele, landed some good head blows in nearly every round except the seventh but he was unable to sustain an attack and he lacked the sharp reactions that had enabled him to evade punches in the past.

Lesnevich weighed 182 pounds; Charles 180.

THE FIGHT, ROUND BY ROUND

1 Charles landed a right to the body and Gus a solid right to the chin. Ezzard landed a left and right to the body. They sparred cautiously and Lesnevich landed a left to the stomach. Gus jabbed and then shot a right cross. Charles pounded a right to the ribs and a left to the head and took two light punches to the body and countered with a sharp right to the head. Gus took a right and left to the chin, then a hard right to the jaw and they clinched. Gus jabbed twice and took a right to the chin which shook him. Two more rights hurt Gus and he landed a left hook. Charles landed two hard right hooks to the chin which again shook Gus. Another right hook to the chin sent Gus back but he returned with a right and left to the head as the round ended. Charles' round.

2 Gus jabbed to the chin and they clinched. Both were cautious and the referee warned Charles about hitting on the break. Gus dug a left hook to the body and then took a right cross to the head. They tied each other up again. Lesnevich landed a short left hook and then a hard right to the chin. He fired another left jab to Charles chin and then took two sharp lefts to the head and then a barrage of rights and lefts. Gus fought back hard with a stinging straight left which broke up Charles attack. Gus landed a right hook. Charles was shooting for the head but missing. Gus put a left jab and a right hook to the head and then a solid right and left to the head. Lesnevich hooks to the head and took a right to the body at the bell. Charles round.

3 Charles moved in and they punched toe to toe doing little damage. Charles landed a sharp right to the head and then another left hook which shook Gus. Charles landed a sharp left to the eye and took a hard right to the head. Charles was bobbing and weaving and hooked a savage left and right to Gus head. Gus took a left to the stomach and a sharp left hook to the head, then fired a sharp right to Ezzard's jaw. Charles hooked twice to the head and then rocked Gus with a series of smashing lefts and rights to the head. Charles landed a ripping right to the body and a left to the head as Gus fought back furiously. He used rights and lefts to the body. Gus jabbed two lefts to the head and took a left hook to the chin at the bell. Charles' round.

4 Gus' right eye appeared to be swelling rapidly. Charles landed two sharp hooks to the head and a jarring left jab to the mouth. Gus hooked a left hand to the head and Charles fired a right hand to the body as the pace slowed. Charles jabbed twice to the head and a right hook to the chin. Gus hooked to the head with a left and both were missing steadily. Charles landed a one-two to the head and two jarring left jabs to the mouth, following with a right cross to the chin which shook Gus. Four more sharp jabs shock Gus' head before he landed a felt hook. Charles landed three sharp left hooks which almost floored Gus. Then he fired a series of crashing rights and lefts which had Lesnevich in retreat. Gus pounded home two hard left hooks but took a roundhouse right to the ribs. Charles' round.

5 Gus hooked to the head and then took three hard lefts to that swelling right eye. Charles drove a straight right to the head and took a right and left to the head. Charles hooked twice to the head and then shook Gus with a series of head punches. Charles cut Gus' face with a glancing right hand. Gus was jabbing weakly and then with the blood streaming down his face took another right to the left cheek. Charles landed a straight left to the nose and was jarring Gus with left jabs when Gus landed a staggering right. It landed on the jaw. Gus landed two left jabs. Charles drove a right and left to the head and Charles started to miss with wild swings. The jabs bobbed Gus head and Charles landed a sharp left at the bell. Charles' round.

6 Gus hooked to the head and landed a sharp left jab. Charles shot over three left jabs and a right hook to the head. Gus shot two left hooks to the head. Gus landed two hard left hooks. Gus jabbed to the head. Then Gus shook Charles with a left to the body. Charles landed three left jabs and a right to the kidneys. Gus pounded home a one-two. Gus drove a right hook and then a left hook to Charles head. Charles was working slower. Charles hooked to the head and took a left jab to the chin. Charles landed three jabs and a left hook. Charles threw a left to the stomach and hooked to Gus head. Gus landed a left hook and took one. Lesnevich's round.

7 They sparred cautiously. Charles landed two sharp rights and a left hook. Lesnevich jabbed to the mouth and took a right to the body. Gus landed two jabs. The tempo slowed as they sparred cautiously. Charles threw a right to the kidney and a right to the head. Charles threw a left and hard rights to the stomach. Gus jabbed to the chin and Charles pounded the body in infighting. Charles pounded the head with a left and right to the head and then shot another right to the nose as the round ended. Charles' round.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage
4-30 p.m. Mascarenhas XI vs. Ruia College (Practice game).
5-45 p.m. R.I.N. vs. Rest XI (Trial)

Brabourne Stadium
6 p.m. Cuncolim vs. St. John's Pilerne.

St. Xavier's College, Parel
4-30 p.m. Globe S.C. "B" vs. B.B. & C.I. Rly. Workshop (H.V.M. Cup).
5-40 p.m. BEST vs. St. Xavier's "A" (Harwood League, Second Division).

TABLE TENNIS

St. Xavier's College Hall
6 p.m. Quarter-final of Men's Sinles 6-45 Semi-finals of Junior's Singles; 7-15 p.m. Semi-finals of Mixed Doubles; 7-30 Final of Consolation Singles and Final of Veteran's Singles (St. Xavier's Open TT Tournament.)

BADMINTON

Elphinstone College
5 p.m. Inter-College Tournament.

New Seven Furlong Record Broken

CHICAGO, August 11 (PTI-Reuter) World record of one minute 21 and two fifth seconds for seven furlongs was set up by Mr. Joseph A. Goodwin's Kentucky-bred three-year-old KY Colonel in winning the Sheridan Handicap at Washington.

KY Colonel, achestnut colt by Balladier out of Ministrellette, won $4,487 for Mr. Goodwon his owner breeder who lives in Lexington, Kentucky.

The previous record for seven furlongs on a round course was shared by Honeymoon and Buzfuz who, each recorded one minute twenty-one and four fifth seconds at Hollywood Park, California, in June 1947.

The record for a straight seven furlongs is one minute twenty seconds, set up by first edition at Hurst Park, England, in 1926.

EZZARD CHARLES' NEXT OBJECTIVE

To Match Woodcock-Savold Winner For World Title

NEW YORK, August 11 (PTI-Reuter): Next objective of Ezzard Charles, who last night retained his world heavyweight title (American version), battering Gus Lesnevich in seven rounds, is expected to be a match with winner of the forthcoming Bruce Woodcock versus Lee Savold fight for the undisputed world heavyweight title.

DAVE FREEMAN PLANS TO RETIRE

But His Pals Are Trying To Change His Mind

PASADENA, California (UPA): Dr. Dave Freeman, possibly the greatest singles player in the history of badminton, is planning retirement from tournament competition, but his friends are trying to change his mind.

The 28-year-old Freeman, who has not been beaten in a singles match in more than ten years, now is attending the University of Michigan, taking special courses in neuro-surgery which may last for four or five years.

He feels that the concentration needed for this subject will make tournament badminton an impossibility.

DAN MASKELL IN SEMI-FINAL

EASTBOURNE, August 11 (PTI-Reuter): Dan Maskell, of the All-England Club, advanced in his bid for his 15th title when he reached the singles semi-finals in the British Professional Lawn Tennis Championships at Devonshire Park here today. Maskell, who is the holder, beat Stanley Fannell, of the Talley Ho Club, Birmingham, by 6-4, 6-1, 6-4 in the quarter finals.

In the Semi-finals Maskell wellplay Basil Lawrence, of Bath, while Bill Holmes, of Queen's Club, will play Derek bocquet, of Cheltenham.

Freddie Mills-Joey Maxim Bout For World Title

LONDON, August 11, (PTI-Reuter): Jack Solomons, the London promoter, is willing to stage a world light heavyweight championship fight between the holder Freddie Mills of Britain, and Joey Maxim, American champion, in London in the autumn.

Ted Broadribb, Mills' Manager, said last night in New York that he had "practically agreed for Mills to defend his title against Maxim in London, provided Solomons was agreeable."

Solomons said today: "I have always insisted that Mills is under contract to me to defend his title."

MADRAS, August 11, (PTI): Sappers and Miners, Bangalore, trounced the Telegraph Recreation Club by seven goals to nil in the quarter-final of the Madras Cricket Club Invitation Hockey Tournament here today. The winners have now moved into the semi-final.

Only 13 Players To Go To Kabul

CALCUTTA, August 11 (PTI).—The Government of India, who are sponsoring the Indian Football Team's tour to Kabul, have now informed the All-India Football Federation that only 13 players are to be sent, including 7 students and 6 non-students.

Announcing this Mr. Pankaj Gupta, Hon. Secretary of the A.I.F.F. told the P.T.I. that the Federation who had previously selected 15 players to make the trip would now have to drop two players from the original list, maintaining the ratio of students and non-students undisturbed. He added: "It has been found difficult to send a team with only two reserves and, as a second goal-keeper has to be sent, it boils down to the fact that only one reserve will now accompany the team. Accordingly, it has been decided to drop Taj Mohamed and R. Guha Thakurta from the team. A further representation has, however, been made to increase the number to 14 or 15, and if the Government of India agree, then these two players will also be included. The players forming the team have been advised to report at Delhi on the 16th as there is a possibility of the team playing a match at Delhi on the 17th and leaving for Kabul by air on the 18th."

Mr. B. R. K. Tandon of U.P. who was the Manager of the Indian Team in Ceylon two months ago, will also accompany the team to Kabul as Manager.

The following is the personnel of the team now selected:

Goal:—Sanjiva, Bombay (Non-Student),

Backs: — Aziz, Hyderabad and Thangaswami, Madras (both students).

Halves:—Latif, Bengal (Student), Sanmogham, Mysore (Non-Student) and S. Roy Bengal (Student).

Forwards:—S. Ghosh, Bengal (Non-Student), Abid Hossain, Capt. Bengal, (Student), Mewalal, Bengal (Non-Student), Kanjilal, Bihar (Student) and Puran Bahadur, Services (Non-Student).

Reserves:—Mr. Sarkar—Goal, Bengal (Student) and Bashir Mysore (Non-Student).

Bombay Billiards League

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following are results of the matches played during the week ending August 7th in the Bombay Provincial Billiards League:

Results of the matches played during week ended August 7:—

SOUTH ZONE: Bombay Gymkhana "A" (plus 20) beat A. C. C. Sports Club (plus 180) 768—766; Catholic Gymkhana "A" (minus 20) beat Parsi Gymkhana (plus 10) 780—369; Islam Gymkhana "A" (minus 110) beat Cricket Club of India (minus 10) 656—550.

WEST ZONE: Bombay City Police Club "A" (minus 30) beat Bombay Gymkhana "B" (plus 40) 765—653; Tata Sports Club (puls 70) beat Catholic Gymkhana "B" (plus 60) 749—723; P. J. Hindu Gymkhana "B" (plus 100) beat Merchants' Club (plus 90) 874—668.

CENTRAL ZONE: Bombay Port Trust Sports Club (plus 140) beat Bombay City Police Club "B" (plus 120) 909—713; Elphinstone Cricket Club (minus 30) beat Y. M. C. A. (Proctor) (minus 40) 595—575; Y. M. C. A. (Byculla) (plus 50) beat Post Office Recreation Club (plus 110) 850—419.

NORTH ZONE: Bandra Gymkhana (plus 50) beat Dadar Club (plus 160) 841—758; Matharpacady Club (plus 90) beat Dadar Parsi Colony Gymkhana (plus 80) 780—723; G. I. P. Dly. Institute (Byculla) plus 10) beat Mysore Association (plus 250) 810—564.

Result of week ended July 31:—

Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana (plus 50) beat Bandra Gymkhana (plus 50) 780—771.

TRADES' CONVINCING WIN OVER RASHID'S XI

Return Match In Senior Division Of Harwood League

BOMBAY, Thursday.

TRADES scored a facile win over Rashid's XI this evening when they met them in their return engagement of the Senior Harwood League this evening at the Cooperage.

Trades without exerting themselves played well in keeping with their reputation and the goals scored against them were due to lapses on the part of the deep defenders who were prone to take things easy when they were leading comfortably.

Rashid's on the other hand played as well as they were allowed to. The strength of their team has considerably dwindled since they lost the services of their regular players and only the old players were able to do anything of note and save the reputation of their team. Ariknathan in goal though delighting the spectators with his wonderful acrobatics nevertheless marred his performance by overdoing it and letting his side down when his services could have been more useful with the frills cut out. Sanjiva his opposite number selected to make the trip to Afghanistan has fallen from grace and his performances to date are anything but satisfactory and not in keeping with his post displays.

Parab gave Trades the lead with a well placed long shot which took Ariknathan completely unawares after he had effected two smart saves earlier.

Trades continued to exert pressure but were unable to achieve any tangible results and it was only after sometime that Laloo put them further ahead with a neat placement. A little later Ariknathan effected a splendid save from a fierce low drive by Parab.

Rashid's were by now aroused from the haziness they had fallen into and sailed into the Trades goal arear where Sanjiva was kept busy in dealing with the feeble and vain attempts of the opposing forwards, except for one attempt by outside left Vinghese which he dealt with effectively. A few minutes later Rashid's reduced the score when Vinghese sent across a capital centre and Woodcock failed to clear correctly and Ledlie lying handy placed the ballsafely past a helpless Sanjiva.

At the opposite end Max Fernandes lost a grand chance of consolidating his sides position from close range but he balooned the ball over the crossbar.

Trades changed ends leading by the odd goal in three and after the resumption continued to hold the upper hand yet unable to score again.

They failed to score from an indirect free kick when Parab crashed the ball into the host of defenders on the goal line and the ball rebounded to Thomas who shot again but hit Laloo on the head and went safely out of play.

Bhimrao added the third goal for his side after Ariknathan had managed to get his hands to the ball but could not keep it out of the net. Ariknathan's acrobatics nearly cost his side another goal when he failed to punch a free kick by Narayan clear and Max Fernandes rushing up headed it into an empty goal but left back appeared from nowhere to save a certain goal.

Rashid's once again reduced the score when inside-left Puroshram beat Woodcock to the ball and carried on to beat Sanjiva with a deft placement. Trades completed their tally just before the final whistle with a grand goal by Parab from a pass by Bhimrao which found Ariknathan diving too late to save.

The teams were as follows:—

TRADES S.C.:— Sanjiva, Manuel and Woodcock, Narayan, Middlecoat, and Govind: Bhimrao, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Max Fernandes.

RASHIDS S.C.:— Ariknathan: Panna and Hussain: Aziz, Sanker, and Narain: S. D'Souza, Dass, Ledlie, Puroshram and Vinghese.

Referee: D. P. Puthran.

NATIONAL MEDICAL WIN KEEN DOUBLES

Collegiate Badminton

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Further progress was made this afternoon in the Inter-College Badminton Tournament when the men's doubles and the women's doubles matches were decided this evening. The latter event has now entered the quarter-final stage.

The standard of badminton witnessed in the men's doubles event at the Elphinstone College court was very poor and with the possible exception of some of the individuals, all the competitors played like novices.

The best match of the evening, was the one in which Raj Kumar Jain of tennis fame and his partner Goonawalla from National Medical College prevailed over Sydenhamites, M. R. Desai and J. C. Patel by the narrowest of margins. M. R. Desai was the most outstanding of the four and he invariably scored winners with his beautiful smashes, but he received very poor support from his partner who played like a beginner. With little more support he would have easily reversed the verdict.

Xavierites Alves and Shashital outclassed National 'B' and moved into the second round where they will meet the Elphinstonians Nazim Shums and Dhongade in one of the most important matches of the tournament, as both these colleges are trying their utmost for premier honours.

In the ladies doubles matches, all the seeded pairs had easy victories over their opponents.

The following eight colleges (in the order of the draw) have entered the quarter finals of the women's doubles.

St. Xavier 'A', G.M.C. 'A', Wilson 'A' E.C. and R.I.S. 'B', Ruia 'A', Wilson 'B', G.M.C. 'B', and E.C and R.I.S. 'A'.

Following were the results:—

Men's Doubles

FIRST ROUND: C. T. Shah and M. M. Bhagat (Jai Hind 'A') beat M. K. Joshi and G. E. Annati (Khalsa 'A'), 15-3, 15-10; Nazim H. Shums and Dattatreya N. Dhongade (E.C. And R.I.S. 'B') beat L. M. Thakkar and S. Rishi (G.M.C. 'B'), 15-5, 15-7; Oswal De Alves and P. B. Shashital (St. Xavier 'A') beat A. V. Kilpardikar and V. V. Nadkarni (National 'B'), 15-0, 15-4; Mahesh P. Desai and Vinayak P. Desai (E.C. And R.I.S. 'A') W.O. M. W Dhamankar and F P Soonawalla (National Medical 'B'); C. J. Desai and Kazi Kabir (Ismail 'A') beat Ramesh Thakkar and Yatin S. Vyas (Wilson 'A'), 11-15, 15-10, 15-5.

SECOND ROUND; Manohar K. Bhopardikar and G. A. Kamath (Ruia 'A') beat G. M. Prabu and V. G. Chowdhary (Wilson 'B') 15-3, 15-2; S. G. Vasani and S. F. Captain (Podar 'E') W.O. Veterinary 'A', S. N. Kumta and R. B. Pradhan (G.S.M 'A') beat T. P. Eyer and D. Savur (V. J.T.I. 'B'), 9-15, 15-11, 15-6, Vikram Mehta and S. M. Master (Bhavan') 'B') W.O. S.T.C. 'A'); N. B Soman and D. Karai (Law 'A') W.O. Siddharth 'A'; Raj Kumar Jain and A P. Soonawalla (National Medical 'A') beat M. R. Desai and J. C. Patel (Sydenham 'A') 17-16, 12-15, 15-13.

Women's Doubles

SECOND ROUND: Miss Tehmi Vakeel and Miss Babette Saldhana (St. Xavier 'A') beat Miss R. Satarawalla and Miss N. Joglekar (Khalsa 'B'), 15-4, 15-6; Miss S. Bhatawadekar and Miss Phiroja Irani (G.M.C. 'A') W.O. Ismail 'A' Miss P. Sansgiri and Miss N. Uplekar (Wilson 'A') beat Miss T. Wagh and Miss U. V. Pradhan (Siddharth 'B') 15-4, 15-2; Miss Sushila Rege and Miss Vasumati Oak (E.C. And R.I.S. 'B') beat Miss Prabha Gilati and Miss Meera Permanand (G.S.M. 'A') 15-7-15-1; Miss Sumitra Nigudkar and Miss G. Tarapore (Ruia 'A') beat Miss T. Kelkar and Miss P. Limaye (Siddharth 'A') 15-4, 15-7; Miss J. Sovani and Miss V. Kulkarni (Wilson 'B') beat Miss K. Kanwar and Miss N. Joglekar (Khalsa 'B') 17-14, 15-3; Miss P. Mudholkar and Miss P. Natu (G.M.C. 'B') beat Miss G. Patwardhan and Miss V. Thakur (G.S.M. 'B') 15-9, 15-3; Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Miss Mini Kanga beat Miss M. Suleem and Miss M. Patel (Ismail 'B'), 15-0, 15-3.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES

At the Elphinstone College Court.

Men's Doubles (2nd Round)

C. T. Shah and M. M. Bhagat 'Jai Hind 'A') vs. Ismail 'B', Nazim H. Shums and Dattatreya N. Dhongade (E.C. and R.I.S. 'B') vs Oswal De Alves and P. B. Shashital (St. Xavier 'A'); Mahesh P. Desai and Vinayak P. Desai (E.C. and R.I.S. 'A') vs. C. T. Desai and Kazikaber (Ismail 'A'); Veterinary 'B' vs. Siddharth 'B', Bhavan's 'A' vs. Ruia 'B'; S.T.C. 'B' vs. G.S.M. 'B' St. Xavier 'B' vs. Khalsa 'B'; G.M.C. 'A' vs. Syndenham 'B'; National 'A' vs. V.J.T.I. 'A'; Jai Hind 'B' vs. Podar 'A'.

I.F.A. Shield Tournament In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, August 11, (PTI): The following are the results of matches played in the I.F.A. Shield Tournament today.

First Round: Rangers—nil, Brojo Bhusan Samity (Berhampore, Bengal) nil.

Second round: Mohan Bagan one, Kalighat nil.

Dulhousie A.C.—four, Gaya Sporting Club one.

Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following were the results of the football matches played at Parel this evening.

Globe Sports Club "A" 3 (Bashir Akhtur and Ashok), Rainbow S.C (Anchil and A Michael) 2.

Little Pioneers (Sen) 1, India Culture League nil.

NADKARNI ELIMINATES K. H. KAPADIA

Young Burjor Cooper Continues His Success In Xavier's Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THIS evening's programme in the St. Xavier's Open Table Tennis Tournament was the best so far seen in this year's championships, and provided the moderate number of spectators with table tennis of an exceedingly high standard. Almost all the matches played this evening were well contested and most of them were taken to the maximum of five games. Burjor S. Cooper, who created a mild sensation yesterday by getting the better of K. N. S. Narayanan, confirmed the good opinion formed of his game then by continuing his sequences of successes by eliminating, the Varsity champion N. B. Mistry in three straight games to enter the quarter-final stage of the men's singles.

V. M. Nadkarni provided the biggest surprise of the evening when he got the better of K. H. Kapadia in five thrilling games. It was not particularly a good day for the Kapadia Brothers, for D. H. Kapadia just managed to get home in the singles against the most unlikely player to extend him, P. Kumar. The Brothers lost the doubles match in five very interesting games.

Nadkarni played excellently today to beat K. H. Kapadia. The latter player has of late been playing very well indeed, and the success of Nadkarni is for this reason all the more deserving.

V. M. Nadkarni.

Burjor Cooper defended well against N. B. Mistry and beat him in three straight games to qualify for the first time the quarter-final round of this tournament.

Uttam Chandarana, the national champion, who played his first game of the season this evening when he was opposed to the leading chop-player in the city, V. B. Shanbag. Even Uttam found it difficult to lift Shanbag's chop returns, and lost the initial game, but thereafter mastering the situation, he swept through the remaining three games to win easily.

Sam Motiwalla, who possesses an excellently fluent attack on both the flanks, had to measure his strength against Somaya. Somaya managed to get one game from Motiwalla, but the latter was always much too fast both on his feet and in his game, and he entered the quarter-final round of the men's singles. P. Kumar surprised everyone by taking the redoubtable D. H. Kapadia to the full length of five games, before accepting defeat.

The women's singles event planned out to expectations, and the four seeded players in this event found very little difficulty in winning their respective matches.

K. N. S. Narayanan and Sam Motiwalla got the better of a formidable combination in K.H. and his brother D.H. Kapadia. The Varsity champions Mistry and Nadkarni were out of the tournament, when they came up against the hard-hitting pair in Laljee and Prabhu.

Another pair to be contended with, Sampat and Somaya, met their waterloo when they had to play their round with Uttam Chandarana and his partner and well-known player, Dr. Kirloskar.

The following were the results:—

Men's Singles (Seventh Round)

O. Dyer beat B. A. Laljee 21-17, 21-15, 21-15; B. S. Cooper beat N. B. Mistry, 21-14, 21-14, 21-15; C. G. Velkar beat A. I. Jacob 21-12, 21-18, 21-10; V. M. Nadkarni beat K. H. Kapadia 21-16, 17-21, 21-12, 19-21, 21-18; D. H. Kapadia beat P. Kumar, 14-21, 21-17, 17-21, 22-20, 21-11; U. M. Chandarana beat V. B. Shanbag 18-21, 21-15, 21-12, 21-14; S. N. Motiwalla beat D. P. Somaya 21-17, 20-22, 21-19, 21-16; M. V. S. Vittal beat Dr. W. Kirloskar 21-9, 24-22, 21-16.

Juniors' Doubles (Semi-Finals)

N. N. Mulla and J. M. Joshi beat A. R. Amin and S. K. Jalundhwalla 21-14, 21-18; S. K. Thackersey and I. R. Joosab beat N. Bajaj and M. Lulla 21-10, 21-14.

Women's Singles (Quarter-Finals)

Suhasini Dharap beat Mani Bharucha 21-7, 21-11, 21-13; Gool Nasikwalla beat Indu Desai 21-14, 21-12, 21-8; Meera Gajendrasingh beat Siloo Motiwalla 21-16, 21-15, 21-17; Banoo Cama beat Jaya Walawalkar, 21-13, 24-22, 21-12.

Men's Doubles (Quarter-Finals)

B. A. Laljee and V. V. Prabhu beat N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni, 21-19, 27-25, 21-19; U. M. Chandarana and W. Kirloskar beat D. P. Sampat and D. Somaya, 21-13, 21-19, 21-17; S. N. Motiwalla and K. N. S. Narayanan beat K. H. Kapadia and D. H. Kapadia, 10-21, 21-19, 23-25, 21-17, 21-17; O. Dyer and H. M. Khanchand beat R. K. Umrigar and Jimmy Sidhwa, 23-21, 19-21, 21-15, 21-15.

ALDONA S. C. MOVE INTO THE SEMI-FINAL

Soccer At The Stadium

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Aldona Sports Club moved into the semi-final round of the Luzito Cup Tournament at the expense of Guirim S. C. when the former won by two goals to one at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday evening.

It was a game devoid of thrills, but there was enough enthusiasm in the game. Guirim who eliminated Mapuca Union earlier, were expected to show up this evening, but Aldona had them well subdued in the initial period when Noronha scored for Aldona.

Crossing over, Guirim dominated the game for quite a while, and gave glimpses of a form which had enabled them to beat Mapuca. During this period, F. D'Souza equalized for Guirim. The game then took an interesting turn, and both the goals were tested in turn. Towards the closing stages, however, Aldona put all in the game as if determined to decide the issue and Noronha once again scored a snap goal Guirim made several moves thereafter, but Aldona held out well.

ESSEX COLLAPSE AFTER GOOD START

SOUTHEND, August 11. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Far from experiencing difficulty against the New Zealanders here today Essex's early batsmen scored readily, but a collapse of the later batsmen caused the dismissal of the county for 304, 116 runs behind. By close of play the New Zealanders were 40 for three in their second innings.

Essex began their first innings today in reply to the New Zealander's total of 420 on a damp wicket in cloudy weather.

Dodds took risks in his search for runs and came near to being caught when 45 at deep fine leg but completed his half century out of 95 in 80 minutes. He celebrated the feat by hitting Burtt for his seventh four.

The hundred went up in less than an hour and half. Vigar and Dodds kept the scoring rate and were ahead of the clock by lunch when they had put on 80 without being separated.

Essex failed to maintain their progress after tea when their last six wickets fell in 50 minutes for the addition of 42. The New Zealanders changed their order when they batted a second time. Mooney opened the innings with Scott but with only nine runs on the board was caught off Pullinger. Seventeen runs later Reid was legbefore to Ray Smith and at 37 Pullinger had Smith caught behind the wicket. The New Zealanders ended the day 156 runs ahead with seven wickets in hand.

SCORE-BOARD

NEW ZEALAND (1st Innings)	430
ESSEX (1st Innings)	
Dodds lbw Burtt	82
Cray c Donelly b Burtt	29
Vigar c Sutcliffe b Cave	89
Eve c Scott b Cromwell	40
Insob c Mooney b Cave	23
Hasfall c and b Creswell	12
Peter Smith b Cave	0
Wade (not out)	2
Pulinger b Cave	0
EXTRAS	12
TOTAL	304

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/64; 2/158; 3/241; 4/253; 5/277; 6/287; 7/294; 8/301; 9/302.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Cave 24.5/2/82/4.
Cresswell 29/7/63/3.
Burtt 23/6/65/2.
Burke 14/0/52/0.
Sutcliffe 6/0/30/0.

NEW ZEALANDERS (2nd Innings)	
Scott (not out)	19
Mooney c Vigar b Pullinger	4
Reid lbw. b Rav Smith	7
Smith c Wade b Pullinger	7
Hadlee (not out)	2
EXTRAS	1
TOTAL (for 3 wkts.)	40

ACCPTANCES FOR POONA

The following are the Acceptances for Saturday's races at Poona:

THE BARODA PLATE (Div. II)—7 Furlongs.

Triple Alliance 8-12, Mansoor Beg 8-12, Pretty Town 8-12, Par Excellence 8-12, Bara Mulla 8-12, Marhaba 8-12, Loyal Prince 8-12, Pelion 8-12, Stoney 8-12, Mack 8-12, Come On 8-12, Furat 8-12, Basilian 8-12, Leader 8-12.

THE HOLKAR PLATE—6 Furlongs

Indra Mohini 9-10. Morning 8-13 On and On 8-1, Pirkhan 7-13, Parwin 7-12, Ghaflah 7-12, Gurjari 7-8, Time Bomb 7-6, Miss Prestige 7-6, Mlinette 7-4, Vagabond Prince 7-1, Kiss Miss 7-0, Steve 7-0, Fair Rose 7-0.

THE PATIALA PLATE (Div. II)—7 Furlongs.

Tamanna 9-6, Down South 9-2, Al Hamra 9-2, Broken Mask 9-0, Sweetest Desire 9-0, Magic Hour 8-12, Nicotine 8-8, Gipsy Bill 8-7, Torrent 8-5, Princess Victory 8-5, Rohini 8-2, Khushroo 7-8, Mayfair Lady 7-5, Miss Rutty 7-0.

THE BARODA PLATE (Div. I)—7 Furlongs.

Bihari 8-12, Malabar Star 8-12, Pick Pocket 8-12, Tawaqul 8-12, Parker Prince 8-12, Lerins 8-12, Pyare Saheb 8-12, Amarnath 8-12, Dominate 8-12 Summer Lightning 8-12, Rustum 8-12 Thunderer 8-12, Nea Hellas 8-12, Shah Fredoon 8-12.

THE PATIALA PLATE (Div. I)—7 Furlongs.

Ijjat 9-2, Marlow 9-0, Gang Bhup 9-0 Son of Gun 8-13, The Girl Friend 8-13 Vagabond Queen 8-10, Pessimist 8-9 Who Knows 8-4, My Chance 7-13 Golden Square 7-12, Celeste 7-10.

THE ELLORA PLATE—7 Furlongs.

My Pet 9-6, Repartee 9-3, Medallion 8-12, Sunnything 8-10, Tomcat 8-8, Independence 8-7, Pride d'Antibes 8-4, Flying Clipper 8-4, Once Again 8-2 Game Bid 8-1, Sweet Maryla 8-1, Churchill 7-9, Duke of Ramgarh 7-8.

THE VIRAMGAM PLATE—1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Namdar 9-3, Happy Go Lucky 8-9, Near Image 8-4, Brave Prince 7-11, Mayya Devi 7-7, Fie 7-1, Rao Saheb 7-1.

THE E. S. GODFREY PLATE—1 1/4 Miles.

D. Day 9-2, Courage 9-1, Bashir 9-0, Saita 9-0, Aflatoon 8-13, Shivaji 8-11, Embarkation 8-11, Kalpna 8-9, Rang Rao 8-9, Mardan 8-7, Lady Cleopatra 8-5, Panditji 8-4, Show On 8-3, King's Star 8-2, Valiant Prince 7-13.

The Bombay Chronicle

Nothing begins, and nothing ends
That is not paid with Moan;
For we are born in other's pain,
And perish in our own.
—FRANCIS THOMPSON

COST OF DECONTROL

The report on currency and finance for the year 1948-49 recently published by the Reserve Bank of India makes melancholy reading. In a nutshell, it proves that, while the rest of the civilised world is working up its way to recovery, India, due mainly to the aftermath of hasty decontrol towards the end of 1947, is still in the doldrums. It proves further that even now all the implications of our economic position are not adequately realized and that, unless we show enough grit to withstand another attack of decontrol mania, we shall founder on the rocks of economic disintegration.

Ours is not an isolated, or even an insulated, economy. Our fortunes in agriculture and industry, in production and consumption, in the public as well as the private sectors of economy, are vitally linked up with the rest of the world. This is especially so with regard to those countries of Europe and America who are our principal sources of much needed goods, and to whom we must send an adequate quantity of exports in exchange. The Reserve Bank realizes this more than anybody else. It is, therefore, significant that their annual report on currency and finance gives as many as sixty pages to a narration of economic and financial developments abroad, as against a little over one hundred pages to a descriptive account of Indian currency and finance.

For the world at large the year, 1948-49, was one of fair progress. By a curious turn of events, the political clouds hovering over the relations between the Eastern and Western blocs in Europe actually forced the pace of economic recovery within each. Not only was greater concentration on productive effort forthcoming, but the mutual trade relations among members of a bloc improved. Above all, the European Recovery Programme actively sponsored by U. S. A. gave material and financial assistance of inestimable value. As a result the volume of production in the world was ten per cent higher in 1948 than it was in 1947, and as much as twenty per cent higher than in 1937. This advance was due almost exclusively to increase in non-agricultural production, as agricultural production has remained stagnant over the year, and is still slightly lower than it was before the war.

Considering that the world population during the decade since the commencement of the War has increased by about ten per cent, the recorded increase in world production, though striking, cannot be said to be adequate. The surplus purchasing power accumulated in buyers' hands during the inflationary period, while it is dwindling gradually has yet not exhausted itself. Relative shortage of supply and unexhausted excess of purchasing power have combined to keep up the upward pressure in prices in almost all countries. It has, however, been held in check in U. K., where the Chancellor has carried the large majority of his countrymen further on the way to voluntary austerity than any nation in modern history has gone in peace-time. Minor variations of the scheme of integrated controls have been permitted, but the whole mechanism of physical controls over production, distribution and prices has been kept intact. Government is drawing to its treasury increasing revenue surpluses, the figure for 1948 being £684,000,000 as against £338,000,000 in 1947. Prices and cost of living are held in check, and, though the inescapable stresses and strains of an economy of evolving Socialism cannot be avoided, the intrinsic strength of British economy is higher than it ever was since the begining of World War II.

The U. S. A. on whom the economic leadersrip of the world has been thrust, both by the fortunes of war and by the character of their geographical and industrial position, has kept up the tempo of increasing production. This has led to a degree of disinflation which some people have not failed to characterise as a beginning of depression. The Reserve Bank Report, while maintaining that the further progress of recession must be carefully watched, draws attention to factors, presumably such as foreign investments and aid, which may help to keep aggregate demand for U. S. A. products at a fairly high level. The control measures adopted in most countries have naturally resulted in a shortage of investible funds. This is acting as a check on further expansion of production. Unless the U. S. A. and Canada, especially the former appreciate the responsibility of their position and expand the scope of their foreign investments and aids, the economy of U. S. A. and then of the rest of the world might rapidly lose equilibrium.

Fortunately, these implications of their position are present to the mind of experts as well as administrators in U. S. A. The American play of party politics can delay, but it can hardly thwart, the progress of a more liberal import and lending policy on the part of that country, the comparative stability in the share and security markets of the world, the determined budgetary and quantitative control policies followed by leading European governments, and the continued advance in the productivity of industry are heartening signs of the faith that these countries have not only in themselves, but in the wise continuation of international economic co-operation.

As contrasted with this overall picture of continued austerity and regulated effort to attain recovery, the Report has to record for India that the deterioration in the general situation noticed towards the end of last year became more pronounced during the early part of 1948-49. Decontrol policy neither stepped up production nor did it lead to any dehoarding. This was not surprising, considering the limits on production were physical and had no relation to the price level, though this point was completely ignored by those who plumbed for decontrol. The price level which was at 302 in November, 1947, shot up to 389 in July, 1948. Individual rises in the prices of such essential goods as cereals and cloth being even much higher. All the advantage obtained by a regime of control and regulation, prior to December, 1947, was lost in a wave of impatience, and of dissatisfaction with the shortcomings of the administration. The loss of many of our raw material producing tracts to Pakistan having further weakened the physical factors of our production, the Government of India staged a welcome, but half-hearted, reversal to a policy of 'disinflation'. Monetary as well as non-monetary measures intended to expand production and to limit the pressure of purchasing power on limited resources were sanctioned. This effort, half-hearted and disjointed as it was, halted the further rise in prices, which at the end of the year were round about 370. But the steep rise in prices, during the preceding six months had added to the difficulties not only of the wage-earning classes, but also of the position of Indian products in the world market.

The high costs which are now a barrier to our industrial progress, and to our attaining a balance of our exports with essential imports, are the direct consequence of the ill-advised adventure of decontrol. Even now, while the monetary measures adopted by Government have on the whole been consistently followed,—the available money supply in 1948 being lower by twelve crores than it was in 1947—they have not succeeded in following a corresponding policy in their own finance. Individual members of Government, central and provincial, are quite possibly votaries of austere living. But Government expenditure, civil as well as military, is increasing and is having a directly inflationary effect. A large scale lowering of the price level can hardly be thought of as a practical proposition after the erratic spell of policy-induced inflation during the period of decontrol. But even stability, the more modest objective, can now be attained only at the price of a much more rigid economy in Governmental expenditure, than either the Government of India or the Provincial Governments seem ready to adopt. If the Government themselves set a good example in this respect and do not again succumb to interested or misinformed agitation of hasty decontrol, there is reason to believe that the story of the current year's finance and currency that the Reserve Bank will unfold next year, will be more heartening than the one contained in their latest report.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

On a signal of readiness being received, Dr. Reddy broke a cocoanut on the ship, pushed an electric button and exactly at the appointed time (8-29 a.m.) the ship glided down the slipway slowly and gracefully amidst the cheers and excitement of the vast gathering.

A noteworthy feature about this launching is that about 19,000 bananas together with other greasing materials were used on the launching ways to enable the ship to glide smoothly down the slipway.

—The launching of Scindia's "Jalaprakash" at Vizagapatam.

* * *

In his talk with Bombay pressmen, Sri C. Rajagopalachari gave the people the slogan. "Let us not decide everything, let us leave something to posterity".

We most heartily endorse, this wise call. In fact, we don't want to decide anything and should like nothing better than to leave everything to posterity. So far as we are concerned we most intensely feel that sufficient unto the day are the evils around us.

* * *

Rajaji also said that he had a very happy holiday in Bombay and that every one whom he came across was cheerful.

He didn't come across us, especially in the traffic confusion on the evening he opened the Vidya Mandir.

* * *

Commenting on the situation in his province, Dr. B. C. Roy, the Premier, said in London: "Communism requires fertile soil. West Bengal certainly provides it."

And Sarat Babu is enthusiastically going to plough it.

* * *

Apropos of the dispute in connection with the distribution of canal waters in the Punjabs, the Pakistan Government has, according to a Karachi report, reiterated to the Government of India that the only acceptable solution of the problem would be the equitable sharing of the waters of the three rivers concerned.

And, of course, the word "equitable" is to be translated and defined unequitably.

* * *

New Delhi: Dr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Minister, External Affairs, is likely to visit Kabul during the third week of August to participate in the Afghan Independence celebrations. An Indian hockey and an Indian football team will also be leaving for Kabul to play there during the celebration week.

—P.T.I.

We draw the attention of Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan and the Pakistan Government to this glaring proof of the sinister collaboration between India and Afghanistan.

* * *

At a dinner given to President Quirino of the Philippines, President Truman assured the former that he would not return "empty handed" from his visit to the United States.

But isn't it rather a question of what President Quirino is going to be handed?

* * *

Dr. Wellington Koo, the Chinese Ambassador in Washington, has called the publication of the U.S. White Paper on China "an unusual step, especially at the time when my country is engaged in a desperate struggle to check the Communist aggression....."

But the U.S. found itself in the unusual position of being forced to urge some unusual alibi, retrospective and prospective.

ANTI-BRITISH FRONT IN WEST GERMANY

Election Trends

LONDON, (By Mail).

ON SUNDAY August 14 the people of Western Germany, nearly two-thirds of the total population of the country, will go to the polls to elect their parliament. The elections are of importance from more than one point. First, this is the first election the Germans are having since 1933 when Hitler assumed the control of the State. Secondly, the elections mark the conferment of Home Rule on the German people by the Occupying Powers in the West under conditions. And last but not least it will show how the minds of the German people are working.

The verdict of the German electorate will have little direct influence either on the future of Western Germany or its relations with the Occupying Powers. But indirectly it might set in motion processes that will have far reaching influence on events both in and outside Germany.

NEW CONSTITUTION

The constitution or the 'Grundgesetz' under which the elections are being held, was prepared by a German Assembly after eight months of debate at Bonn. But this German Assembly was not a fully independent body. It had to operate under conditions laid down by the Occupying Powers. Under the Occupation Statute, all laws passed by the German Federal Parliament or those of the eleven States, which comprise the Western German Republic, must be submitted to the Allied High Commissioners. If they do not raise objection within twenty—one days, the laws come into force.

The Allied High Commissioners also reserve to themselves special powers in a number of subjects like foreign affairs, foreign trade and exchange, etc. This naturally robs the constitution of much of its "democracy". While the Occupying Powers have the "power to stick their noses" into German affairs, the people would refuse to believe that they are having free elections.

Indeed, there can be no democratic Government, in the sense of Government of people for people, while a country is under foreign occupation. But this does not alter the fact that while the powers of the German Parliament and Government are limited, its structure is entirely based, from top to bottom, on elections.

POLITICAL PARTIES

About two dozen political parties are wooing the electorate. But of these only two are of importance—Social Democrats and Christian Democrats. The Christian Democrats are a sort of Conservatives while the Social Democrats are like British Socialists. In the recent local elections the Christian Democrats had great success. But in the Federal elections they are not likely to repeat their performance. The Social Democrats are their very close rivals. But there are so many uncertain factors in German politics that it would be dangerous to hazard a forecast. For instance, no one knows for whom the seven millions refugees from East Germany and elsewhere will vote. Many refugees feel that their interests are not well represented and no purpose would be served by their going to the polls.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN

The functions of the new German Government will largely be concerned with domestic affairs. But in the course of the election campaign almost all parties have said little or nothing about domestic problems. Their campaigns have been directed towards acts of omission or commission of the Occupying Powers specially Britain.

ATTACKS ON BRITAIN

The dismantling policy, in particular, has been subject of severe criticism. "In this matter", says Dr. Adenauer, the leader of Christian Democrats, "Britain is the real opponent" because she fears German competition. Other parties too say the the same thing only with less restraint. "Speakers of all parties are indeed, vying with each other in saddling the British with responsibility for Germany's troubles.

Dr. Kurt Schumecher, the Socialist Leader in the course of an election speech, told the Germans. "The British fought the war merely as a trade war to benefit the interests of the profiteers who wanted to rid themselves of German competition. The British apparently prefer those Germans who prepared the way for Nazis—the new profiteers—to those who fought Hitler and all his Third Reich stood for." Dismantle the factories and you dismantle democracy", he added. Any kind of anti-German political policy is anti-German. It would be a disastrous mistake to assume that the German people will quieten down on dismantling after the Federal Government is elected."

The rising tide of Nationalism is causing concern in official circles in London. But it is recognised that there can be no interference with speakers in a free election. However, it is felt that by political violence the Germans are making the re-entry of their country in the comity of nations difficult. But it is not fully realised that sooner or later Germany will have to be given her independence. The Allies cannot keep occupying it indefinetly. Nor are the Germans themselves likely to tolerate for long the status of a colonial people.

General Robertson, British High Commissioner in Germany, long ago pointed out that as soon as the Western Powers gave Germans freedom and self-government they "would take a quite independent and quite German line". The recent samoling of public opinion taken by American authorities showed that Germans were still very national. Many still think that Hitler's National Socialism was a good idea and they openly say that left to themselves they would choose a Government which offered economic security over one guaranteeing civil liberties "if they were forced to make a choice".

It is now clear that whatever party is returned to power its main effort would be directed towards recovering German economic and political-independence. Its first attack will be against dismantling as 11 parties are at one on this issue. As the "Times' says, it unites Socialists and Christian Democrats, workers and capitalists, old and young. It provides the readiest theme for the bishop's sermon as well for the joyrnalist's article. There are people who believe that if dismantling were abandoned the Germans would be deprived of a serious grievance. Others feel, that once Germans succeed in stopping dismantling, they would be encouraged to attack the Ruhr authority and the Occupation Statue in the same way. The election campaign has conclusively shown that Germans will not rest in peace till they have recovered their national sovereignty. Nor are they going to be satisfied till the whole country is united again.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Indonesian Caution

As a PTI-Reuter message from Batavia says, the coming into effect throughout Java of the cease-fire orders marks the end of the "hot" war in Indonesia. But this does not end the cold war which, in however mild a form, will continue during the period of the Round Table discussions at The Hague. And if those discussions do not bring about a satisfactory settlement the cold war will very certainly re-develop into the hot war, which has at long last ended with the cease-fire order. Indonesian leaders, it is noteworthy, are under no foolish delusions and have made statements, which constitute a warning to the Dutch and also to the United Nations Security Council, the representatives of which have played such an important part in bringing the parties together. Dr. Mohammed Roem, chairman of the Republican delegation, is frankly cautious. In fact, he went so far as to say on his arrival at The Hague that there were difficulties facing the conference and that his experience had shown that the road to freedom was strewn with obstacles. It is Dr. Roem who had been dealing al these months with the Dutch and, therefore, he must be regarded as having good reason to be cautious and careful even while freely acknowledging that the good results of the preliminary conference at Batavia do justify hope for success.

Dr. Hatta's Stand

Imperialism when poor in vision and imagination dies hard. And it is only in the last few weeks that Dutch Imperialism has shown some vision and imagination. It is not over-suspicion to take into account the possibility of the Dutch being tempted again. That is what Dr. Roem does. But it is earnestly to be hoped that the Dutch will resist that temptation. The least amount of commonsense would show clearly that opportunities of indulging that temptation are gone. The greatest of all those opportunities was provided by the Dutch themselves when they created splinter states, which they fondly hoped to use against the Republic. The leaders of these states, however, have chosen Indonesian patriotism in preference to Dutch patronage and have made common cause with Republican leaders. This development removes the last raison-d'etre of Dutch Imperialism and completely justifies Dr. Hatta's declaration that a united Indonesia will demand, and will be satisfied with nothing less than complete independence. And since there is not much left by way of arguments and discussions he has quite rightly set two months as the time limit for the conclusion of the Round Table Conference. It is now up to the Dutch. Dr Hatta said in New Delhi and Karachi that he did not know what would happen to Indonesia in case the Conference failed. The Dutch have now enough reasons to know that there is one very vital thing which will not happen and that is conflict between Republicans and Federalists. Indeed, in the event of a showdown they will this time have to face a completely united Indonesia.

Citizenship

In presenting the article relating to the persons who may be regarded as citizens of India when the Constitution coms into effect, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar admitted the complexity of the question He reminded the Constituent Assembly that the article had only a limited object in view and that what constituted question would be later decided by Parliament. The article was a tentative one. It was rightly objected that once citizenship was conferred on individuals, Parliament would have no option but to confirm the position. The very fact that to much difficulty was found in drafting the article, shows that it is not a light matter. Considerable interest has been shown in the debate on the provisions relating to those who had come from Pakistan, particularly those who had gone to Pakistan from India and then decided to come back. It was urged by members that such persons should not be too readily accepted as citizens of India. Considering the state of flux which prevailed in both India and Pakistan, the liberal interpretation of citizenship adopted by the drafting committee is amply justified. It is better to err on the side of liberalism in this matter rather than to adopt stringent rules which impose unnecessary hardship on some of the returning persons. The case of Assam was, as was to be expected, brought up. Here a real difficulty has been created by immigrants from East Pakistan who have poured over the border and even forcibly settled on land, thereby creating an unbalance in the population set-up. It would be unfair, however, if the peculiar problems of Assam were taken as the general rule for all India. So far as those who have already settled in Assam from East Pakistan go, there is no option but to accept as citizens such as cannot be sent away. If other considerations prevent rejecting them, then it is as well to accept them as part of the Indian population, unless they themselves decide otherwise. The draft article fully provides for this attitude which is the part of wisdom.

German Nationalism

Every one will watch with interest elections on August 14 to the German Parliament, which is to function under the aegis of the Occupational Powers. Several political parties are contesting it. Taking advantage of the freedom of speech allowed for the electioneering, the Germans are carrying out a campaign against Britain, who is alleged to have taken a leading part in crippling German's industrial strength. As sooner later the Occupational Powers will have to withdraw and let Germany manage her own affairs, they are interested to see which party gains the greatest number of votes. Nationalism is already raising its head in Germany but whether it will rise to the extent of Hitler's national socialism is yet to be seen. No doubt Germans will cling to any party which will take them out of the economic morass. Strangely, encouragement for German nationalism is coming from Russia.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Groundnuts Market

If the business community of Bombay is amazed at the Grain Association fixing the price of the above named Groundnuts for November-December delivery at the very high rate of Rs. 33-8-0 it must be horrified and stand aghast at the failure of the Association not to have fixed the price for the settlement of the August-September Account. The very highest this should have been fixed at is Rs. 36-8-0 and the November-December at Rs. 29 or Rs. 30.

It seems clear that the men at the head of this Association are in favour of the Bull Speculator or Speculators and give no thought to the great trade of which they are meant to be in charge.

The matter clearly cannot be allowed to rest as it is now and our ever watchful Government will surely step in and limit the enormous profits of the profiteering bulls by fixing the August-September price at around Rs. 36 or Rs. 37.

If the Grain Merchants Association cannot put its own house in order then Government must set to and clean these 'Augean Stables'.

To think that a bull gambler can calmly collect roughly a crore of rupees on which he pays no tax of any sort and at the same time be the cause of India losing a sale such as Britain placed in Nigeria is quite unthinkable.

As the Association has so clearly laid itself open the gravest suspicion it is up to the Bears to protect themselves and for every one of them to refuse to settle for August-September at one anna above say Rs. 36-8-0 which is a fair enough price when one realises that this year is a bumper crop.

— M. J. PATEL

Indian Cotton Contract

The new cotton Hedge Contract is heavily weighted in favour of sellers to the great detriment of the cotton growers, so much so that when there is heavy movement, of the crop, it is generally feared that floor levels may be reached.

This is done with a view to start speculative trading in cotton futures in order to give employment to about 5,000 and odd jobbers and their clerks in Bombay against the wider and more vital interests of the cotton growers whose number would exceed 50,00,000 of hard worked farmers and their dependents.

At a time when we have great need to increase our supplies in order to be self-sufficient, and when the existing prices of Indian cotton compare so unfavourably even at Government ceilings with rates we pay for Pakistan and other foreign growths, it becomes extremely difficult to understand why and how the growers' representatives on the E.I.C.A. Board could consent to this grave wrong to the interests of the cotton growers and why the Indian Central Cotton Committee who are supposed to be official guardians of the Cotton Growers interests have remained silent and not protested against the one-sided terms proposed for the new Contract. It seems Government sanction to the new Contract is taken for granted and trading in private has already started. Will Government as the Champions of Kisans hold the scales even between these conflicting interests and see fair play.

..— V. M. SARAIYA...

The National Language

We appeal in the interest of national unity and progress to members of the Constituent Assembly and others entrusted with shaping of the destiny of the country to accept Hindustani, simple and pure, unburdened with difficult Sanskrit, Arabic and Persian words in both Deonagri and Urdu scripts as the national and official language of the country. Our appeal is based on trenchant rational grounds.

This is but a fact that Hindustani is a symbol and also a product of Hindu-Muslim unity and co-operation. It has been an important unifying factor in the evolution of common nationality and civilization. It was here that various currents of culture converged and harmonized. Sanskritised Hindi, or Arabicised or Persianised Urdu, stuffed with difficult and uncommon terms will not answer the needs or character of a national language. Hindustani will be safe course banish those Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Turkish and English words and terms which have been integrated in the common man's language, and in fact spontaneity with which these words come to the mind and their wide currency demand their retention. Hindustani alone fulfils all conditions of a national language and suits the genius of our nation.

This demand is not new. Indian National Congress always advocated the cause of Hindustani in both Deonagri and Urdu scripts and Mahatma Gandhi too championed its cause. The Father of the Nation regarded Hindustani as the corner stone of Hindu-Muslim Unity. The Hindustani Parcharni Sabha appointed a committee to make recommendations on this linguistic question. This committee have strongly supported the demand for accepting Hindustani as the national and official language and expressed its hope that Constituent Assembly would rise to the occasion and decide the matter in an impartial and realistic manner. We should not also overlook the joint statement issued by K. G. Mushruwala, Acharya Vinoba Bhavey and Kaka KalelKar wherein these respected leaders have urged the need of adopting Hindustani as the national language. They appealed for accepting both scripts.

As far as the question of scripts concerned, it is our considered opinion that Urdu script should be retained side by side with Deonagri script. It is incorrect to say that the currency of two scripts will undermine national solidarity and people's loyalty to State. We can cite instances of Russia and Switzerland to refute this false idea. Eighteen languages with different scripts are spoken in sixteen Soviet Republics and students are taught in their mother tongues. Russia did not discourage the use of any language of script existent in her realms. They, on the other hand made the languages without an alphabet as written ones. They developed these languages. India is a secular democratic state, and if a language, born and nurtured on this soil is discouraged it will provide the world a glaring example of intolerance It will but strengthen the theory of two nations.

In Switzerland, Italian, German and French languages, all three are national and official languages and have an equal status, and this did not undermine people's loyalty to the state, nor did it in any way imperil the growth of common civilization.

With these facts and grounds stated, we appeal to the members of Constituent Assembly to consider the question of language and scripts with an open heart and magnanimity and never commit the sin of undoing unification which has been achieved in the sphere of language through natural processes extending over centuries. If we committed this sin through narrow-mindedness we would be retarding, perhaps irretrievably, the progress towards a common and composite nationality and civilization.

It is necessary that Government notifications, orders and statements are issued in both scripts and citizens are allowed to petition and transact their other business in both scripts.

These are critical times and Indian democracy is faced with a trial. The world's eyes are centred on us. Let us hope the question of language will be dealth with wisdom, insight, magnanimity and good-will and we will be able to show that our state is really a secular and democratic state and as such has scope for all progressive elements of national life.

—MAULANA HUSAIN AHMED MADANI.
President Jamiet Ulamai Hind and 38 Members of the All India Council of Jamiat Ulamai Hind.

"Catch More Fish"

In the vigorous campaign of "Grow More Food, one important item of food is practically being neglected and that is fish!

There is tons of money in the sea so far as the trade goes. People would reap a rich harvest if they take to fishing.

Uneducated youths hopelessly caught in the net of unemployment can extricate themselves by forming fishing co-operative societies. Nowhere in the world has so vast an area of sea remained so little exploited and nowhere also has the sea been left to roll itself, bereft of vast numbers of possible youthful fishermen!

—B. V. BHOGALE

OPEN AIR

With a boat, it is possible to explore all the quiet little backwaters of Pawai Lake, where the water has now risen and flooded the surrounding land, and made delightful little inlets and bays among the trees which fringe the lake. It is so quiet and peaceful, with only the calls of the birds, the rustling of the breeze in the trees and the lapping of the water under the boat. In one backwater we picked lotus buds, tightly closed then, but promising to open out their creamy petals the next morning to show the golden glory of the stamens within. As we approached one islet, we disturbed a number of Night Herons which had been roosting there all day, waking them before their accustomed time, so that they flew off with loud, harsh cries of annoyance. High above sailed several Brahminy Kites, as well as an Osprey, scanning the water below for food, while, as the dusk fell, groups of Cormorants, looking somewhat like duck in flight, flew across the lake to their roosting places. Truly the so-far unspoilt beauty of Pawai is a relief after the noise and bustle of city life!

—D.R.

LOTUS

'PLANT QUICK-GROWING TREES FOR FUEL'

Jairamdas Doulatram's Plea To Conserve Manure

SIMLA, August 11 (U.P.I.).

A FRESH effort to make the people in the distant villages feel that country's new status is leading to a definite change in their economic and social conditions has been urged by Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, Government of India in an "Independence Day" appeal from here today.

"Big developmental schemes are in preparation or execution which will water fresh lands and make electric power available in new areas. These will have their economic consequences on the life of the people round about them. The fruits of these schemes will, however, take some time to ripen and their benefit will be local. Other schemes which will affect the life of the people are also going through the process of preparation and implementation. But they are all bits of a big whole, each will mature in its own time and place. Their execution depends upon factors which operate very slowly."

ORGANIC MANURE

"Experts have told us how in India the agriculturists waste large quantities of organic manure the use of which can produce enough food to cover the entire national food deficit and leave a surplus for all. This traditional habit of wasting the farm-yard gatherings and other sources of organic manure is forced on the people, because they have no other sources of the fuel they need in their daily life. A solution of this difficulty has been found in what are called, quick-growing trees, which while lending a pleasant appearance to village surroundings, the field bunds, the roadsides, and the railway line, will supply to the neighbouring village population a handy substitute for fue purposes in place of the fertilising cowdung and other farm manure which our soil is hungering for.

"We will have done double service to the country by following such a programme. It can become a factor for more production. The individual who thus saves organic manure for his field is a gainer, because he reaps a richer harvest and so is the country, because of the total increase in food crop.

"I would, therefore, appeal to all who are in authority in the Province and States to take immediate steps to orgnaise a systematic programme of planting quick-growing trees suited to local conditions during the week beginning with the 15th of August. It is a simple programme. It has no relation to town life. It would make little appeal to the urban mind. But it fits in with rural conditions. It touches the life of villagers. It affects the yield for their farm. It affects, therefore, national production. But the task is a huge one, covering as it does lakhs of our villages and can only successfully be accomplished by the active co-operation, nay by the initiative of the villagers themselves."

INCREASING FOOD

MADRAS, August 10, (PTI): The Madras Government have sanctioned seven irrigation schemes, at an estimated cost of Rs. 8,35000, capable of increasing food production by 1,000 tons annually. The Districts of Krishna, Guntur, Nellore and South Arcot will benefit by the schemes.

The Government have also granted subsidies totalling Rs. 95,000 during May last for sinking 180 new wells in the province. Since the inauguration of the 'Grow More Food' programme the Government have subsided the sinking of 93,000 wells which have brought under the plough 1,10,000 acres of land additionally.

TRUMAN'S SYMPATHY FOR ASIA

WASHINGTON, August 11. (P.T.I. Reuer): President Truman today expressed his "sympathy" for the effort of Asian countries to preserve their freedom and achieve economic and political strength. He made the statement in comment on discussions he has had here with President Elpidio Quirino of the Philippines, a strong advocate of an anti-Communist Pacific Pact.

The statement, approved by both Presidents, said Mr. Truman "reiterated the desire and intention of the United States to render all feasible assistance to the Philippine Republic".

INCREASING FOOD OUTPUT

Madhyabharat State's Four-Point Plan

INDORE, Aug. 10 (PTI): The annual yield of foodgrains in Madhyabharat Union is expected to increase by one lakh tons by 1951. The present output is estimated at 11 lakh tons.

The Madhyabharat Government has drawn up a four-point programme to maximise food production in the Union within the next two years. The programme aims at increasing the cultivated area under major food crops; to secure increased yield per acre from existing areas by intensified cultivation such as improvement in irrigation facilities. Manufacture and distribution of compost and improved seeds; to increase the quantity of available foodgrains by improving storage facilities and protecting the crop from agricultural pests; and encouragement of the cultivation of subsidiary food crops such as potatoes, sweet potatoes and bannanas.

Mr. P. S. Bapna, senior member Board of Revenue, has been appointed Commissioner of Food Production and Mr. S. N. Dube, Additional Food Production Commissioner, by the Union Government.

"BHRATRI SABHA CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY"

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Bhratri Sabha Consumers' Co-operative Society Limited, Khar, will be completing its first year—on the 14th of August, 1949. The Society is celebrating its second birthday on Monday, the 15th of August, 1949. Programme will include flag salutation at the Society's premises at 10 a.m. Members and their friends are cordially invited.

DIVIDEND PAYMENTS: A CLARIFICATION

NEY DELHI, August 11: Doubts appear to exist in some quarters regarding the correct interpretation of the relevant provisions of the Public Companies (Limitation of dividends) Act, 1949, in cases where only one payment of dividend was made by a company in the two year period, April 1, 1946 to March 31, 1949. It is notified for general information that in a case where a public company has paid only one dividend during this period, the amount so paid will be taken as the average annual dividend for the purpose of application of the Act to the company concerned.

Plans To Evacuate Americans

HONG KONG, August 11. (PTI-Reuter): United States warships and flying boats are to standby at Hong Kong to evacuate Americans wishing to leave Canton should an emergency occur and normal transport services fail.

Mr. George D. Hopper, American Consul-General in Hong Kong today denied London reports that all United Stated workers in Canton would be evacuated if necessary.

INTERIM GOVT. FOR WEST BENGAL

Steps To Be Taken After Roy's Return

CALCUTTA, August 11 (PTI): Although a fortnight has elapsed since the Congress Working Committee pronounced its decisions on the Bengal problems, no authentic information is yet available of any definite step having so far been taken to implement the Committee's recommendation to present an agreed list for the formation of an Interim Government in the province.

It is believed in certain political circles that things may take a definite shape with the return to Calcutta of the Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, early next month.

PROVINCIAL CONGRESS

Arrangements are, however, being made for a meeting, at an early date, between the present and the immediate past Secretaries of the Provincial Congress Committee to implement another recommendation of the Working Committee, namely, reconstitution of the Provincial Congress Executives. The present Secretary, Mr. Charu Chandra Bhandari has, it is learnt invited Mr. Atulya Ghosh, his predecessor, for a discussion on how the Congress Executive could be reconstituted amicably and also on the question of forming a small Working Committee of the same body.

The Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee has, in pursuance of a resolution of the Working Committee, also written to the West Bengal Government offering co-operation of the W.B.P.C.C. in the matter of enrolment of East Bengal refugees as voters.

Earl Of Harewood To Marry On Sept. 29

LONDON, Aug. 11 (PTI-Reuter):—The Earl of Harewood, nephew of the King, will marry Austrian-born Miss Marion Stein in London on September 29 it was officially announced to-day.

The wedding will be at St. Marks Church, north Audley Street, in London's West End.

Lord Harewood, who is 26 had to get the Kings consent to marry as he is eleventh in line to the throne. Miss Stein, a pianist, is 22. They announced their engagement last month.

'TRUMAN FANS WAR HYSTERIA'

Soviet Critic Denounces President't Speech

MOSCOW, August 10, (U. P. A.): Alexander Chakovsky in an article in the "Literary Gazette" today denounced President Truman's congressional message regarding the military aid programme and Secretary of State Dean Acheson's speeches explaining the "indecent haste" wherewith the Atlantic Pact was implemented due to "Truman's fear of peace."

Chakovsky said, "The idea of world domination grips the maniacs with its apparent practicability. From this standpoint they resemble an inventor's perpetual motion. The past and present Hitlerites arithmetically calculate their chances and count their money in arms. But these maniacs disregard the peoples' wills and desires . . .

"Messrs. Truman's and Acheson's feverish activity fanning a war hysteria is easily explicable. They cannot boast success of the American foreign policy. The haste in the military aid is due to the collapse of the Marshall Plan and agonizing attempts to save the plan by pumping new funds. Even a more important cause—is the panicky fear of the oncoming crisis . . .

The same number of the "Gazette" said: "General Bradley, a hireling of Wall Street sharks, and his partners are vainly touring West Europe in search of cannon fodder. . . ."

State Language During Interim Period

NEW DELHI, August 11 (PTI).—The Congress Party of the Constituent Assembly, after a three-hour debate, today, decided to refer to a Committee the much-discussed language question during the interregnum of fifteen years at the end of which Hindi with Devanagari script will replace English as the national language of India, it is learnt.

The Committee, it is stated, has been asked to evolve, together with the Drafting Committee, a formula in the light of the debate as to the extent to which Hindi and English may be employed during the interim period in all possible spheres of national activities so that at the end of fifteen years, the national language will be purely Hindi.

DEMAND FOR ENGLISH

Members from South India, Bengal, and Assam are reported to have been united in their demand that only English should be employed during the interim period but to have agreed to the suggestion that the Parliament be empowered to specify by a two-third majority that Hindi should be an additional language of the State during the period. They are totally opposed to the progressive substitution of English by Hindi.

The protagonists of Hindi on the other hand are reported to have asserted that the realisation of the objective of complete replacement of the English by Hindi at the end of fifteen years was possible only by the progressive use of Hindi in the place of English.

Pandit Nehru is reported to have reminded the members of Mahatma Gandhi's views on the language question. He is stated to have suggested that the national language, Hindi, should be defined as a language having "the style and form" of the Hindustani, commonly spoken and understood by the people of the country.

The question is likely to come up before the Constituent Assembly, possibly next week.

Communist Worker Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

S. G. Wakankar a Communist worker who was wanted by the Bombay police in connection with the disturbances at DeLisle Road in May last was arrested by the city police.

According to Police Wakankar was the chief person who organised a public procession in defiance of the police ban in May last. The police opened fire on the processionists.

EXPEDITIONERS RETURN

CALCUTTA, August 11 (P.T.I.): The five-man Swiss Himalayan expedition returned to Calcutta today after spending over three months in the mountainous regions, their chief achievement being the climbing of the 23,000 feet high "pyramid".

NEWS BRIEFS

Ban Bypassed

SAILORS of the Royal Australian Navy today manned all tugs in Melbourne to beat a "black" ban by the Seamen's Union on ships importing coal needed for essential services during the nation-wide coalstrike. Navy men today berthed an overseas freighter carrying a cargo of Indian coal.

Mexican Gift

AN automatic garbage collecting machine has been received here from the President of the Mexican Republic to be presented to Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, on August 14. The garbage collection unit which is known as 'Heil Collecto-Pak' will also dispose of garbage.

Churchill's Move

MR WINSTON CHURCHILL and a large number of other representatives tabled a motion in the European Assembly to secure discussion on the rights of man. This item had been eliminated from the Draft agenda during discussion in the Committee of Foreign Ministers.

Inauguration

DR. N. S. HARDIKAR, President of the Hubli branch of the Indian National Trade Union Congress yesterday inaugurated the M.S.M. Railway Employees Consumers Co-operative Society.

Report Contradicted

A CHINESE EMBASSY spokesman today denied a published report that Generalissimo Chiang-kai-shek had been unwilling to help defend Canton. The spokesman said that the report was "without foundation."

Steamship Service

THE British China Navigation Company will open a regular steamship service between Australia and Japan next month, it was learned at Tokyo on August 11. The 6,500 ton "Changsha," a new addition to the Company's fleet, will inaugurate the service when she arrives from Glasgow on August 27.

Soil Survey

INDIA will participate in a conference of plant and animal nutrition to soil and climatic factors, organised by the Commonwealth Agricultural Bureaus, to be held in Adelaide (Australia) on August 22, 1949. Dr. Tamhane, Soil Survey Officer, Indian Agricultural Research Institute will represent India at this Conference.

Geological Survey

THE Government of Sind have asked the Geological Survey of Pakistan to undertake an immediate Geological Survey of the Province to ascertain its mineral wealth which has not hitherto been tapped. There is, according to tradition, considerable wealth buried in Sind including gold, traces of which are found in rivers washing up gold dust at times.

HATTA'S STATEMENT SHOWS TRACE OF MISTRUST

Van Royen Assures Of His Govt's Good Intentions

THE HAGUE, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THE Dutch Government have the "firm intention" of transferring sovereignty in Indonesia "before the end of this year," Dr. J. H. Van Royen, who headed the Dutch delegation at the recent cease-fire discussions, said today.

Speaking at a press conference on the forthcoming Round Table discussions here, he added that he made this clear to Pandit Nehru, Indian Prime Minister, and Indian Government officials during his talks there a few days ago, as well as to the Indonesian delegations.

Referring to Republican Prime Minister Dr. Mohammed Hatta's declaration that the fundamental demand of the Republicans is for "complete and unconditional transfer of sovereignty," Dr. Van Royen said the transfer would have to be made according to the terms of the Renville Agreement. This included 12 principles agreed on by Dutch and Indonesian delegates when they signed a truce in January 1948.

TRACE OF MISTRUST

Dr. Van Royen said, Dr. Hatta's recent statement that the conference must not last longer than two months seemed to "reveal a trace of the old mistrust".

He felt however that the conference was meeting in a new atmosphere of confidence as the result of recent developments. Moreover, the recent agreement reached in Batavia between the Republicans and the Federalists seemed to ensure the disappearances of the earlier artificial separation of those two sections. It would also make it possible to differentiate between law abiding citizens and those who wished only to stir up trouble.

The minorities in Indonesia, added Dr. Van Royen, would be given representation according to a plan to be devised by the steering committee of the Round Table Conference.

QUICK TRANSFER

The Hague Round Table Conference on Indonesia should not last longer than seven weeks, Dr. Hatta said in an interview given today to "Enta", the Netherlands Indonesian news agency, in an airliner between Karachi and Basra. "If it lasts longer than that, there will be growing mistrust", he said.

The most important point was the quick transfer of sovereignty, as all other points could then easily be settled.

Asked about his talks with Pandit Nehru in India, Dr. Hatta said they dealth largely with the relationships between Britain and India after independence and the new Constitution of India.

Regarding Round Table Conference procedure, Dr. Hatta suggested that the Chairman of the plenary sessions should be a member of the Netherlands Government, who are the hosts while the Chairmanship of the working sessions should rotate among the three chief delegations.

The Republican Leader left Karachi yesterday after declaring that if The Hague conference failed to settle Indonesia's future after two months discussion the question would be referred to the Security Council.

Press reports that the conference was likely to open on August 22 were qualified last night by an authoritative source here. The opening date he said, could not be fixed unilaterally by the Netherlands Government and would have to be decided in consultation with the Indonesian Republican delegation, the Indonesian Federal delegation and the United Nations Commission for Indonesia. Many delegates have already arrived here and others are on the way.

The Dutch Government, it was added, planned to hold consultations as soon as possible on the opening date and conference preparations.

HATTA FOR LONDON?

LONDON Dr. Mohammed Hatta may visit London before the talks open at The Hague on August 22, an Indonesian Government spokesman in London said today.

Any meetings with members of the British Government would be primarily concerned with the economic future of the new State to which the transfer of full and unconditional sovereignty by the Dutch is being demanded by the Republicans, he added.

Indonesia wants one hundred billion American dollars worth of foreign exchange for general reconstruction and rehabilitation, he said. The investment of British capital, as, indeed, capital from the United States or any other country, would be definitely encouraged.

1 KILLED: 3 INJURED

Clash At Delhi Open Air Drama

DELHI, August 11, (PTI): One person was killed and three others seriously injured in a clash late last night between two groups at on open air drama in Sitaram Bazar, a thickly populated area in Old Delhi.

The fight, in which daggers and knives are reported to have been used, was stated to have been caused when the box for donations was being taken round.

"Let us see what you give", shouted some one. "Let us have a try," said a vioce from the other group. This was a signal for a free fight. Spectators, who belonged to neither group, ran helter-skelter.

The police rushed to the scene and arrested some persons for alleged murder and rioting.

STATE OWNERSHIP OF LAND

E. Bengal To Pay Rs. 10 Crores As Compensation

KARACHI, August 10, (PTI-Reuter): Premier of East Bengal, Nurul Amin, said at a press conference here today that the proposed State acquisition of land in East Bengal will be completed in 10 years in accordance with the present arrangements.

Explaining at length the salient features of the East Bengal State Acquisition and Tenancy Bill, as amended by the Special Committee, Mr. Amin said the did not forses any major opposition to the passage of the Bill in the next session of the Provincial Assembly" I am confident the Bill will go through as it is in conformity with public demand." he added.

The Premier stated that the Provincial Government on a very rough estimate would have to pay between 20 to 25 crores of rupees by way of compensation to landowners.

In reply to a question, Mr. Nurul Amin said the proposal to include a Scheduled Caste nominee in the East Bengal Cabinet was still on his hands. "It will materialise when the time is ripe" he said.

FLOOD RELIEF

Referring to East Bengal's request to subsidy of rupees one crore for carrying out flood relief in the affected parts of the province, he said it was under the consideration of the Central Government. Judged from the trend of his talks with Central Ministers the request was being considered favourably.'

Adverting to the food situation in the province, the Premier said the "nation as a whole could be held responsible for the food shortage. "He felt that neither the Central Government nor the provincial administration were in his opinion responsible for the situation.

Questioned about the alleged suppression of civil liberties in East Bengal the Premier remarked, "It is a travesty of truth."

BIHAR ASSEMBLY AUTUMN SESSION

PATNA, August 11 (UPI).—The United Press reliably understands that the autumn session of the Bihar Assembly will meet at Ranchi from October 10 and will last for about a fortnight.

It is further learnt that important things which will come up for discussion during this session will include removal of the procedure of nominations as existed at present under the Local Self-Government Act, irrigation bill to make better arrangement for construction of 'bunds' and amendment of the money-lending act to give relief in the matter of indebtedness to peasants.

TRAIN ACCIDENT AT MADHUPUR: 17 HURT

CALCUTTA, August 11 (PTI).—Seventeen persons, including three Railway employees, were injured in an accident at Madhupur station on the E.I. Railway yesterday.

According to a communique issued by the Public Relations Officer, Calcutta Railways, the accident occurred at about 8-45 p.m. yesterday, when a yard engine, while attaching the Giridih through service bogie at Madhupur station, bumped on 26-Dn Howrah-Moghalsarai passenger train.

Fourteen passengers and three railway employees received minor injuries as a result of the accident. Medical aid was immediately rendered to the injured by the Railway doctor at Madhupur.

Locust Threat In Rajputana

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11 (PTI): Locust formations have been observed in the Rajputana area, particularly in Bikaner and Jodhpur during last few weeks, it is learned here.

The Plant Protection Directorate of the Central Ministry of Agriculture and the locust warning organization are watching the situation and taking control measures on the spot. With the measures adopted, the situation is at present under control and it is hoped that formation of swarms will be prevented.

Japan Sacks 11,500 Postal Workers

TOKYO, August 11 (PTI-Reuter).—The Japanese Government will tomorrow send dismissal notices to 11,500 Postal and Tele-Communications workers as part of a plan to make Government enterprises pay by cutting overstaffing in many departments.

The Postal and Tele-Communication Union is second in power only to the Railway Union and is believed to be strongly under left-wing control.

Recent sackings of nearly 100,000 Railway workers was followed by the unsolved death of Railway President Sadnori Shimoyama and the mysterious release of a runaway train which killed six people.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay attended in the Secretariat the meetings of the Committees of Administration of the Sassoon Services Welfare Fund, the Sir Victor Sassoon Trust for Ex-Servicemen, the Sir Homi Mehta Victory Thanksgiving Fund and the Services Post War Reconstruction Fund.

Kunwar Kamleshwar Dayal has arrived.

Rani Maharaj Singh presided at the Meeting of the United Women's Organisation at Jinnah Hall.

*

MR. B. G. KHER

BOMBAY, Thursday

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, left here to-day by plane for Delhi.

Mr. Kher will attend the sittings of the Constituent Assembly till the week-end and return on August 14 for independence celebrations here.

RESERVE BANK SILVER SALES

Announcement On Bars Allotted

BOMBAY, Thursday (UPI): The Reserve Bank of India has modified its recent order and announced that silver bars weighing between 2,500 and 3,300 tolas would also be allotted against the silver sales now being effected by the bank. The Bombay Bullion Association has been informed accordingly.

The silver bars so far sold by the Reserve Bank weighed roughly between 2,800 tolas and 3,000 tolas. It has been observed that some bars of Bombay mint weigh as low as 2'500 tolas which however according to the Bullion Association rules are also "good delivery" against forward contracts.

"Bombay Shows The Way" Exhibition

BOMBAY, Thursday.

An exhibition claimed by its organisers as the first of its kind in the country and named "Bombay Shows the Way" will be held in the first week of November at Azad Maidan.

A committee composed of private individuals has been formed to make the exhibition a success.

Dr. N. N. Kailas, Chairman and Mr. Homi, J. H. Talyarkhan, Publicity Secretary of the Committee explained to the pressmen, the aims and objects of the exhibition today.

Dr. Kailas stated that placing before the public the progress made by the Government of Bombay and the Bombay Municipality in their public welfare plans was the chief aim of the exhibition.

1 Killed While Processing Textile Dye

BOMBAY, Thursday.

One man was killed and two others received severe burns while processing a dye in a textile Printing establishment at Pydhoni. The injured persons were removed to a hospital where they are reported to be improving.

DEMONSTRATION IN CALCUTTA

Chinese Demand Payment In Indian Currency

CALCUTTA, Aug. 11 (PTI).—A large crowd of Calcutta Chinese today staged a demonstration in front of the Bank of China office here, demanding encashment of Chinese National Savings Certificates in Indian currency.

Bank authorities tried to pacify the demonstrators, explaining to them that, according to Chinese Government rules, payment was possible only in Chinese currency. Payment in any other currency, they said, must have the sanction of the Nationalist Government.

The demonstrators refused to accept this explanation and crowded round the bank's doors, preventing clients from coming out and going into the bank.

The police then arrived on the scene and dispersed the demonstrators. Two Chinese were arrested.

A large number in Calcutta's "China Town" had invested money in the Chinese National Savings Certificate during World War II.

Calcutta Coroner Says Firing Was Unjustified

CALCUTTA, August 11 (PTI): The City Coroner and his jury today gave the verdict that the police firing on a procession along the Bowbazar Street on April 27 last, resulting in the death of two women, was not justified.

End Of Blockade Hits Smugglers

WISBADEN, (PTI-Reuter)—Smuggling between Hesse, in the United States Zone, and Soviet controlled Thuringia had decreased over 65 per cent since the lifting of the blockade according to Military Government.

U. MAUNG MEETS HECTOR MCNEILL

LONDON, Aug. 11 (PTI-Reuter).—U. Maung, Burmese Foreign Minister who leaves here for the United States tomorrow, is to return to London for further talks between August 20 and 28 a foreign office spokesman stated today. He will then be on his way back from Washington to Rangoon.

This morning U Maung paid a second call on Mr. Hector McNeil, Minister of State at the Foreign office.

Stop Press

"CURRENCY CASUALTIES"

BERLIN, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter): About 600 demonstrators calling themselves "currency casualties" today stormed into corridors and offices of West Berlin City Hall and interrupted work there for nearly an hour before police could get them out.

BAN ON LAHORE PAPER LIFTED

KARACHI, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Government of Pakistan have decided that the ban, which was imposed on the "Civil and Military Gazette" (Lahore edition), should be lifted with effect from August 12, 1949, it was officially announced today.

11-DAY FAST BROKEN

NEW DELHI, August 11 (P.T.I.): Shri Sharadhamata of Utrakhand broke her 11-day old fast tonight following the decision of the Congress Party to adopt Hindi in Devnagari script as the official language of the Indian Union. The "Sanyasini" had been on fast unto death since August 1, demanding the adoption of Hindi as the national language and renaming the coutry as "Bharatvarsh".

U. S. APPOINTMENT

WASHINGTON, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter): President Truman today appointed General Omar Bradley, the United States Army Chief of Staff, as Chairman of the United States Joint Chiefs of Staff.

DELHI TRANSPORT STRIKE

Drivers And Conductors Drafted From Military

NEW DELHI, August 11, (UPI): While the three-day token strike by about 1,200 employees of the Delhi Transport Service, which began yesterday, continued today, buses were run by drivers and conductors drafted from the military and the police.

Ninety-five buses were running during the day- time, as against 116 normally in service.

The citizens had a novel experience of travelling all distance at a flat rate of annas two, the reason for introducing the flat-rate-system being the unfamiliarity of the temporary bus conductors with the varying rates for different routes and distances

Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena, President of the D.T.S. Workers' Union in a statement today repudiated statements of Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Transport, in which the latter was reported to have said that no strike-notice had been given by Union.

ULTIMATUM

The General Manager of the Delhi Traffic Service today issued a notice to the D.T.S. employees who are on strike, asking them to resume their duties before 6 a.m. on 12th August 1949, failing which they would be considered as discharged from service with effect fom August 10, 1949.

The notice added that the strikers were also liable to other penalties under Section 7 of Ordinance No. 11 of 1941 which provided for imprisonment for one year and fine of wilful default of duty on the part of a Government servant.

Specification For Plywood

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11 (PTI): The Sectional Committee of timber products of the Engineering Division Council, Indian Standards Institution, has developed an "Indian standards specification for plywood industry and trade, standard specifications for plywood for tea chests, dimensional standards for tea chests and components, and methods of testing plywood for tea chests.

The annual production of plywood in India exceeds 4.5 crores sq. ft. its economic value to the country is closely linked with the export of tea from India for which suitable containers are essential.

Bunche Relieved Of Duties In Palestine

LAKE SUCCESS, August 11. (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Security Council today decided to relieve Doctor Ralph Bunche, Acting United Nations mediator, from his duties in Palestine and to maintain only a skeleton staff of officials to supervise armistice agreements between Arabs and Jews.

A Soviet attempt to have all United Nations personnel withdrawn from Palestine and to leave Arabs and Jews to settle further disputes by themselves was defeated. Only the Soviet Union and the Ukraine voted for that proposal.

Tata Steels Decline After Firm Opening On Technical Considerations

GENERAL BUYING IN COTTON MILL SHARES

BOMBAY, August 11.

The notification about the allowance of an extra depreciation up to a maximum of 100 per cent of the normal depreciation in respect of machinery and plant which had worked triple shifts, was the chief reason behind the firm opening of the Bombay Stock Exchange today.

However there was no follow-up on the buying side while technical considerations attracted some realising sales and most of the improvement was lost. At the decline there was modest buying support

Tata Steel Defds. opened Rs. 20/- higher at Rs. 1,330 but soon declined at Rs. 1,302-8 on moderate long liquidation. It was said that recently there had been extensive short covering and to that extent the market position was weakened. But the decline in price attracted modest support as the market feeling was better and Defds. rallied at Rs. 1,310. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 277 and after improving at Rs. 278 declined at Rs. 273.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1,050 but declined at Rs. 1,036 on moderate liquidation but rallied at Rs. 1,042 on short covering. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 270 and after advancing at Rs. 274 quietened at Rs. 270. Svadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 246 and after sharply advancing at Rs. 260 steadied at Rs. 256

Scindia shares opened at Rs. 13 and after declining at Rs. 12-8 improved at Rs. 12-14. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 24 and after declining at Rs. 23-8 steadied at Rs. 23-12, while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 18

Later on the market was irregular Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1302-8 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 272. Bengal Steels declined at Rs. 17-8. Bombay Dyeings improved at Rs. 1050, Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 210 and Gokaks came in business at Rs. 251. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 178.

Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1,445 Associated Cements were done at Rs. 143. Belapurs changed hands at Rs. 185 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 271. Central Banks were placed at Rs. 80.

Towards the close there was further long liquidation and Tata Steel Defds declined at Rs. 1,295 while Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 272. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1,045. Closing tone was quiet.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1045 0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	269 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4) XD	253 0
Central India Mills (4)	209 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	177 0
New Great Eastern (8)	140 8
Indore (9 plus 3)	118 2
Gokak Mills (12)	252 0
Century Spinning (15)	213 12
India Bleaching (6)	130 0
Swan Mills (20)	298 0
Finlay Mills (15)	250 0
Morarji Gocuidas	445 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	176 4
Meyer (12)	119 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12
India United Ord. (0-13-6)	10 2
India United Ord. (0-13-6)	10 0
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (8)	135 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	270 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1297 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-3)	140 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	142 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	268 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	185 4
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	[illegible]
Scindia Steam (0-3)	[illegible]
Premier Construction	85 0
Tata Chemical	9 5
Tata Oil (2)	47 4
India Iron (0-12)	23 11
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	18 0
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 1
India Copper	2 2
Wimco	176 4
Alcock	241 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1482 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1367 8
Tata Hydro (3)	147 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	51 0
Phoenix (50)	140 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 8
Colaba	126 0
New City (11)	151 4
Minerva (12)	117 8
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	27 0
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	161 4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	163 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	597 8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	208 2
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3140 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	48 4
Ahmedabad Advance Old (2)	253 12
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	281 8
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	121 4
Ahmedabad New	44 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	132 8
Karachi Electric (2)	132 8
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban XR	133 12
Bombay Suburban New	41 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1738 12
Imperial Bank of India P P (8-12) XD	425 0
Central Bank (1-8)	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	79 8
Bank of India (4)	173 8
Union (0-5)	7 2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	121 8
Devkaran Nanji New (1-8)	[illegible]
United Commercial (5)	48 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 12
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4100 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (7) XD	54 0
Jupiter (1-4)	12 8
Vulcan (9-10)	11 12
Indian Mercantile (21)	34 8
Universal (9-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 12
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	218 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	99 6
Burma Petrol	1 5 6
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	61 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	64 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	31 8
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India X.R.	77 0
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	135 0
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	139 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	31 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1320 0
Hydro Electric (7)	126 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	[illegible]
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137 8
Pre. Construction First	100 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 4
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Surma Corporation	2 4
New Victoria Mills	[illegible] 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 2
Faltan (8)	90 0
Gold Mohor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sirpur Mill (20)	155 0
Osmanshahi (10)	235 0
Azamshahi	255 0
Air Services	5 4
Air India Tata	72 0
Hind Motor	4 7 6
India Steam	6 6

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

120	Ready Japan	3 5	0
150	Ready Japan	3 9	0
120	Ready Italy	3 1	6
150	Ready Italy	3 9	0
150	D. Sea August	713 0	0
150	D. Box Sept.	722 0	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, August 11.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 195 bars of Silver at Rs. 161-2 and rejected the tender of 5 bars which was priced lower. The Bank has invited tenders for 200 bars for Thursday

In the local market ready Silver opened at at Rs. 161-12 and improved at Rs. 162-4. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 115-12 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74-8.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	162	8	0
Ready Gold	115	8	0
Sovereigns	74	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, August 11

The produce market was steady. Quotations were as under:

Groundnuts Bold Rs. 41-4, Bazar terms Bold Rs. 203 to 204. Madras Coromandal Rs. 202 to 203. Quality Rs. 206 to 207 and Khandesh Rs. 210. Linseed ready Rs. 30-15, Castorseeds Rs. 27-8. Khursani Rs. 142. Kardi Rs. 21-8 and Groundnut oil Rs. 23-8.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 11

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	7	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96	0	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	0	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	0	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	14	0
3 per cent 1957	101	12	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	4	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	5	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	4	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	15	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	2	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.P. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	12	0
4 per cent B.P.I.	110	12	0
3 1/4 Municipal	100	11	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

Tata Ordinary 270; Tata Deferred 1297-8; Indian Iron 23-12; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 18; Bombay Dyeing 1147-8; Central India 209; Gokak 251; Kohinoor 269-8; Simplex 178; Swadeshi 254; Tata Power 1482-8; Associated Cement 142-8; Belapur 185; Bombay Burma (Old) 268-8; Scindia 12-14; Central Bank 80; New India 54; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

SUGAR PRICES

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

Standard Quality	104	8	0
Midium	108	0	0
Buland	113	8	0
August	37	6	0
October	37	0	0
January	29	14	0
Arrivals Bags		10868	
Dispatches Bags		4000	

AHMEDABAD SHARE QUOTATIONS

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11.

Mill shares were compartitively strong. Bears were not agressive.

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico Opened 1017, Highest 1026, Lowest 1010, Arvind Opened 1420, Highest 1423, Lowest 1409, Ambica Opened 338, Lowest 336, Differred Opened 1315, Highest 1323, Lowest 1288.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 1016, Differred 1298, Arvind 1409 Ambica 337, Rohit 105, Bhalakia 130 Atul 35.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, August 11.

There was no official business today in the local market. Privately September was quoted at Rs. 625 to Rs. 626 while February was quoted at Rs. 601 to 602.

Later on there was increased selling and February declined at Rs. 595 and closed at Rs. 597.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 599 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA. Aug. 10

KARNAK Nov.	57.80+17
KARNAK Jan.	55.68+33
KARNAK Mar.	55.05+15
ASHMOUNI Aug.	45.15+01
ASHMOUNI Oct.	45.30+08
ASHMOUNI Dec.	45.22+16

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 11.

B C Rates I I D D 1-5 15 16 Ready

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling I I D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I I D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying I I 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying I I 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1 6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T I D D Rs 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling I I Fcs 8100, Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305

Java Banks Selling I I D D Glds. 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156-1/4.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs 165 3/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52. 57-53 43; London Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128-130. London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4 03 1/4, London/New York Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4, London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098, London Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16-2/4 1/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50, London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17 34-36

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p.c London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c., Bank o. England Rate 2 p.c

Money:—Call 3/4 p.c., 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 10.

In quiet dealings today, quotations moved to slightly lower levels. Royal Dutch steadily lost ground, closing at the day's lowest levels while another feature was the weakness of Indies trading bank under the influencce of a disappointing 5 per cent dividend Elsewhere changes were small.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY Aug. 11

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 253-12
Apollo 2-11-6 2-12
Bharat 27 27-8
B Dyeing 1045 37-8 40 38-12 50 45
C. India 211 9 12 9
Century 207-8 20 18-12
Colaba 126
E. Textiles 176-4
Finlay 251 48 50
Gokak 252 49 53 52 54 51 52
I. U. Defd. 1-10-6 1-10 1-10-6
I. U Ord. 10-2-6 10-3-6 10-1 10-5 10-2
Indore 120 17-8 21-4 18-2
Kohinoor 272 73 67 70-8 69
Laxmi 597-8
Model 162-8 63-12
Mysore 161-4
Minerva 117-8
New great 141-8 40-8
Podar 135
Simplex 182 77-8 78-8 76-8 78 77
Swadeshi 246 50 45 59 52-8 53
Swan 294 300-8 298
Tata Mills 47-8 48-4
Vishnu 206-4 8-2
C. P. Rly 114

STEAMER

B. Steam 222-8 18-12
Scindia 13 12-7 13-1 12-14 13 12-14

BANKS

Baroda 121-8
Central 80 80-4 79-12 80-4 80
Central New 79-8
Imperial Old 1737-8 38-12
Imperial New 425
India 173-8 74 73-8
Union 7-1 1-2
U. Commercial 14-8 48

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 121-4
Andhra Valley 1367-8
" Pref 1235
Suburban 133-2 33-12
Surat 132-8
Hydro 146 47
" Pref 126-4
Power 1475 82-8
" Pref 1320

INSURANCE

B.I.G. 15
New India 54
Vulcan 11-12

STEEL

B Steel 18-3 17-14 18-1 18
I. Iron 24 23-8 24 23-11
Tata Defd 1330 2-8 17-8 7-8 23-12 1290 97-8
" Ord 276 72 75 70-8
" IInd Pref 140

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 241-4
A.C.C. Old 145-8 44-4 44-12 42-4 42-8
" New 141-8 39
Belapur 187 89 84 87 85-4
B B Old 272-8 67-8 71-4 68-12
" New 100 99-6
" Petrol 1-5 1-5-6
B I C 8-1
I. Bleaching 130 32 30
I Copper 2-2
P Const 87 84-8 87 85
" 1st Pref 100-8
Shivrajpur 24
Tata Chem 9-7
" Oil 47-8 47 47-4
Wimco 178-2 76-4

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec New 44
Bank of Jaipur 30

SHIPPING NEWS

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, August 11.

ARRIVALS

"DERVENTHALL" From Philadelphia with 6493 tons of general cargo on 10/8/49.
Agents: Forbes, Forbes Campbell.

S.S. "Ikuna" From Hongkong with 2870 tons of general cargo on 10/8/49.
Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.

S.S. "STRATHAIRD" From Sydney with 2800 tons of general cargo on 10/8/49.
Agents: Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.

S.S. "JALARATNA" From Calcutta with 5270 tons of coal on 10/8/49.
Agents: Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

S S "TEVIOTBANK" From Fremantle with 8037 tons of flour on 11/8/49.
Agents: Turner Morrison.

DEPARTURES

"LEVVEKERK" for Colombo with 5300 tons of general cargo on 9/8/49.

"STAR ALCYONE" For Basrah with general cargo on board on 10/8/49.

"BARPETA" For Basrah with 1462 tons of general cargo on 10/8/49.

S S "Karanja" For Durban with 1137 tons of general cargo on 10/8/49.

"GEORGIA" For Singapore in ballast on 10/8/49.

"BENEDICK" For Abadan in ballast on 10/8/49.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U.S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "Riouw" Due 12th August; s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Due 12th August; s.s. "Lawak" Due 22nd August; s.s. "Silvermaple" Due 26th Septr.

From U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "Hoegh Silverlight" Due 5th Septr. s.s. "Utrecht" Due 11th September.

From Australia:— s.s. "Hoegh Silvercrest" Due 22nd August.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi: s.s. "Alchiba" Due 25th August.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo: (1) s.s. "Stad Leiden" Sails 19th August (2) s.s. "Aalsum" Sails 27th August.

For U.S. Pacific Coast: (3) s.s. "Rondo" Sails 19th August.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi: (4) s.s. "Riouw" Sails 30th August; (5) s.s. "Hoegh Silverbeam" Sails 31st August.

For Australia: (6) s.s. "Hoegh Silverlight" Sails 15th September.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. 'Hoegh Silvercrest' Sails 15th September.

For Medeterranean and North Continental Ports: s.s. "Alchiba" Sails 31st August.

Financial Statements Of International Bank

The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development recently issued its financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1949.

Total income for the fiscal year was dol. 21,578,413 excluding dol. 4,989,210 set aside in the Special Reserve, and expenses aggregated dol. 10,968,166. This left a net income for the year of dol. 10,610,247, bringing the total net excess of income over expenses since the Bank began operations to dol. 13,641,094. At the same time the increase in the Special Reserve of dol. 4,989,210 in the fiscal year brought the total of that item up to dol. 8,074,141 as of June 30, 1949.

Loan commitments by the International Bank increased from dol. 497,000,000 to dol. 650,100,000 during the fiscal year, the Bank having granted a total of twelve loans aggregating dol. 153,100,000 in the year.

Disbursements on loans amounted to dol. 56,235,263, making disbursements to June 34 total dol. 526,291,014. This left dol. 123,808,986 yet to be disbursed on loans effective at the end of the fiscal year.

The subscribed capital of the Bank increased dol. 662,500,000 in the year as a result of two more countries becoming members. Austria, subscribing to 500 shares, became a member August 27, 1948, and Thailand, subscribing to 125 shares, became a member May 3, 1949. Each share of stock of the Bank has a par value of dol. 100,000. Of the total authorized 100,000 shares of stock the 48 member countries have subscribed to 83,485 shares or to dol. 8,348,500,000 of capital stock.

During the fiscal year the governments of Canada and the United Kingdom granted permission to the Bank to loan the equivalent of dol. 2,000,000 and dol. 2,015,000, respectively out of the portions of their subscriptions to the Bank's capital paid in their own currencies. As previously announced the United States had granted the Bank the right to use the full amount of its 18 per cent subscription, and Belgium had approved the use of the equivalent of dol. 2,000,000 of its currency.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Aug. 10 (PTI-Reuter).

Quotations fluctuated irregularly around the previous levels in quiet dealings. The quietness, however was due to seasonal influences and, despite relatively heavy profittaking, some issues gained a little ground. Suez continued its upward movement while gold shares generally were nigher but Argentines lost ground. Rentes were also easier.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Aug. 10.

Quotations moved irregularly today After a rather heavy opening, a steadier tone developed with metals, chemicals, coals banks and colonials resisting renewed pressure. Textiles finished, showing small gains while plantations, foods and breweries were well maintained.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Aug 10.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-1/2 cents.

Spot House Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

GOOD DEMAND FOR TEXTILES

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.

Cotton futures advanced smartly near the close on Wednesday after hesitancy when prices moved within a very narrow range. The market was given a boost when it was learned that a leading spot house had bought an estimated 7,000 to 8,000 bales in nearby October, December and March.

Mill buying which was light early in the session followed. Buying by mills reflected continued good demand for cotton textiles which has created an urgent need for early ginned cotton. Scattered overnight rains in parts of the central and eastern belts which were considered unfavourable to the crop also helped to steady the tone.

The early hesitancy on the part of the market stammed from the failure of buying to develop on Monday and Tuesday following a lower than expected Government cotton crop forecast.

Dragging on the market were persistent reports of slowness in the export market.

Today's session opened one higher to two lower. Prices ruled around these levels throughout most of the session. At the close the list ruled nine to 15 higher.

From Washington it was reported that grants totalling $10,675,000 for U.S. cotton accounted for nearly all the 12,224,000 dollars in the new foreign aid allotted today by ECA. ECA earmarked 8,000,000 to bizonal Germany and 2,675,000 to Austria for American cotton excluding linters.

Closing prices included:

Delivery	Pr. Close	Opening	High	Close	Close
October	29.74-75	29.75	29.90	29.73	29.89-90
Dec.	29.74	29.73	29.88	29.73	29.88
March	29.74	29.72	29.87	29.72	29.84
May	29.65	29.62	29.75	29.64	29.74
July	29.07-10	29.08	29.18	29.08	29.18
Oct.	27.23	27.22	27.33	27.20	27.33
Dec.	27.13	27.15	27.13	27.13	27.23
New Orleans					
Oct.	29.65	29.65	29.79	29.63	29.78
Dec.	29.68	29.66	29.82	29.66	29.81
March	29.68	29.65	29.78	29.67	29.75
May	29.57	29.54	29.68	29.54	29.65
July	29.00	28.99	29.09	28.99	29.07
Oct.	27.15	27.14	27.25	27.08	27.15
Dec.	27.05	27.05	27.08	27.14	27.25

Spot cotton, New York, 32.36 nom.
" New Orleans, 31.05.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 5th August:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,30,00,00
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	255,29,65,000
Sundries	83,06,000
Total Rs.	268,05,21,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	92,33,80,000
Other Authorised Investments	10,14,16,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	21,24,80,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	72,14,65,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,05,69,000
Dead Stock	1,57,24,000
Sundries	1,18,52 00
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	51,70,48,00
Balances with other Banks	11,65,87,000
Total Rs.	268,05,21,000

NEW YORK PEPPER

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (PTI-Reuter)

Following are today's closing prices: Black Pepper: Spot 1.37 bid corr. Sept 1.42 Nominal, October 1.42 nominal, December 1.26 bid, January 1.16 bid, March 1.01 bid, May 92 cents bid. White pepper spot 1.75 asked

LONDON PEPPER

LONDON, Aug. 10 (PTI-Reuter)

The pepper market was quiet but prices were very firm. After the business yesterday in Malabar August shipment at 825s. per cwt. c.i.f. basis ports, there were further buyers at this price today with sellers asking 835s Black Lampong July/August was quoted by sellers at 7s. 9-1/2d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports while 9s. 3d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports was asked for white muntok and white sarawak

SINGAPORE PEPPER

SINGAPORE, Aug. 10 (PTI-Reuter)

Quotations on the Singapore pepper market today again gained little ground in quiet hesitant dealings. Black lampong advanced 15 dollars to 425 dollars per picul ex-godown while white muntok was further three dollars higher at 508. Business was reported done in three tons of loose black lampong at 420.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, Aug. 11

Following are to-day's quotations in the Madras Stock market: —

GOVERNMENT LOANS: 3 per cent Paper 97/12; 3 per cent Paper 1986 98/1; 3 per cent Paper 1970/75 100/1; Government of Travancore Loan 3 per cent 1952/54 100 13; Government of Madras Loan 3 per cent 1960 99/15/6

BANKS: Travancore 14/4

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/10; Blue Mountain 2/2; Chembra 4/4/6. Cochin Malabar 3/11; Devashola 13/12; Nellampathy 0/15/6; Ouchterlony 4/12; Pullangode 1; Thirumbadi 1/6; T. R. and T. 4/2; Vaikundam 4/5

TEXTILES: Buckingham 142/8, Buckingham pref 189/4; Cambodia 9/8. Coimbatore C M 113; Coimbatore Pioneer 117; Coimbatore Pioneer Spg. 44/12, Lakshmi 62; Madura 38/4; Mettur 297/8; Radhakrishna 137/8; Rajalaksami 54; Ranga Vilas 44; Trav Rayons 3/6. Trichinopoly 10/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 66/4, F.A.C.T 1/4; India Cement 17; Mettur Chem 6/1/6; Mysore Chem Fert 7/10.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London Aug. 10.

T. T London on:—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275. Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Sweden 14.47 to 14.50.

WALL STREET MARKET RESUMES UPWARD MOVE

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.

The market resumed its forward march as trading pace quickened after a slow [illegible] session. Additional gains predominated, although selective issues scored advances of a dollar or more. Minings derived support from the continued good demand for nonferrous metals. The averages were industrials 180.03 and rails 47.31. Traders continued to bid up prices despite the sweltering heat. Dealings were moderate although a few selectives were strong and active. Cearo Depasco was up more than two dollars at 19-1/4 reflecting reports that the Peruvian Government was granting 100 percent dollar certificates for the exports of Peruvian mining products. Elsewhere gains held to fractions in face of scattered profittaking. The market closed around the day's best levels on a firm note.

PRICES STRONG ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (PTI-Reuter).

Prices continued strong in the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today. Business was moderate. Nearby delivery on many items was fast running out. Reports noted however, that some spot shipment was still available in print cloths. Premiums of one-half cent above the contract rate were being asked. The market attention again turned to drills and twills in active demand at firm price levels. Spot goods in these categories were being sought mostly by work-clothing converters and manufacturers. It was also stated that many buyers were well stocked for the next few weeks and were remaining away from the market.

Worth Street sentiment also improved on Washington reports that textile exports in June expanded sharply over the previous month's volume. The current export volume however was below the 1949 high level established in April.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK Aug 10

Texas Gulf Sulphur	65
Tide Water Oil	23-1/8
Timken Roller Bearing	39-3/4
Union Garbide	40
U. S. Industrial Chemical	22-5/8
U. S. Gypsum	101-1/2
U. S. Steel Pref	133-1/2
Western Union "A"	14
West Pennsylvania Electric	24-1/2
Youngstown Sheet and Tube ex. div.	64-1/8
Aluminium Corpn.	51-1/8
American Cyanamid	45-3/8
American Gas & Electric	45-1/8
Brazilian Traction	17
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	66-1/2
Louisiana Land	23-1/2
Baltimore & Ohio (BID)	9-5/8

CHICAGO GRAINS IRRE

Assembly Discusses Citizenship

KEEP OUT QUISLINGS, SAYS K. T. SHAH

Deshmukh's Plea For Rejecting Ambedkar's Draft

NEW DELHI, August 11 (P T I).

THE Constituent Assembly today resumed discussion on the controversial question, "Who are to be Indian citizens on the date of the commencement of the constitution?"

Despite an appeal by President Rajendra Prasad at an early stage for quick disposal of the articles moved by Dr. Ambedkar yesterday, members had not even finished moving all their amendments when the House rose for the day.

One of the strongest critics of the articles was Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh, who advised the House to reject them in the same manner in which they had discarded earlier drafts. Dr. Deshmukh felt that the articles moved by Dr. Ambedkar would make Indian citizenship the "cheapest in the world."

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, on the other hand, paid a warm tribute to the Drafting Committee for producing "such an excellent and comprehensive draft."

Prof. K. T. Shah said that Parliament should be bound not to give equal rights of citizenship to nationals of those countries which discriminated against Indians.

CLOSING LOOPHOLE

Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena wanted to close the loophole through which a person like Mr. L. S. Amery, who was born in Prof. Saksena's district of Gorakhpur, could become an Indian citizen if he chose to.

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava, expressing the point of view of refugees, said: "I want that not a single person who has come as a refugee should have any trouble in becoming a citizen of India. On the other hand, those who left this country to become citizens of Pakistan with their eyes open, with songs on their lips, who threatened us, 'Laughing we won Pakistan; fighting we shall conquer Hindustan', should not be permitted to become our citizens."

Mr. Bansari Prasad Jhunjhunwala (Bihar) said that people from Eastern Pakistan were infiltrating into Assam with the sole object of "increasing the population of a certain community". He moved an amendment the effect of which, he said, would be to prevent such persons from acquiring Indian citizenship.

At the outset the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, said that some of the amendments tabled by members dealt with matters altogether outside the scope of the draft. For example there was an amendment dealing with the status of women after marriage. The house should confine itself to the limited question of laying down the qualifications for citizenship on the day the constitution came into force.

All other matters, including those covered by the present draft, were left to be dealt with by parliament as it deemed fit "with these limitations in mind said Dr. Prasad, and the matter might be disposed of quickly."

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh, moving substitute amendments to Dr. Ambedkar's draft, said that Dr. Ambedkar's draft would make Indian citizenship ridiculously cheap—in fact the cheapest in the world. Under one of the Subclauses, the only qualifications necessary for obtaining Indian citizenship was that of being born in India.

This meant that if a husband and wife were travelling on a pleasure trip and while halting at Bombay for a couple of hours the lady gave birth to a child, that child irrespective of the nationality of its parents would be entitled to become a citizen of India.

As another sub-clause conferred citizenship on a person whose father or mother happened to be born in India, however accidentally a child born to that Bombay-born person would also be entitled to Indian citizenship.

According to another clause, anyone who had resided in India for five years could become a citizen.

He contrasted this with the conditions in the United States, where Indians who had spent twenty or 25 years found themselves unable to obtain citizenship. The house knew the condition of Indian citizens in South Africa, in Malaya, Burma and other countries. Was there any country which conferred citizenship on an Indian so cheaply? he asked.

DESHMUKH'S PROPOSAL

Among other things Dr. Deshmukh proposed that citizenship should be conferred on every person residing in India who was born of Indian parents: or who was naturalised under the law of naturalization: and every person who was a Hindu or a Sikh by religion and was not a citizen of any other State, wherever he resided.

Dr. Deshmukh reminded the House that this was the third time that the House was debating the question of citizenship". The first time the President of the Constituent Assembly held the view, which was upheld by the House, that the definition was very, very unsatisfactory. It was then referred to a group of lawyers. I am sorry to say that they produced a definition by which all those persons who are in existence at the present time could not be included as citizens of India. The draft now produced is as unsatisfactory as those drafts which the House rejected earlier. This article is worthy of being discarded in the same manner in which we discarded the previous ones".

Referring to the argument that this was only a tentative draft and Parliament could later correct any mistakes, Dr. Deshmukh replied that no Parliament would withdraw citizenship from persons who already enjoyed it. It would be very difficult indeed to correct later any "foolishness" committed by the Constituent Assembly now.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed (West Bengal) moved eleven amendments to the articles relating to citizenship. The amendments were of a drafting nature.

Mr. Ahmed said that the proposed citizenship article was a cumbrous one. He complained that the members had not had sufficient time to study the article. This was one factor which was responsible for members being inattentive to the debates in the House. He, however, said that if discussion on the article was postponed, more complications would follow. It would be better to pass the article and leave it to Parliament to remedy any defect in the article.

DEFINITION OF REFUGEE

Mr Jaspat Roy Kapoor (United Provinces) moved three amendments designed to remove the "obvious lacuna" in the amended articles. He said the article, though of a provincial and limited nature, did not make any provision for acquisition of citizenship by persons subsequent to the date of commencement of the constitution till Parliament made any law. Mr. Kapoor sought to bring the definition of refugees as persons who left Pakistan "on account of disturbances or fear of disturbances' which definition, he said, would be in line with other legislation in vogue.

TREAT THEM AS FOREIGNERS

Mr. Kapoor also opposed Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari's amendment which provided for the acquiring of citizenship by persons who had migrated to Pakistan from India, but had subsequently returned to India under a valid permit with a view to taking up their permanent habitation in India. He said persons who had migrated to Pakistan had done so with the intention of taking up permanent residence there, though some of them had gone away because of the disturbances here. But he was convinced that even if there had been no disturbances many of them would have gone away.

Mr. Kapoor said even before partition had taken place, many persons, mainly from the railways, went of their own free will to Pakistan. A large number of them had now come back to India finding no scope for existence in Pakistan.

"If they want to come here to settle down permanently we may welcome them, as we welcome any other foreigners. But once they became foreigners they must be treated on the same lines as any other foreigner. We are prepared to give the same facility to them for re-acquiring the citizenship of India as to any other foreigner.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Mr. Kapoor said there were also some financial implications. Under the Evacuee Property Ordinance in various provinces the properties of such persons who had re-migrated to India continue to be vested in the Custodian of Evacuee Property. "It will be a very anomalous position if we, on the one hand, confer the rights of citizenship on them, but on the other hand say that their property should continue to be evacuee property."

CASE OF INDIANS OVERSEAS

Prof. K. T. Shah moved a series of amendments. He wanted that in regard to the inheritance qualifications, the determination of the nationality of the grand-parents should be through the paternal side. He had also suggested a proviso in the explanation to the article stating that nationality by birth of any citizen of India should not be affected in any other country whose laws permitted local citizenship of that country being acquired without prejudice to nationality by birth. He explained that the amendment was to cover the case of Indians in Malaya. He wanted the addition of another proviso as explanation to Article 5 stating: Provided that where under the Municipal Law no citizen is compelled either to renounce his nationality by birth before acquiring the citizenship of that country or where under the Municipal Law, nationality by birth of any citizen does not cease automatically on the acquisition of the citizenship of that country. Prof. Shah said that this amendment related to the question of Indians in Ceylon and Burma.

TO THOSE WHO WORK INEQUITY

By another amendment, Prof. Shah proposed that Parliament should not accord equal rights of citizenship to the nationals of any country which denied equal treatment to the nationals of India settled there and desirous of acquiring the local citizenship. He cited the instance of Australia, South Africa and United States.

Prof. Shah also proposed that those persons who had remigrated to India from Pakistan after July 19, 1948, should produce documentary evidence to prove their intention to be domiciled in India and reside permanently in India before they were entitled to citizenship right.

Prof. Shah offered "sincere congratulations" to the Drafting Committee in drafting the new article but he said his bouquet of roses had their thorns also. He contended that though citizenship was a birthright and also acquired through inheritance, the privileges of Indian citizenship should not be regarded as very "commonplace, cheap and easy". He said: "It should be a privilege of which not only those of us who are citizens may be proud but even those who may hereafter become citizens should be proud. The time is coming when the citizenship of India will not only be regarded as the burden of nativity but will be considered by the rest of the world as something of a privilege".

CHECK UP ON QUISLINGS

Referring to the case of the people returning from Pakistan after migration from India, Prof. Shah argued that it was but fair to demand documentary evidence of intention to settle down permanently in India from people who had hitherto been claiming that they were a different nation. Such proof was necessary so that they might not act as traitors or quislings.

Prof. Shah also dealt with the question of foreign capitalists who wanted merely to take advantage of the generosity or liberalism of the country to acquire citizenship rights of India and said: "We are not going to end the age of exploitation of this country unless the Constitution contains some provision giving authority and powers to Parliament to make discrimination so that indigenous enterprises should be sufficiently protected. Parliament will be unable to protect our own enterprises and our own people against those foreigners whose purpose is to take advantage of our fiscal policy only."

LET US RETALIATE

Urging retaliation in respect of those countries where equal rights of citizenship were not given to Indians, Prof. Shah said that the House should make it incumbent upon Parliament not to grant equal treatment to the nationals of those countries which had discriminated against Indians. Those who did not treat Indians equally should not be treated equally, whatever the consequences.

Without an ambiguity, it should be laid down in the Constitution that Parliament was not free to accord equal rights on those who had denied Indians the same rights. In determining that, India should not be prepared to take these countries at their words unless their words correspond with deeds. India should stand on her legs and fight with her own arms that was considered a right course.

Mr. Krishna Chandra Sharma (United Provinces) moved an amendment, the effect of which would be that no one would get Indian citizenship unless he was prepared to take up all obligations of citizenship.

Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena sought to substitute the words "has not voluntarily acquired the citizenship" in Article 5 by "is not already the citizen". This sub-clause as moved by Dr. Ambedkar reads "every person who has his domicile in the territory of India and who has been ordinarily resident in the territory of India for not less than five years shall be a citizen of India provided that he has not voluntarily acquired the citizenship of any foreign state."

EVEN AMERY CAN BE A CITIZEN

Prof. Saksena said that without his amendment if a person like Mr. L. S. Amery (a former Secretary of State for India) who was born in Prof. Saksena's District of Gorakhpur, sought Indian citizenship, it would not be possible for the Government of India to reject his application. Prof. Saksena fully agreed with Dr. Deshmukh that Indian citizenship should not be a very cheap thing.

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava (East Punjab) had a series of amendments. "I want", said Pandit Bhargava "that not a single person who has come from Pakistan as a refugee should have any trouble in being a citizen of India. No obstacle should be placed in the path of those who have had to leave their hearths and homes in Pakistan on account of the disturbances and come to the country.

THEY SHALL NOT BE CITIZENS

My second desire is that those who were citizens of Pakistan on August 15, or who left this country to become citizens or Pakistan with their eyes open, with songs on their lips such as "Laughing we won Pakistan; Fighting we shall conquer Hindustan" should not be permitted to become our citizens again. Those persons have forfeited their right to become citizens of this country."

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said he saw no reason for stating in the article that refugees should be "deemed to be" citizens. For others, the expression used was "shall be citizens." The expression "deemed to be" gave the refugees a lower status, so he moved an amendment to delete these words.

Mr. Sidhwa paid a tribute to the Drafting Committee and said that while the original draft was vague, the present provided for all contingencies. The whole House should compliment the Committee for the manner in which they had framed this article after taking so much.

Mr. Bansari Prasad Jhunjhunwala (Bihar) moved an amendment to the effect that only displaced persons who had come to India on account of civil disturbances or fear of them would be entitled to citizenship under Article 5A. He said that he wanted that the right of acquiring citizenship by people migrating from Pakistan to India should be confined to displaced persons. Others who were governed by Article 5A should have the right to acquire citizenship under the conditions prescribed in Article 5, namely, by residing in India for five years.

CHECK INFILTRATION

He said that people from Eastern Pakistan were infiltrating into Assam with the sole object of increasing the population of a certain community. His amendment was designed to prevent such people from acquiring citizenship without in any way inconveniencing displaced persons from Pakistan.

Mr. S. Nagappa (Madras) suggested in an amendment that provisions should be made for illiterate persons also to acquire citienship by not insisting on a written declaration for registration. An oral statement should enable a person to register his application for citizenship.

Sardar B. Singh Man (East Punjab), proposed the deletion of the provision governing the rights of citizenship of those people who had re-migrated to India from Pakistan after July 19, 1948, on a permanent permit. He said that it was an "obnoxious provision and is unjust to the Hindus and Sikhs".

He had not concluded his speech when the House rose for the day.

MORVI MERCANTILE BANK PARTY

A dinner party was given by the Managing Director of the Morvi Mercantile Bank Ltd., to Mr. Hall, the retiring Manager of the National City Bank of New York on August 8 at the W.I.A.A. Club. Facing the camera are Mr. de Haes, Agent, Netherlands Trading Society, Mr. Hall Mr. Mehta, Managing Director Morvi Mercantile Bank Ltd., Mr. Mehkri, Deputy Governor, Reserve Bank, Mr. Colhoun, Vice-President, National City Bank of New York.

GENERAL PROGRESS IN CROP CONDITION

Excessive Rains In Ratnagiri District

BOMBAY, Thursday.

FAIRLY adequate rains have contributed to an improved agricultural condition in Bombay Province.

Following is a summary of report from various countres as re recorded on August 6.

GUJARAT: There were adequate and fairly good rains in the Gujarat Division. Transplanting of paddy in rice tracts of th edivision was nearing completion and that of 'bavto' was in progress. The young standing crops were thriving well on the whole and weeding and interculturing operations were generally in progress. Stray attacks of "Katra" were reported from places in Banaskantha, Sabarkantha, Broach and Kaira districts, where control measures were continued.

DECCAN: Moderate to good rain was received during the week in the Deccan division, except in Ahmednagar and Sholapur districts, where it was only light and scanty. The condition of the young standing crops was satisfactory on the whole, except in Ahmednagar district, where crops were showing signs of withering due to the lack of soil-moisture. Substantial rains were urgently required in these two districts in order to improve the general agricultural condition. Weeding and interculturing operations were generally in progress. Attacks of grasshoppers at places in Poona and Sholapur districts were reported to have considerably subsided due to heavy showers in Poona district and also due to timely control measures taken in both the districts. Grasshopper trouble on sugarcane at places in Ahmednagar district and that on paddy and 'kharpudi' on 'bajri' in Satara district were reported to be persisting and control measures were in progress.

KARNATAK: Substantial rains were received during the week in Belgaum district while there were only light showers elsewhere in the Karnatak division. Substantial rains were urgently required for promoting further development of crops in almost the whole of the Bijapur district and in the eastern parts of the Dharwar District, although the condition of the young standing crops was reported to be so far fairly satisfactory in the division. Weeding and interculturing operations were generally in progress. Grasshopper trouble was still reported from places in the division and blast disease on paddy was also reported from places in Dharwar district. Control measures were resorted to.

KONKAN: The rainfall during the week was moderate to good in the Konkan division, although the rains proved excessive in places in the Ratnagiri district, while more rains were still required in parts of Kanara district. Transplanting of 'Nagli' was in progress in Ratnagiri district, while that of late paddy has commenced at places in Thana district. Early sown crops were progressing fairly satisfactorily. Slight attack of "Veet" was reported from Mahad division of Kolaba district. Crops were free from pests and diseases elsewhere in the division.

Village Improvement Prizes

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three villages in Poona district have been awarded cash prizes for the improvement work done by them during the year 1947. They are Khannapur (Rs. 200); Belhe (Rs. 150) and Bhavadi (Rs. 100).

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, August 11.

Previous Closing	29.89
To-day's Opening	29.92
Difference	+3
To-day's Closing	29.96
Difference	+7

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, August 11

	Rs.
Silver Bullion	162 8
Silver Mint	162 8
Gold Ready	115 8
Sovereign	74 8

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, August 11

Opening prices: Anaconda Copper Mining 29-5/8.
General Motors unquoted.
U.S. Steel Common unquoted.
Ditto Pref. unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Irregular Tendency

LONDON, August 11, (PTI-Reuter): United Kingdom trade figures for July showing fall in exports checked trading in the London Stock Exchange today. Industrials were hesitant and uncertain for the greater part of the session and one or two small losses were shown at the close. Miscellaneous leaders were a few pence off at the close and there were declines in the textile and tobaccos.

British Government Securities were quiet and price changes small.

The section opened firm but advances were not always held.

Oils were firm. Buying was selective and produced useful gains particularly in Trinidad group. Trinidad leaseholds forged ahead to show a rise of one and six pence on the day at 249.

Canadian Eagle issues were unchanged after an initial firmness.

Recent buying of dollar stocks was not followed through and profittaking reduced prices slightly. Canadian Pacifics, however, were a good market at 19½. International nickels lost one point at 50 on some disappointment with quarterly return.

South African minings were selective firm. Trading however was smaller than of late. Higher levels produced profittaking in recent Free-

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet But Steady Tone

CALCUTTA, August 11 (P.T.I): The market ruled quiet but steady with regard to the speculative counters while others remain more or less unaltered.

It has been decided by the committee in the meeting held today that minimum prices now in force for all shares in jute section be and the same are removed with effect from Friday the 12th August 1949.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three Per Cent. Govt. Paper 98-1, S Lot, Three Per Cent. Loan 1986 98-1, Three Per Cent. Loan 1951-54 101-11, Three Per Cent Loan 1953-55 101-13, Three Per Cent Loan 1957 101-11-6, Three Per Cent. Loan 1970-75 99-15.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7-8, Calcutta National 10-8, Imperial Conty 416/-, United Commercial 47-8.

COTTONS: Benares Cotton 4-15, Cawnpore Textiles 8-10, Kesoram 14-1, Muir Mills 285/-, New Victoria Ordy 2-1, Ditto Pref. 4-2.

COALS: Bengal 445/-, Cum. Div. Bhalgora 6-9, Burrakur 13/-, Central India 5-2, Central Kurkend 24-12, Equitable 40-12, Guzdar Kajora 5-5, New Beerbhoom 14-14, Kuardi 6-14, Raneegunge 10-12, South Karanpura 28-14, Talcher 3-8, Western Bengal 4-8.

JUTES: Agarpara 12-4, Anglo India Pf. 123/-, Auckland 116-8, Kelbin 200-8, Union 201/-.

SUGARS: Balrampur 6-4, Banarhat 252/-, Ct. Dufflaghur 22/-, Gohpur 22-14, Hasimara 40-8, Jutlibari 14-2, Nagalpurree 175/-, S. Lot Teapur 17-14, Tukvar. 9-6.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY SLACKENS AND UNEMPLOYMENT HIGH

U. N. Economic Affairs Department's Report On Some Countries In 1948-49

Under the title "Inflationary and Deflationary Tendencies, ---- the Department of Economic Affairs of the United Nations recently published a report prepared by its Division of Economic Stability and Development (Economic Stability Section). It is the second in a series of reports analyzing the problems of inflation and unemployment. The first was issued in September 1947. The present report deals in part with the same period as the previous survey, but covers a larger number of countries, and it also contains an introduction which provides a theoretical pattern for empirical analysis.

The report states that after three years of inflationary pressures, the latter part of 1948 and the beginning of 1949 appear to represent a turning point in the sense that inflationary pressures have generally subsided and that in some countries a slackening of economic activity and an increase in unemployment occurred.

In 1946-47 inflationary tendencies prevailed in most parts of the world. In many countries these tendencies were reflected in open inflation. In a number of other countries inflation was contained by direct price controls and by rationing of scarce essential items.

Inflationary tendencies in most industrialized countries do not appear to have been primarily due to the combined pressure of investment, export surplus and budget deficit. In net importing countries the large import surpluses were instrumental in offsetting the inflationary pressure of investment and budget deficits. The pressure of large export surpluses in exporting countries, especially in the United States, was offset by budget surpluses.

UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

In under-developed countries the combined pressure of investment, export surplus and budget deficit, due to considerable private and loan-financed public investment for development purposes, appears to have been higher than before the war.

A major factor in the world-wide inflationary pressure was the existence of demand for consumption goods pent up during the war. In many instances this pent-up demand was supported by accumulated holdings of liquid assets. In the devastated countries and in some underdeveloped areas of the world an even more important factor was the decline in per capita consumer supplies, especially of food through a reduction in agricultural output, a decline in industrial productivity, and in some cases an increase in population. Some countries, in particular the United States and Canada, decontrolled during this period and developed what may be called a post-decontrol inflation.

Except in a few instances, there were no symptoms of slackening economic activity as a result of declining effective demand. In some countries such as Italy and India, however, unemployment co-existed throughout the period with inflation.

In 1948, the inflationary patterns of the preceding two years were still prevalent in a large part of the world. Nevertheless there was some tendency for the relaxation of the inflationory pressures. The pressure of pent-up demand weakened in many countries. There was also some increase in the supply of consumption goods per capita and considerable easing of specific shortages. The supply of food generally improved towards the end of the year after the favourable harvests of 1948. The full anti-inflationary impact of this factor, however could not be felt until 1949.

PRESSURE OF INVESTMENT

The combined pressure of investment, export surplus and budget deficit did not change considerably in most countries. On the whole, private and public investment continued at the high level of the preceding year. Decreases in import surpluses in a number of net importing countries were generally offset by increases in Government revenue or in some instances reductions in Government expenditure. In the United States the process was reversed: the decrease in the export surplus was offset by an increase in Government expenditure and by a reduction in taxes.

In the Union of Soviet Socialist Rebublics, rationing was abolished at the end of 1947, simultaneously with the introduction of a monetary reform. The increase in consumer supplies in the course of post-war reconstruction and especially after the good harvest of 1947, together with the effects of the monetary reform made it possible to reduce consumer prices considerably.

For the first time since the end of the war, there appeared in 1948 and early 1949 some deflationary tendencies, in the sense of slackening in economic activity. Italy, which suffers from considerable chronic unemployment experienced in addition a recession beginning in the autumn of 1947, followed by a recovery in the second half of 1948 and another setback at the beginning of 1949. There was also a considerable rise in unemployment in Belgium in the course of 1948.

In the U. S. one of the elements of the high level of output and employment in 1948 was the increase in accumulation of inventories which was in part involuntary and could not therefore continue indefinitely at the same rate. At the beginning of 1949, there was a decline in the rate of this accumulation coupled with a reduction of investment in fixed capital. This factor together with the repercussion on incomes and consumption appears to have been the major cause of the slackening of economic activity and the rise in unemployment.—UNIC.

JUTE EXPORTS TO ARGENTINE

No Restrictions

NEW DELHI, August 11 (PTI).—The Commerce Ministry in a press note today announced that no licensing restrictions will be placed on the export of jute goods to the Argentine.

The press note says: "Doubts have been expressed in some quarters as to whether the recent announcement that no licensing restrictions will be placed on the export of jute goods to hard currency destinations applies to the Argentine. As the Argentine is included among hard currency areas, there will be no licensing restriction in so far as export to that country is concerned."

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, August 11.

Local mill shares are comparatively strong. Bears are not aggressive at the present level:

Fluctuations: Calico opened, 1017, highest 1026 lowest 1010.

Arvind opened 1420, highest 1423, lowest 1409.

Ambica opened 338, lowest T. 336.

Differred opened 1315, highest 1323, lowest 1288.

Closing quotations: Calico 1016, Differed 1298, Arvind 1409, Ambica 337, Rohit 105, Bhalakai 130, Atul 35.

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NEW INDO-CZECH TRADE PACT

Move To Adjust Deficit Of Rs. 15 Million

PRAGUE, August 11 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

CZECHOSLOVAKIA and India have concluded a new trade agreement, fixing "more realistic" quotas under their agreement of March 29, to enable India to adjust a deficit of 15 million rupees, which has developed in trade under it.

Among new items India will now import from Czechoslovakia during the course of the agreement which runs till the end of this year, will be: tanning machinery, leather grinderv machines, liquid gold, ultra-marine and bronze powder.

She will increase her imports of prime movers, diesel engines, compressors, industrial sewing machines, shoemaking machinery, agricultural machinery and well pumps.

Indian imports of tobacco-working machines, moulding powder, feather trimmings and fruit presses will be removed from the schedules.

Indian imports of saccharine, printing paper, machinery for the ceramic industry, woodworking machines, cameras, photographic equipment and straw-board will also be reduced.

An official source here explained that the March agreement, which provided for the exchange of goods worth 32,500,000 rupees fixed controls on the Czechoslovak side, but left the Indian side governed only by the conditions of the free market.

CAUSES

One result had been that Indian importers had bought quantities of Czech foods which, because of quality, price or late delivery, had not attracted local buyers.

This had tended to restrict reciprocal trading because goods although debited to India, were not actually bringing in cash returns. India had therefore failed to buy from Czechoslovakia upto the agreed quotas, and had developed the fifteen million rupees deficit.

FRANCE WILL WIN THE GAME IN INDO-CHINA

Overseas Minister's Optimism

PARIS, Aug. 11, (PTI-Reuter): M. Paul Coste-Floret, French Minister for Overseas territories, today at Hue, Annam, said that, if France left Indo-China, she would be replaced by another power which would not work for France and even less for Vietnam according to French Press Agency report.

Speaking at a banquet at Hue during his tour of Indo-China, the Minister declared "I attach capital importance to the re-establishment of peace in Vietnam.

"The Vietnamese know well enough that their independence cannot be developed without the French Union, the essential condition of that development."

M. Coste-Floret said France was "capable of winning the game" in Indo-China and would win it with the friendship of the Vietnamese people" for world peace and in the interests of France and Vietnam".

NEW GOVERNOR OF SOUTH VIETNAM

SAIGON, Aug. 11, (PTI-Reuter): Bao Dai, former Emperor of Annam and now head of the State of Vietnam, today officially installed M. Tran Van Huu, former head of the Provisional Government of Cochin-China, as Governor of South Vietnam (Cochin China).

Red Hide-Outs Searched In Nagpur

NAGPUR, Aug. 11 (PTI): Five places, suspected to be the hide-outs of Communist activity in the City were searched by the Nagpur police to-day. Some "valuable documents" were seized, a high police official said after the searches.

Three Muslims suspected to be carrying on anti-Indian Union activity, were arrested in the city to-day. Their houses were also searched by the police.

POTATO SATYAGRAHA

SIMLA, August 11 (PTI).—As a protest against the Government's Potato Control Order, six persons started Satyagraha at Kusumti yesterday.

Each of the persons carried potatoes in excess of the quantity allowed for personal consumption and attempted to cross into East Punjab territory. They were stopped by police near Kusumti and their potatoes confiscated. The Satyagraha was said to be sponsored by the recently formed Himasu District Kisan Sabha.

The Potato Control Order requires exporters and dealers in potatoes to take out a licence. According to the order, five seers per person are allowed without a permit.

16 Dead In Police Firing At Swana

ENQUIRY REPORT AWAITED

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11, (PTI):—Sixteen persons were killed and seven injured including two seriously injured as a result of police firing on an "unruly mob" on June 22 in Swana, a Rajasthan village in Udaipur District, according to official quarters here.

Official circles here stated: On June 13, 1949 a small police force was left to guard about 50 maunds of grain procured by the Collector of Bhilwara District (Rajasthan) in the village of Swana. The next day a mob assaulted the force and looted the grain.

On hearing this, the Collector, the Additional District Magistrate and the Deputy Superintendent of Police went to the village and tried to persuade the villagers not to defy law or obstruct procurement of grain. The villagers, however, persisted in their obstructionist attitude.

The Police were forced to resort to firing in self defence. Some 30 rounds were fired and known casualties amounted to 16 dead and 7 injured including two seriously injured.

Subsequently, the Government of Rajasthan appointed a Committee consisting of a Judge of the Matsya High Court and a prominent public worker of Udaipur to enquire into the facts of the incident. Its report is now awaited."

Dr. Lohia's Warning

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11, (PTI): Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, Socialist leader, today warned the Government that the situation in Rajasthan would be "grievous and even worse than west Bengal" if the present tension between the Rajasthan Government and the people was allowed to continue.

Dr. Lohia, who was addressing a press conference on the police firing in Swana village in Udaipur district on June 22 when 16 persons were killed, demanded on behalf of the Hindu Kisan Panchayat, Socialist-sponsored Kisan organisation, that the "nominated administration of Rajasthan should be immediately dissolved and early election should be held."

SEND-OFF TO RAJAJI

Mr. Rajagopalachari, the Governor-General of India snapped at Bombay Central station on August 10 when he left Bombay for Delhi.

Tata Steel Workers To Get Less Bonus

RIVAL UNIONS CAUSING LABOUR TROUBLE

JAMSHEDPUR, August 11 (P.T.I.).

THIS year's profit-sharing bonus to be distributed to the employees of the Tata Iron & Steel Company will be Rs. 40.12 lakhs as against last year's bonus of Rs. 55.08 lakhs. The bonus will be declared after confirmation of the balance-sheet by the annual general meeting of the Company, to be held in Bombay on August 25.

While last year's depreciation stood at Rs. 2261.96 lakhs it has gone up this year to Rs. 2403.72 lakhs. This year's production showed some improvement over the preceding year's, with a corresponding increase in sales.

ISSUE FOR AGITATION

The fact that the profit-sharing bonus percapita this year will be about 15 lakhs less than that of last year is being made an issue for an agitation among the workers by a section of labour leaders. But, although there are signs of dissatisfaction among workmen, the situation, so far, remains peaceful.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Chairman of the Tata Iron & Steel Company, in the Directors' Annual Report for the year, observed that the situation, though slightly better than that of last year (1947-48), was far from normal and caused a great deal of anxiety.

He added: Several leftist political organisations have entered the labour field against the Tata Workers' Union and have recently formed a rival union called the Tata Mazdoor Sabha. The existence of these different factions, which outbid one another for the favour of labour, has an unsettling effect on the latter. As a consequence of such activities, labour trouble occurred in certain units of the plant at Jamshedpur at the end of January last, which is estimated to have cost the Steel Company a loss of production of about 3,000 tons."

The two rival organisations of the workers are the Tata Workers Union and the Tata Mazdoor Sabha. The former is affiliated to the I.N.T.U.C. and is led by Mr. John, the Bihar labour leader, while the latter is sponsored by the Socialist Party under the leadership of the Cawnpore labour leader, Munshi Ahmed Din.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UPA)—The Public Health Service reported today that 2,451 new polio cases developed in the United States last week. This was a 25 per cent increase over the previous week's total.

WORLD TENSION ON THE DECLINE

Statesmen Know Danger Of War, Says Lie

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 11, (UPA):—Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, said today he believed that the international tension would continue to decrease because "responsible statesmen all over the world are firmly resolved" to prevent a new war.

Lie, who is spending a few days here enroute to Lake Success, made the statement in an address before the Swedish Association for International Cooperation. He said there are no signs the United Nations' position in world politics was weakening and that the tension had been relaxed by the realisation of world statesmen that another war would destroy humanity.

Lie reviewed the postwar difficulties which hampered the work of the United Nations, but said that its work had never stopped. "On the contrary, it has become to far-reaching results politically, economically and socially. And nobody knows what could have happened had the United Nations not existed."

Lie paid considerable attention to the Palestine problem which he called "the eternal moot question of humanity." He said the Republic of Israel is a "legitimate child of the United Nations."

Merchant's Protest

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11: The Retail Cloth Merchant Association of Ahmedabad has decided not to take licences of cloth till the choice of stock is not given to them, in spite of the Textile Commissioner's appeal to merchants to take licences under the new scheme.

Nehru's Support To Provincial Languages

CALCUTTA, Aug. 11 (PTI): India's Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, has informed the Secretary of the Nikhil Bharat Bangabhasa Prasar Samity, Mr. J. C. Ghosh that "it has always been our policy to give full support and encouragement to the great provincial languages of India".

Replying to Mr. Ghosh's enquiry, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his letter dated August 8 added:

"The question of language is before the Constituent Assembly and I am not in a position to lay down what the Constituent Assembly will decide. But it has always been our policy to give full support and encouragement to the great provincial languages of India. Apart from being the language of the provinces concerned, I presume, they will be recognised for all-India purposes also in so far as presentation of documents etc. is concerned. I do not myself see why anyone who wishes to speak in Bengali or Marathi in the Central Parliament should not be allowed to do so.

"The real question is about the records of Parliament. The Governmental work at the Centre must necessarily be carried on mostly in one language though, of course, a number of other languages are also officially recognised in India."

CHARKA JAYANTI CELEBRATIONS

Dr. Rajendra Prasad's Appeal

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 11, (PTI): The All-India Spinners' Association has issued an appeal to form spinning clubs all over the country in observance of the Charka Jayanti celebrations from September 19 to October 2.

Commending this appeal, Dr. Rajendra Prasad states: "Gandhi Jayanti, which was named Charka Jayanti by Gandhiji falls on September 19 according to the Hindu calendar and on October 2 according to the English calendar. The Charka Sangh has appealed to all people to observe these two days and also the intervening days for encouraging the khadi programme.

"I hope that the people of India, whether they are Government officials, labourers in fields and mills, businessmen or teachers in schools, or those engaged in other occupations, will spin as much as possible during these days. The country has a great demand for production and along with production for immediate consumption also. The programme of cloth self-sufficiency of the Charka Sangh satisfied both these conditions simultaneously and it is also one in which all people can take part. I pray to God that the people of India may attain success in their noble efforts on these solemn days.

FOOD PRODUCTION COMMITTEES

Madras Plans For Self-Sufficiency

MADRAS, Aug. 11 (PTI).—Various measures to accelerate food production to make the Province self-sufficient by 1951 are being actively considered by the Provincial Government.

A sub-committee of the Madras Cabinet consisting of the Premier Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja and the Ministers for Public Works, Agriculture, Finance and Revenue has been formed to deal with the matter.

The formation of Food Production Committees in every district is among the proposals which will come up for the consideration of the Cabinet Sub-Committee on August 13.

Students' Clash At "Quit India" Day Meeting

BERHAMPORE (Bengal), Aug. 10 (PTI): Several students were injured in a clash between supporters of rival students' organisations at a public meeting held here to celebrate "Quit India" day yesterday.

The trouble, it is stated, followed speeches delivered by some students which were resented by others. A scuffle soon ensued between members of the opposing groups and the meeting ended in a pandemonium.

Bedding Tale

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 11 (UPI).—The report appearing in a certain section of the press to the effect that a Minister of Central Provinces and Berar has ordered for a bed worth about Rs. 900 from a furniture shop at Bombay and asked the dealer to despatch the bed by air if wagon space was not available in the Railway, has been authoritatively contradicted.

An official spokesman characterised the report as a canard and invention of an imaginative and disgruntled person with the avowed and apparent object of bringing down the untarnished reputation of the C.P. Government.

WHY AUROBINDO SEEKS SECLUSION

A Rare Interview With Seer-Philosopher

PONDICHERRY, Aug. 11 (PTI).—Under the heading "an hour with Sri Aurobindo", the eighth annual number of "Aurobindo Padamandir" publishers for the first time an interview which an inmate of the Ashram, Dilip Kumar Roy, had with the "seer-philosopher" six years ago, on February 4, 1943, on the prospects of his coming out of seclusion.

Shri Dilip Kumar Roy, ardent disciple of Shri Aurobindo, asked "when are you going to come out"? Shri Aurobindo smiled and answered, "I don't know."

"How do you mean? Surely you must be knowing" insisted Roy.

Shri Aurobindo laughed and added: "Not in the way you know", he said looking intently at Roy. He paused for a split second, and then added tantalisingly: "For I stand no longer on the mental plane. I do not decide from the mind."

"But still", Roy said, "You can't really mean to say that a radiant personality like you will be cooped up in this small roof till the end of time."

"But I told you, things are not predetermined with me", he said in an unruffled voice, "Suffice it to say for the present that I can't do what I have to do if I go on seeing people, etc."

SPIRITUAL FORCE

Dealing with spiritual force Shri Aurobindo said: Spiritual force has its own concreteness. It can take a form —like a stream for instance—of which one is aware and can send it quite concretely on whatever object one chooses. This is a statement of fact about the power inherent in spiritual consciousness. But there is also such a thing as a willed use of any subtle force—it may be spiritual, mental or vital—to secure a particular result at some point in the world. Just as there are waves of unseen physical forces (cosmic waves etc.) or currents of electricity, so there are mind-waves, thought-currents, waves of emotion—for example anger, sorrow, etc.—which go out and affect others without their knowing whence they come or that they come at all. They only feel them coming and invading them. Influences, good or bad, may propagate themselves in that way. That can happen without intention and naturally, but also deliberate use can be made of them. There can also be a purposeful generation of force, spiritual or other. There can be too the use of the effective will or idea acting directly without the aid of anything concrete in that sense, but is all the same effective. These things are not imaginations or delusions or humbug, but true phenomena.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

MORE and still more, uses are being found for the banana. Don't yawn and stop reading further, under the assumption that I must be about to launch on one more discourse about the supplementary food drive. This is something totally different.

It is nothing unusual for Bombay's footpaths to be littered with banana peels. Nor is it unusual for people to slip on them, fall and fracture their limbs. And, whenever we see this happen, we cannot help laughing although it is bad manners to do so, and sometimes it is downright cruelty. But with all your gentlemanliness can you help laughing when a prim lady in a brand new Organdie swims along on her stilt shoes, slips on a banana peel and the inevitable happens?

Slipping on banana peels is almost a universal malady. I remember seeing a picture showing a group of American gangsters who relied entirely on banana peels for their modus operandi. Thanks to the system of third party insurance, they had a fleet of cars heavily insured. They managed to see the cars hurtle pass just when some unsuspecting passerby was slipping on a cleverly planted banana peel. They removed his broken remains to hospital and cashed on it, by making the insurance companies pay.

That is one possible use of bananas, although I do hope no gang of Bombay crooks will take the hint from me to start a similar racket here.

But today I want to draw attention to a mass banana slipping feat which took place only the other day. One banana is enough to make an Organdie-clad lady to slip. How many will be needed to get an 8,000 ton ocean liner on the move?

This is no Quiz column and you needn't start scratching your head, pencil in hand, to work out the figure. I will give it to you. It is contained in a report from Vizagapatam concerning the launching of a Scindia ship the other day. The report said:

"A noteworthy feature about this launching is that about 19,000 bananas together with other greasing materials were used on the launching ways to enable the shin to glide smoothly down the slipway."

Do not raise your hands in outraged surprise. What a wastage of precious food? Was there no other grease? And so on.

You see all the oily stuffs of vegetable origin in the market are needed for Vanaspati. As for cow's fat or hog's grease and such other impure things, in the name of outraged Hindu religion, what are you talking?

'WANTED' REDS FILE NOMINATIONS

MADRAS, Aug. 11 (PTI).—Two "underground" Communists of Nellore, have filed their nominations for the coming district board elections, according to information received here today from the President of the Nellore Congress Committee.

Their nomination forms, it is learnt, have been handed over to the local election officer by the proposers of their candidature.

The two Communists are said to be among persons "wanted" by the Government for detention under the Maintenance of Public Order Act, and warrants of arrests are pending against them.

Their names are: Basava Reddi Sankarayya and V. Kondayya.

PRESERVING MEMORY

MAHATMA'S

Kaka Kalelkar On Plans

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11, (UPI):—"Places which were associated with the memory of Gandhiji on account of his residence, or which formed centres of his principal activities will be either acquired for preservation or some arrangement will be made so that they might be properly preserved. But it is not our intention to acquire any private house where Gandhiji happened to be a guest," said Kaka Saheb Kalelkar, Organiser of the Gandhi Smarak Sangraha Memorial Trust, in the course of an interview with the U.P.I. today.

In some places added Kaka Saheb Kalelkar, they would have to place a marble slab giving the date and time of Gandhiji's stay and significance of the circumstances under which he stayed there. As examples of this, he mentioned the rooms in Sabarmati and Yeravda Jails in which the Government had locked him up.

Kaka Kalelkar said that the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi had decided to build and maintain a Gandhi Museum where relics of Mahatma Gandhi, things of his personal use and the things having historical or sentimental value connected with Mahatma Gandhi, letters, articles and documents written by him or at his dictation, his voice as recorded, photographs, paintings, cartoons etc., of Mahatma Gandhi, all literature in all languages by and about Mahatma Gandhi, will all be collected, preserved and made available to the public.

Plans regarding some events in his life will also be preserved.

Kaka Kalelkar appealed to his countrymen to co-operate with him in collecting photographs of Gandhiji, books by and on Gandhiji, songs and similar other things.

The U.P.I. reliably learns that Prime Minister Pandit Nehru has sent an appeal through the External Affairs Ministry to Indian Ambassadors, Consuls and diplomats abroad to collect books written on Gandhiji in various languages, in various parts of the world and to send them for the Gandhi Museum. Books on Gandhiji written by prominent writers in various languages, namely German, Portuguese, Indonesian, American Spanish, Polish, are understood to have been received already by the Gandhi Smarak Sangraha.

R. S. S. TO JOIN AUGUST 15 CELEBRATIONS

MADRAS, August 11, (U. P. I): The branches of the R.S.S. throughout the country will suspend for one day their routine programme of work on August 15, and the members of the branches will participate in the Independence Day celebrations in their respective places.

The Central Executive of the R.S.S. has issued a directive to the branches to this effect.

NAGPUR: The branches of the Sangh all over the country will pay homage to the state flag on the Independence Day, announces Shri P. B. Dani, Chief Secretary of the R.S.S.

MUTT AND JEFF—If The Fish Dealer Hadda Worn A Wig, Jeff Might Have Fallen For It — By BUD FISHER

YOU KNOW, MIKE, I ADMIRE YOUR HAIR!
YOU DO, EH? WELL, I WAS AS BALD AS YOU ONCE!
YOU WERE? WHAT DID YOU DO?
WELL, I BOUGHT MYSELF A SALT HERRING AN' RUBBED IT ALL OVER ME BEAN!
DID THAT MAKE YOUR HAIR GROW?
WELL, NO, NOT EXACTLY BUT IT MADE 'EM MIGHTY THIRSTY!
AND WHEN THEY CAME OUT FOR A DRINK I WOULD QUICK TIE A KNOT IN 'EM, SO THEY COULDN'T GET BACK!
FISH
SALT HERRING FOR SALE!

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